PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED FEBRUARY 11, 2024

NEW ISSUE NOT BANK QUALIFIED BOOK ENTRY ONLY
MOODY'S RATING "Aga"

In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds (i) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by Section 55 of the Code, (iii) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, and (iv) is not an item of tax preference for Minnesota alternative minimum tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds may, however, be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code), and is included in net income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions. See "Tax Considerations" herein.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA \$19,370,000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A

Dated Date: Date of Delivery (Estimated to be March 11, 2025)

Interest Due: Each February 1 and August 1

Commencing February 1, 2026

<u>Maturity</u> *	<u>Amount</u> *	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Maturity</u> *	<u>Amount</u> *	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Price</u>
2/1/2027	\$1,025,000	%	%		2/1/2037	\$650,000	%	%	
2/1/2028	1,050,000				2/1/2038	675,000			
2/1/2029	1,075,000				2/1/2039	700,000			
2/1/2030	1,110,000				2/1/2040	725,000			
2/1/2031	1,140,000				2/1/2041	750,000			
2/1/2032	1,170,000				2/1/2042	780,000			
2/1/2033	1,215,000				2/1/2043	810,000			
2/1/2034	1,250,000				2/1/2044	840,000			
2/1/2035	1,290,000				2/1/2045	875,000			
2/1/2036	1,335,000				2/1/2046	905,000			

The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A (the "Bonds" or the "Issue") are being issued by the City of Eagan, Minnesota (the "City" or the "Issuer") pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 444 and 475 and Sections 469.1812 through 469.1815, as amended. Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance improvements to the Eagan Community Center, utility improvements, and to pay costs associated with issuance of the Bonds. See *Authority and Purpose* herein for additional information.

The Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the City and are payable from a tax abatement levy, ad valorem taxes, and net revenues of the City's water, sanitary sewer, and storm water utilities. The full faith and credit of the City is also pledged to their payment. In the event of any deficiency in the debt service account established for this Issue, the City has validly obligated itself to levy additional ad valorem taxes upon all of the taxable property within the City, without limitation of amount. See Security/Sources and Uses of Funds herein for additional information.

The Bonds maturing on February 1, 2033 and thereafter are subject to redemption, in whole or in part, on February 1, 2032 and on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest.

Principal due with respect to the Bonds is payable annually on February 1, commencing February 1, 2027. Interest due with respect to the Bonds is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1, commencing February 1, 2026. The Bonds will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York. Individual purchases will be made in book-entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any whole multiple thereof. Purchasers will not receive physical delivery of Bonds. See "Book-Entry System" in *Description of the Bonds* herein for additional information. The Paying Agent/Registrar will be U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Proposals: Tuesday, February 18, 2025 10:30 A.M., Central Time Award: Tuesday, February 18, 2025 6:30 P.M., Central Time

Bids may contain a maturity schedule providing for any combination of serial or term bonds. All term bonds shall be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption and must conform to the maturity schedule set forth above at a price of par plus accrued interest. Bids must be for not less than \$19,176,300 (99.00%) and accrued interest on the total principal amount of the Bonds. Bids will not be subject to cancellation – see "Establishment of Issue Price" in the Notice of Sale herein for additional details. The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. A Good Faith Deposit (the "Deposit") in the amount of \$387,400, in the form of a federal wire transfer payable to the order of the City, will only be required from the apparent winning bidder, and must be received within two hours after the receipt of bids. See Notice of Sale for additional details. Award of the Bonds will be on the basis of True Interest Cost (TIC).

_



^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Daga

	<u>1 ago</u>
SUMMARY OF OFFERING	2
PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS	3
NOTICE OF SALE	4
AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE	14
SECURITY/SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS	14
BONDHOLDERS' RISKS	14
DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS	16
FULL CONTINUING DISCLOSURE	19
UNDERWRITER	
MUNICIPAL ADVISOR	19
FUTURE FINANCING	20
BOND RATING	20
LITIGATION	20
CERTIFICATION	
LEGALITY	
TAX CONSIDERATIONS	
GENERAL INFORMATION	
MINNESOTA VALUATIONS; PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATIONS	
ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
SUMMARY OF DEBT AND DEBT STATISTICS	37
APPENDIX A – FORM OF LEGAL OPINION	
APPENDIX B – CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING	
APPENDIX C – CITY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENT	

THE BONDS ARE OFFERED, SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE, WHEN, AS AND IF ACCEPTED BY THE UNDERWRITER(S) NAMED ON THE FRONT COVER OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT AND SUBJECT TO AN OPINION AS TO VALIDITY OF THE BONDS BY BOND COUNSEL. SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS AND PREVAILING MARKET CONDITIONS, THE UNDERWRITER(S) INTENDS, BUT IS NOT OBLIGATED, TO EFFECT SECONDARY MARKET TRADING FOR THE BONDS. CLOSING DATE IS ESTIMATED TO BE MARCH 11, 2025.

NO PERSON HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERS MADE HEREBY, AND IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE CITY OR THE UNDERWRITER(S). NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT NOR ANY SALE HEREUNDER SHALL UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE CITY SINCE THE DATE HEREOF. THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OR SOLICITATION IN ANY JURISDICTION IN WHICH SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS NOT AUTHORIZED, OR IN WHICH THE PERSON MAKING SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS NOT QUALIFIED TO DO SO, OR TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION. THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE CITY AND OTHER SOURCES WHICH ARE BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE, BUT IT IS NOT GUARANTEED AS TO ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS BY, AND IS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS A REPRESENTATION BY, THE UNDERWRITER(S).

WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15C2-12, THE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT IS DEEMED FINAL BY THE ISSUER AS OF ITS DATE AND IS ACCURATE AND COMPLETE IN ALL MATERIAL RESPECTS, EXCEPT FOR THE OMISSION OF THE OFFERING PRICE(S), INTEREST RATE(S), SELLING COMPENSATION, AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT, PRINCIPAL AMOUNT PER MATURITY, DELIVERY DATE, RATING(S), OTHER TERMS OF THE ISSUE DEPENDING ON SUCH MATTERS, AND THE IDENTITY OF THE UNDERWRITER(S).

SUMMARY OF OFFERING

City of Eagan, Minnesota \$19,370,000 *

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A

(Book-Entry Only)

AMOUNT -\$19,370,000

ISSUER -City of Eagan, Minnesota (the "City" or the "Issuer")

AWARD DATE -February 18, 2025

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR -Northland Securities, Inc. (the "Municipal Advisor"), 150 South 5th Street, Suite 3300, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402,

telephone: 612-851-5900 or 800-851-2920

TYPE OF ISSUE -General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A (the "Bonds" or the "Issue")

AUTHORITY, PURPOSE

& SECURITY -The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A (the "Bonds") are being issued by the City of Eagan, Minnesota (the

"City") pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 444 and 475 and Sections 469.1812 through 469.1815, as amended. Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance improvements to the Eagan Community Center, utility improvements, and to pay costs associated with issuance of the Bonds. The Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the City and are payable from a tax abatement levy, ad valorem taxes, and net revenues of the City's water, sanitary sewer, and storm water utilities. The full faith and credit of the City is also pledged to their payment. In the event of any deficiency in the debt service account established for this Issue, the City has validly obligated itself to levy additional ad valorem taxes upon all of the taxable property within the City, without limitation of amount. See Authority and Purpose as well

as Security/Sources and Uses of Funds herein for additional information.

DATE OF ISSUE -Date of Delivery (Estimated to be March 11, 2025)

INTEREST PAID -Semiannually on each February 1 and August 1, commencing February 1, 2026, to registered owners of the Bonds

appearing of record in the bond register as of the close of business on the fifteenth day (whether or not a business day)

of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date (the "Record Date").

MATURITIES* -

2/1/2027	\$1,025,000	2/1/2032	\$1,170,000	2/1/2037	\$650,000	2/1/2042	\$780,000
2/1/2028	1,050,000	2/1/2033	1,215,000	2/1/2038	675,000	2/1/2043	810,000
2/1/2029	1,075,000	2/1/2034	1,250,000	2/1/2039	700,000	2/1/2044	840,000
2/1/2030	1,110,000	2/1/2035	1,290,000	2/1/2040	725,000	2/1/2045	875,000
2/1/2031	1,140,000	2/1/2036	1,335,000	2/1/2041	750,000	2/1/2046	905,000

REDEMPTION -The Bonds maturing on February 1, 2033 and thereafter are subject to redemption, in whole or in part, on February 1,

2032 and on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest. See Description of the Bonds herein for additional

BOOK-ENTRY -The Bonds will be issued as fully registered and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee

of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, to which principal and interest payments will be made. Individual purchases will be made in book-entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any whole multiple

thereof. Purchasers will not receive physical delivery of the Bonds.

PAYING AGENT/REGISTRAR -U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, St. Paul, Minnesota

TAX DESIGNATIONS -NOT Private Activity Bonds - The Bonds are not "private activity bonds" as defined in Section 141 of the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

Not Bank Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations - The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of

Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minneapolis, Minnesota ("Bond Counsel") LEGAL OPINION -

BOND RATING -The City received an underlying rating of "Aaa" from Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"). See Bond Rating

herein for additional information.

CLOSING -Estimated to be March 11, 2025

PRIMARY CONTACTS -Josh Feldman, Director of Finance, City of Eagan, Minnesota 651-675-5019

Tammy Omdal, Managing Director, Northland Securities, Inc., 612-851-4964 Jessica Green, Managing Director, Northland Securities, Inc., 612-851-5930

-2-

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA

PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS

Elected Officials	City Council		
<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>	
Mike Maguire	Mayor	12/31/2026	
Paul Bakken	Council Member	12/31/2026	
Cyndee Fields	Council Member	12/31/2028	
Gary Hansen	Council Member	12/31/2026	
Mike Supina	Council Member	12/31/2028	
Primary Contacts			
Dianne Miller	City Administrator		
Josh Feldman	Director of Finance		

BOND COUNSEL

Dorsey & Whitney LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Northland Securities, Inc. Minneapolis, Minnesota

NOTICE OF SALE

\$19,370,000* GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2025A

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA (Book-Entry Only)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that these Bonds will be offered for sale according to the following terms:

TIME AND PLACE:

Proposals (also referred to herein as "bids") will be opened by the City's Director of Finance, or designee, on Tuesday, February 18, 2025, at 10:30 A.M., CT, at the offices of Northland Securities, Inc. (the City's "Municipal Advisor"), 150 South 5th Street, Suite 3300, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402. Consideration of the Proposals for award of the sale will be by the City Council at its meeting at the City Offices beginning Tuesday, February 18, 2025 at 6:30 P.M., CT.

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

Proposals may be:

- a) submitted to the office of Northland Securities, Inc.,
- b) emailed to PublicSale@northlandsecurities.com
- c) for proposals submitted prior to the sale, the final price and coupon rates may be submitted to Northland Securities, Inc. by telephone at 612-851-5900 or 612-851-5915, or
- d) submitted electronically.

Notice is hereby given that electronic proposals will be received via PARITY[™], or its successor, in the manner described below, until 10:30 A.M., CT, on Tuesday, February 18, 2025. Proposals may be submitted electronically via PARITY[™] or its successor, pursuant to this Notice until 10:30 A.M., CT, but no Proposal will be received after the time for receiving Proposals specified above. To the extent any instructions or directions set forth in PARITY[™], or its successor, conflict with this Notice, the terms of this Notice shall control. For further information about PARITY[™], or its successor, potential bidders may contact Northland Securities, Inc. or i-Deal[®] at 1359 Broadway, 2nd floor, New York, NY 10018, telephone 212-849-5021.

Neither the City nor Northland Securities, Inc. assumes any liability if there is a malfunction of PARITY^m or its successor. All bidders are advised that each Proposal shall be deemed to constitute a contract between the bidder and the City to purchase the Bonds regardless of the manner in which the Proposal is submitted.

BOOK-ENTRY SYSTEM

The Bonds will be issued by means of a book-entry system with no physical distribution of bond certificates made to the public. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form and one bond certificate, representing the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds maturing in each year, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. as nominee of Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, which will act as securities depository of the Bonds.

^{*} The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds. Any such increase or decrease will be made in multiples of \$5,000 and may be made in any maturity. If any maturity is adjusted, the purchase price will also be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread.

Individual purchases of the Bonds may be made in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any multiple thereof of a single maturity through book entries made on the books and records of DTC and its participants. Principal and interest are payable by the City through U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, St. Paul, Minnesota (the "Paying Agent/Registrar"), to DTC, or its nominee as registered owner of the Bonds. Transfer of principal and interest payments to participants of DTC will be the responsibility of DTC; transfer of principal and interest payments to beneficial owners by participants will be the responsibility of such participants and other nominees of beneficial owners. The successful bidder, as a condition of delivery of the Bonds, will be required to deposit the bond certificates with DTC. The City will pay reasonable and customary charges for the services of the Paying Agent/Registrar.

DATE OF ORIGINAL ISSUE OF BONDS

Date of Delivery (Estimated to be March 11, 2025)

AUTHORITY/PURPOSE/SECURITY

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 444 and 475 and Sections 469.1812 through 469.1815, as amended. Proceeds will be used to finance improvements to the Eagan Community Center, utility improvements, and to pay the costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. The Bonds are payable from a tax abatement levy, water, sanitary sewer, and storm water utility revenues and additionally secured by ad valorem taxes on all taxable property within the City. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged to their payment and the City has validly obligated itself to levy ad valorem taxes in the event of any deficiency in the debt service account established for this issue.

INTEREST PAYMENTS

Interest is due semiannually on each February 1 and August 1, commencing February 1, 2026, to registered owners of the Bonds appearing of record in the Bond Register as of the close of business on the fifteenth day (whether or not a business day) of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date.

MATURITIES

Principal is due annually on February 1, inclusive, in each of the years and amounts as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2027	\$1,025,000	2034	\$1,250,000	2041	\$750,000
2028	1,050,000	2035	1,290,000	2042	780,000
2029	1,075,000	2036	1,335,000	2043	810,000
2030	1,110,000	2037	650,000	2044	840,000
2031	1,140,000	2038	675,000	2045	875,000
2032	1,170,000	2039	700,000	2046	905,000
2033	1,215,000	2040	725,000		

Proposals for the Bonds may contain a maturity schedule providing for any combination of serial bonds and term bonds, subject to mandatory redemption, so long as the amount of principal maturing or subject to mandatory redemption in each year conforms to the maturity schedule set forth above.

INTEREST RATES

All rates must be in integral multiples of 1/20th or 1/8th of 1%. The rate for any maturity may not be more than 2.00% less than the rate for any preceding maturity. All Bonds of the same maturity must bear a single uniform rate from date of issue to maturity.

ESTABLISHMENT OF ISSUE PRICE (HOLD-THE-OFFERING-PRICE RULE MAY APPLY – BIDS NOT CANCELLABLE)

In order to establish the issue price of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, the Issuer requires bidders to agree to the following, and by submitting a bid, each bidder agrees to the following.

If a bid is submitted by a potential underwriter, the bidder confirms that (i) the underwriters have offered or reasonably expect to offer the Bonds to the public on or before the date of the award at the offering price (the "initial offering price") for each maturity as set forth in the bid and (ii) the bidder, if it is the winning bidder, shall require any agreement among underwriters, selling group agreement, retail distribution agreement or other agreement relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the public to which it is a party to include provisions requiring compliance by all parties to such agreements with the provisions contained herein. For purposes hereof, Bonds with a separate CUSIP number constitute a separate "maturity," and the public does not include underwriters of the Bonds (including members of a selling group or retail distribution group) or persons related to underwriters of the Bonds.

If, however, a bid is submitted for the bidder's own account in a capacity other than as an underwriter of the Bonds, and the bidder has no current intention to sell, reoffer, or otherwise dispose of the Bonds, the bidder shall notify the Issuer to that effect at the time it submits its bid and shall provide a certificate to that effect in place of the certificate otherwise required below.

If the winning bidder intends to act as an underwriter, the Issuer shall advise the winning bidder at or prior to the time of award whether (i) the competitive sale rule or (ii) the "hold-the-offering price" rule applies, as described in the following paragraph.

If the Issuer advises the winning bidder that the requirements for a competitive sale have not been satisfied and that the hold-the-offering price rule applies, the winning bidder shall (1) upon the request of the Issuer confirm that the underwriters did not offer or sell any maturity of the Bonds to any person at a price higher than the initial offering price of that maturity during the period starting on the award date and ending on the earlier of (a) the close of the fifth business day after the sale date or (b) the date on which the underwriters have sold at least 10% of that maturity to the public at or below the initial offering price; and (2) at or prior to closing, deliver to the Issuer a certification substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, together with a copy of the pricing wire.

If the Issuer advises the winning bidder that the requirements for a competitive sale have been satisfied and that the competitive sale rule applies, the winning bidder will be required to deliver to the Issuer at or prior to closing a certification, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B, as to the reasonably expected initial offering price as of the award date.

Any action to be taken or documentation to be received by the Issuer pursuant hereto may be taken or received on behalf of the Issuer by the Municipal Advisor.

Bidders should prepare their bids on the assumption that the Bonds will be subject to the "hold-the-offering-price" rule. Any bid submitted pursuant to the Notice of Sale shall be considered a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, and bids submitted will not be subject to cancellation or withdrawal.

ADJUSTMENTS TO PRINCIPAL AMOUNT AFTER PROPOSALS

The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds. Any such increase or decrease will be made in multiples of \$5,000 and may be made in any maturity. If any maturity is adjusted, the purchase price will also be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread. Such adjustments shall be made promptly after the sale and prior to the award of Proposals by the City and shall be at the sole discretion of the City. The successful bidder may not withdraw or modify its Proposal once submitted to the City for any reason, including post-sale adjustment. Any adjustment shall be conclusive and shall be binding upon the successful bidder.

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

Bonds maturing on February 1, 2033 through 2046 are subject to redemption and prepayment at the option of the City on February 1, 2032 and any date thereafter, at a price of par plus accrued interest. Redemption may be in whole or in part of the Bonds subject to prepayment. If redemption is in part, the maturities and principal amounts within each maturity to be redeemed shall be determined by the City and if only part of the Bonds having a common maturity date are called for prepayment, the specific Bonds to be prepaid shall be chosen by lot by the Bond Registrar.

CUSIP NUMBERS

If the Bonds qualify for assignment of CUSIP numbers such numbers will be printed on the Bonds, but neither the failure to print such numbers on any Bond nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the successful bidder thereof to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with terms of the purchase contract. The CUSIP Service Bureau charge for the assignment of CUSIP identification numbers shall be paid by the successful bidder.

DELIVERY

Delivery of the Bonds will be within thirty days after award, subject to an approving legal opinion by Dorsey and Whitney, LLP, Bond Counsel. The legal opinion will be paid by the City and delivery will be anywhere in the continental United States without cost to the successful bidder at DTC.

TYPE OF PROPOSAL

Proposals of not less than \$19,176,300 (99.00%) and accrued interest on the principal sum of \$19,370,000 must be filed with the undersigned prior to the time of sale. Proposals must be unconditional except as to legality. Proposals for the Bonds should be delivered to Northland Securities, Inc. and addressed to:

Josh Feldman, Director of Finance 3830 Pilot Knob Road Eagan, Minnesota 55122

A good faith deposit (the "Deposit") in the amount of \$387,400 in the form of a federal wire transfer (payable to the order of the City) is only required from the apparent winning bidder, and must be received within two hours after the time stated for the receipt of Proposals. The apparent winning bidder will receive notification of the wire instructions from the Municipal Advisor promptly after the sale. If the Deposit is not received from the apparent winning bidder in the time allotted, the City may choose to reject their Proposal and then proceed to offer the Bonds to the next lowest bidder based on the terms of their original proposal, so long as said bidder wires funds for the Deposit amount within two hours of said offer.

The City will retain the Deposit of the successful bidder, the amount of which will be deducted at settlement and no interest will accrue to the successful bidder. In the event the successful bidder fails to comply with the accepted Proposal, said amount will be retained by the City. No Proposal can be withdrawn after the time set for receiving Proposals unless the meeting of the City scheduled for award of the Bonds is adjourned, recessed, or continued to another date without award of the Bonds having been made.

AWARD

The Bonds will be awarded on the basis of the lowest interest rate to be determined on a true interest cost (TIC) basis. The City's computation of the interest rate of each Proposal, in accordance with customary practice, will be controlling. In the event of a tie, the sale of the Bonds will be awarded by lot. The City will reserve the right to: (i) waive non-substantive informalities of any Proposal or of matters relating to the receipt of Proposals and award of the Bonds, (ii) reject all Proposals without cause, and (iii) reject any Proposal which the City determines to have failed to comply with the terms herein.

INFORMATION FROM SUCCESSFUL BIDDER

The successful bidder will be required to provide, in a timely manner, certain information relating to the initial offering price of the Bonds necessary to compute the yield on the Bonds pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

By awarding the Bonds to any underwriter or underwriting syndicate submitting a Proposal therefor, the City agrees that, no more than seven business days after the date of such award, it shall provide to the senior managing underwriter of the syndicate to which the Bonds are awarded, the Final Official Statement in an electronic format as prescribed by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB).

FULL CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING

The City will covenant in the resolution awarding the sale of the Bonds to provide, or cause to be provided, annual financial information, including audited financial statements of the City, and notices of certain material events, as required by SEC Rule 15c2-12.

NOT BANK QUALIFIED

The Bonds are not qualified tax-exempt obligations for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

BOND INSURANCE AT UNDERWRITER'S OPTION

If the Bonds qualify for issuance of any policy of municipal bond insurance or commitment therefor at the option of the successful bidder, the purchase of any such insurance policy or the issuance of any such commitment shall be at the sole option and expense of the successful bidder of the Bonds. Any increase in the costs of issuance of the Bonds resulting from such purchase of insurance shall be paid by the successful bidder, except that, if the City has requested and received a rating on the Bonds from a rating agency, the City will pay that rating fee. Any other rating agency fees shall be the responsibility of the successful bidder. Failure of the municipal bond insurer to issue the policy after the Bonds have been awarded to the successful bidder shall not constitute cause for failure or refusal by the successful bidder to accept delivery on the Bonds.

The City reserves the right to reject any and all Proposals, to waive informalities and to adjourn the sale.

BY ORDER OF THE EAGAN CITY COUNCIL

/s/ Josh Feldman Director of Finance

Additional information may be obtained from: Northland Securities, Inc. 150 South 5th Street, Suite 3300 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402 Telephone No.: 612-851-5900

Dated: December 17, 2024

EXHIBIT A

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE – COMPETITIVE SALES WITH AT LEAST THREE BIDS FROM ESTABLISHED UNDERWRITERS

\$[PRINCIPAL AMOUNT] [BOND CAPTION] ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, on behalf of [NAME OF UNDERWRITER] ("[SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER]"), hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale of the obligations named above (the "Bonds").

1. Reasonably Expected Initial Offering Price.

- (a) As of the Sale Date, the reasonably expected initial offering prices of the Bonds to the Public by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] are the prices listed in Schedule A (the "Expected Offering Prices"). The Expected Offering Prices are the prices for the Maturities of the Bonds used by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds. Attached as Schedule B is a true and correct copy of the bid provided by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] to purchase the Bonds.
- (b) [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] was not given the opportunity to review other bids prior to submitting its bid.
- (c) The bid submitted by [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER] constituted a firm offer to purchase the Bonds.
 - 2. **Defined Terms**. For purposes of this Issue Price Certificate:
 - (a) *Issuer* means [DESCRIBE ISSUER].
- (b) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Any Bonds with different maturity dates, or with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
- (c) Member of the Distribution Group means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).
- (d) Public means any person (i.e., an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than a Member of the Distribution Group or a related party to a Member of the Distribution Group. A person is a "related party" to a Member of the Distribution Group if the Member of the Distribution Group and that person are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) at least 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other).
- (e) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of the respective Maturity. The Sale Date of each Maturity was [DATE].

The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER]'s interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder. The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer[and BORROWER (the "Borrower")] with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the [Tax Certificate][Tax Exemption Agreement] and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by [BOND COUNSEL] in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038[-G][-GC][-TC], and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer[and the Borrower] from time to time relating to the Bonds.

	[UNDERWRITER]	
	By:	
	Name:	
Dated: [ISSUE DATE]		

ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE – COMPETITIVE SALES WITH FEWER THAN THREE BIDS FROM ESTABLISHED UNDERWRITERS

\$[PRINCIPAL AMOUNT] [BOND CAPTION] ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, on behalf of [NAME OF UNDERWRITER/REPRESENTATIVE] (["[SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER]")][the "Representative")][, on behalf of itself and [NAMES OF OTHER UNDERWRITERS] (together, the "Underwriting Group"),] hereby certifies as set forth below with respect to the sale of the obligations named above (the "Bonds").

- 1. **Initial Offering Price of the Bonds**. [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER][The Underwriting Group] offered the Bonds to the Public for purchase at the specified initial offering prices listed in Schedule A (the "Initial Offering Prices") on or before the Sale Date. A copy of the pricing wire for the Bonds is attached to this certificate as Schedule B.
- 2. Hold the Offering Price Rule. [SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER][Each member of the Underwriting Group] has agreed in writing that, (i) for each Maturity, it would neither offer nor sell any of the Bonds of such Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity during the Holding Period for such Maturity (the "Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule"), and (ii) any agreement among underwriters, selling group agreement, or third-party distribution agreement contains the agreement of each underwriter, dealer, or broker-dealer who is a party to such agreement to comply with the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule. Based on the [Representative][SHORT NAME OF UNDERWRITER]'s own knowledge and, in the case of sales by other Members of the Distribution Group, representations obtained from the other Members of the Distribution Group, no Member of the Distribution Group has offered or sold any such Maturity at a price that is higher than the respective Initial Offering Price during the respective Holding Period.
 - 3. **Defined Terms**. For purposes of this Issue Price Certificate:
- (a) Holding Period means the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date ([DATE]), or (ii) the date on which Members of the Distribution Group have sold at least 10% of such Maturity to the Public at one or more prices, none of which is higher than the Initial Offering Price for such Maturity.
 - (b) *Issuer* means [DESCRIBE ISSUER].
- (c) *Maturity* means Bonds with the same credit and payment terms. Any Bonds with different maturity dates, or with the same maturity date but different stated interest rates, are treated as separate Maturities.
- (d) Member of the Distribution Group means (i) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (i) of this paragraph to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public).
- (e) Public means any person (i.e., an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than a Member of the Distribution Group or a related party to a Member of the Distribution Group. A person is a "related party" to a Member of the Distribution Group if the Member of the Distribution Group and that person are subject, directly or indirectly, to (i) at least 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (ii) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (iii) more than 50% common ownership

of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other).

(f) Sale Date means the first day on which there is a binding contract in writing for the sale of the respective Maturity. The Sale Date of each Maturity was [DATE].

The representations set forth in this certificate are limited to factual matters only. Nothing in this certificate represents [NAME OF UNDERWRITING FIRM][the Representative's] interpretation of any laws, including specifically Sections 103 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations thereunder. The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer[and BORROWER (the "Borrower")] with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the [Tax Certificate][Tax Exemption Agreement] and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by [BOND COUNSEL] in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038[-G][-GC][-TC], and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer[and the Borrower] from time to time relating to the Bonds.

	[UNDERWRITER][REPRESENTATIVE]
	By: Name:
Dated: [ISSUE DATE]	

AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

The General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A (the "Bonds" or the "Issue") are being issued by the City of Eagan, Minnesota (the "City") pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 444 and 475 and Sections 469.1812 through 469.1815, as amended. Proceeds from issuance of the Bonds will be used to finance improvements to the Eagan Community Center, utility improvements, and to pay costs associated with issuance of the Bonds.

SECURITY/SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

Security

The Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the City and are payable from a tax abatement levy, ad valorem taxes, and net revenues of the City's water, sanitary sewer, and storm water utilities. The full faith and credit of the City is also pledged to their payment. In the event of any deficiency in the debt service account established for this Issue, the City has validly obligated itself to levy additional ad valorem taxes upon all of the taxable property within the City, without limitation of amount.

Sources and Uses of Funds

Following are the sources and uses of funds in connection with the issuance of the Bonds.

Sources of Funds \$ 19,370,000* Par Amount of Bonds **ARPA Funds** 1,200,000 Total Sources of Funds: \$ 20,570,000 Uses of Funds Deposit to Project Fund \$ 19,850,000 Capitalized Interest 408,533 Costs of Issuance/Underwriter's Discount 310,820 Rounding Amount 647

BONDHOLDERS' RISKS

\$ 20,570,000

An investment in the Bonds involves an element of risk. In order to identify risk factors and make an informed investment decision, potential investors should be thoroughly familiar with this entire Official Statement (including the appendices hereto) in order to make a judgment as to whether the Bonds are an appropriate investment.

Secondary Market

Total Uses of Funds:

There can be no guarantee that there will be a secondary market for the Bonds or, if a secondary market exists, that such Bonds can be sold for any particular price. Occasionally, because of general market conditions or because of adverse history of economic prospects connected with a particular issue, any secondary marketing practices in connection with a particular bond issue are suspended or terminated. Additionally, prices of bond issues for which a market is being made will depend upon then prevailing circumstances. Such prices could be substantially different from the original purchase price of the Bonds.

-

^{*} Preliminary, subject to change.

Ratings Loss

Moody's Investors Service has assigned a rating of "Aaa" to the Bonds. Generally, a rating agency bases its rating on the information and materials furnished to it and on investigations, studies and assumptions of its own. There is no assurance that the rating will continue for any given period of time, or that such rating will not be revised, suspended or withdrawn, if, in the judgment of Moody's, circumstances so warrant. A revision, suspension or withdrawal of a rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

Additional regulation of rating agencies could materially alter the methodology, rating levels, and types of ratings available, for example, and these changes, if ever, could materially affect the market value of the Bonds.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Official Statement contains statements relating to future results that are "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Official Statement, the words "estimate," "forecast," "intend," "expect" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement is subject to uncertainty. Accordingly, such statements are subject to risks that could cause actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Inevitably, some assumptions used to develop forward-looking statements will not be realized or unanticipated events and circumstances may occur. Therefore, investors should be aware that there are likely to be differences between forward-looking statements and the actual results. These differences could be material and could impact the availability of funds of the Issuer to pay debt service when due on the Bonds.

Tax Exemption and Loss of Tax Exemption

If the federal government or the State of Minnesota taxes all or a portion of the interest on municipal obligations, directly or indirectly, or if there is a change in federal or state tax policy, the value of the Bonds may fall for purposes of resale. Noncompliance following the issuance of the Bonds with certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and post-issuance tax covenants of the Issuer may result in the inclusion of interest on the Bonds in gross income of the recipient for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, estates or trusts for State of Minnesota income tax purposes. No provision has been made for redemption of the Bonds, or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds, in the event that interest on the Bonds becomes subject to federal or State of Minnesota income taxation, retroactive to the date of issuance.

It is also possible that actions of the Issuer after the closing of the Bonds will alter the tax status of the Bonds, and, in the extreme, remove the tax exempt status from the Bonds. In that instance, the Bonds are not subject to mandatory prepayment, and the interest rate on the Bonds does not increase or otherwise reset.

Pending Federal and State Tax Legislation

From time to time, there is State legislation proposed, as well as Presidential proposals, proposals of various federal committees, and legislative proposals pending in Congress that could, if enacted, alter or amend one or more of the federal or state tax matters described herein in certain respects or would adversely affect the market value of the Bonds or otherwise prevent holders of the Bonds from realizing the full benefit of the tax exemption of interest on the Bonds. Further, such proposals may impact the marketability or market value of the Bonds simply by being proposed. It cannot be predicted whether or in what forms any of such proposals, either pending or that may be introduced, may be enacted and there can be no assurance that such proposals will not apply to the Bonds. In addition, regulatory actions are from time to time announced or proposed, and litigation threatened or commenced, which if implemented or concluded in a particular manner, could adversely affect the market value, marketability or tax status of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether any such regulatory action will be implemented, how any particular litigation or judicial action will be resolved, or whether the Bonds would be impacted thereby.

Tax Levy Procedures

The Bonds are general obligations of the Issuer, payable from and secured by a continuing ad valorem tax levied against all of the property valuation within the Issuer. A failure on the part of the Issuer to make a timely levy

request or a levy request by the Issuer that is inaccurate or is insufficient to make full payments of the debt service of the Bonds for a particular fiscal year may cause Bondholders to experience delay in the receipt of distributions of principal of and/or interest on the Bonds. In the event of a default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, there is no provision for acceleration of maturity of the principal of the Bonds. Consequently, the remedies of the owners of the Bonds (consisting primarily of an action in the nature of mandamus requiring the Issuer and certain other public officials to perform the terms of the resolution for the Bonds) may have to be enforced from year to year.

Factors Beyond Issuer's Control

A combination of epidemic, pandemic, economic, climatic, political or civil disruptions outside of the control of the Issuer, including loss of major taxpayers or major employers, could affect the local economy and result in reduced tax collections and/or increased demands upon local governments. Real or perceived threats to the financial stability of the Issuer may have an adverse effect on the value of the Bonds in the secondary market. State of Minnesota cash flow problems could also affect local governments, including reductions in, or delayed payments of, local government state aid (LGA) and possibly increase Issuer property taxes.

Cybersecurity

The Issuer, like many other public and private entities, relies on a large and complex technology environment to conduct its operations. As such, it may face multiple cybersecurity threats including, but not limited to, hacking, viruses, malware and other attacks on computer or other sensitive digital systems and networks. There can be no assurances that any security and operational control measures implemented by the Issuer will be completely successful to guard against and prevent cyber threats and attacks. The result of any such attacks could impact business operations and/or digital networks and systems and the costs of remedying any such damage could be significant.

Suitability of Investment

The interest rate borne by the Bonds is intended to compensate the investor for assuming the risk of investing in the Bonds. Each prospective investor should carefully examine this Official Statement and its own financial condition to make a judgment as to its ability to bear the economic risk of such an investment, and whether or not the Bonds are an appropriate investment for such investor.

Summary

The foregoing is intended only as a summary of certain risk factors attendant to an investment in the Bonds. In order for potential investors to identify risk factors and make an informed investment decision, potential investors should become thoroughly familiar with this entire Official Statement and the Appendices hereto.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS

Details of Certain Terms

The Bonds will be dated, as originally issued, as of the date of delivery (estimated to be March 11, 2025), and will be issued as fully registered Bonds in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Principal, including mandatory redemptions on the Bonds, if applicable, will be payable annually February 1, commencing February 1, 2027. Interest on the Bonds will be payable semiannually on each February 1 and August 1, commencing February 1, 2026. The Bonds when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. (the "Registered Holder"), as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), the initial custodian for the Bonds, to which principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made so long as Cede & Co. is the Registered Holder of the Bonds. See "Book-Entry System" in *Description of the Bonds* herein for additional information. So long as the Book-Entry Only System is used, individual purchases of the Bonds will be made in book-entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof ("Authorized Denominations"). Individual purchasers ("Beneficial Owners") of the Bonds will not receive physical delivery of bond certificates, and

registration, exchange, transfer, tender and redemption of the Bonds with respect to Beneficial Owners shall be governed by the Book-Entry Only System.

So long as the Book-Entry Only System is used, payments from Cede & Co., as the Registered Holder, to the Beneficial Owners shall be governed by the Book-Entry Only System. If the Book-Entry Only System is discontinued, the principal of and premium, if any, on the Bonds will be payable upon presentation and surrender at the offices of the Paying Agent and Bond Registrar or a duly appointed successor. Interest on the Bonds will be paid by check or draft mailed by the Bond Registrar to the registered holders thereof as such appear on the registration books maintained by the Bond Registrar as of the close of business on the fifteenth day (whether or not a business day) of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date (the "Record Date").

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

So long as the Book-Entry Only System is used, payments from Cede & Co., as the Registered Holder, to the Beneficial Owners shall be governed by the Book-Entry Only System. If the Book-Entry Only System is discontinued, the Bonds may be transferred upon surrender of the Bonds at the principal office of the Bond Registrar, duly endorsed for transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the registered owner or his or her attorney duly authorized in writing. The Bonds, upon surrender thereof at the principal office of the Bond Registrar, may also be exchanged for other Bonds of the same series, of any authorized denominations having the same form, terms, interest rates and maturities as the Bonds being exchanged. The Bond Registrar will require the payment by the Bond holder requesting such exchange or transfer of any tax or governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer. The Bond Registrar is not required to (i) issue, transfer or exchange any Bond during a period beginning at the opening of business fifteen days before any selection of Bonds of a particular stated maturity for redemption in accordance with the provisions of the Bond resolution and ending on the day of the first mailing of the relevant notice of redemption or (ii) to transfer any Bonds or portion thereof selected for redemption.

Optional Redemption

Bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2033, are subject to redemption and prepayment at the option of the City, in whole or in part, in such order of maturity dates as the City may select and, within a maturity, by lot as selected by the Registrar (or, if applicable, by the bond depository in accordance with its customary procedures) in integral multiples of \$5,000, on February 1, 2032, and on any date thereafter, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof and accrued interest to the date of redemption. The City Clerk is required to cause notice of the call for redemption thereof to be published if and as required by law, and at least thirty (30) and not more than sixty (60) days prior to the designated redemption date, and is required to cause notice of call for redemption to be mailed, by first class mail, to the Registrar and registered holders of any Bonds to be redeemed at their addresses as they appear on the Bond Register; provided that notice must be given to any securities depository in accordance with its operational arrangements. No defect in or failure to give such notice of redemption will affect the validity of proceedings for the redemption of any Bond not affected by such defect or failure. Official notice of redemption having been given as aforesaid, the Bonds or portions of Bonds so to be redeemed will, on the redemption date, become due and payable at the redemption price therein specified and from and after such date (unless the City shall default in the payment of the redemption price) such Bonds or portions of Bonds shall cease to bear interest. Upon partial redemption of any Bond, a new Bond or Bonds will be delivered to the owner without charge, representing the remaining principal amount outstanding.

Book-Entry System

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds (the "Bonds"). The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered certificate will be issued for the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal

Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.6 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtcc.org.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bonds ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not affect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of

such Participant and not of DTC, Agent, or the City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, certificates for the Bonds are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, certificates for the Bonds will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the City believes to be reliable, but the City of Eagan takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

FULL CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriter(s) in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule"), pursuant to a resolution awarding the Issue, the City will covenant for the benefit of holders of the Bonds to annually provide certain financial and operating data, relating to the City to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") in an electronic format prescribed by the MSRB, and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain events enumerated in the Rule to the MSRB (the "Undertaking"). The specific nature of the Undertaking, as well as the information to be contained in the annual report or the notices of material events is set forth in in substantially the same form attached hereto as Appendix B.

To the best of its knowledge, the City has never failed to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings under the Rule to provide annual reports or notices of material events within the past five years. A failure by the City to comply with the Certificate will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds (although holders will have an enforceable right to specific performance). Nevertheless, such a failure must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price. Please see *Appendix B – Continuing Disclosure Undertaking* herein for additional information.

The City has implemented disclosure policies and procedures to be followed by the City in relation to the financial disclosures and reportable events for which the City must provide notice to the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access system. The City has retained a Dissemination Agent for its continuing disclosure filings.

UNDERWRITER

The Bonds are being purchased by	(the "Underwriter") at a purchase	price of \$, which is the par
amount of the Bonds of \$	less the Underwriter's discount of \$	_, plus the	original issue premium of
\$			

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

The City has retained Northland Securities, Inc. as municipal advisor (the "Municipal Advisor") in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. Northland Securities, Inc. is registered as a municipal advisor with both the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB). In preparing the Official Statement, the Municipal Advisor has relied upon governmental officials, and other sources that have access to relevant data to provide accurate information for the Official Statement, and the Municipal Advisor has not been engaged, nor has it undertaken, to independently verify the accuracy of such information. The Municipal Advisor is not a public accounting firm and has not been engaged by the City to compile, review, examine or audit any information in the Official Statement in accordance with accounting standards.

Northland Securities, Inc., is a subsidiary of Northland Capital Holdings, Inc. First National of Nebraska, Inc., is the parent company of Northland Capital Holdings, Inc. and First National Bank of Omaha.

FUTURE FINANCING

The City does not anticipate the need to issue any additional general obligation debt within the next three months.

BOND RATING

The City received an underlying rating of "Aaa" from Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"). No application was made to any other rating agency for the purpose of obtaining an additional rating on the Bonds. This rating reflects only the opinion of Moody's and any explanation of the significance of this rating may be obtained only from Moody's. There is no assurance that a rating will continue for any given period of time, or that such rating will not be revised or withdrawn, if in the judgment of Moody's, circumstances so warrant. A revision or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. This rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the Bonds, and such rating may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the rating agency.

LITIGATION

As of the date of this Official Statement, the City is not aware of any threatened or pending litigation that questions the organization or boundaries of the City or the right of any of its officers to their respective offices or in any manner questioning their rights and power to execute and deliver the Bonds or otherwise questioning the validity of the Bonds.

CERTIFICATION

The City will furnish a statement to the effect that this Official Statement to the best of its knowledge and belief, as of the date of sale and the date of delivery, is true and correct in all material respects, and does not contain any untrue statements of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

The City has always promptly met all payments of principal and interest on its indebtedness when due.

LEGALITY

Legal matters incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds are subject to the approving opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Minneapolis, Minnesota ("Bond Counsel") as to validity and tax exemption. A copy of such opinion will be available at the time of the delivery of the Bonds. See *Appendix A – Form of Legal Opinion*.

Bond Counsel has not participated in the preparation of this Official Statement and is not passing upon its accuracy, completeness or sufficiency. Bond Counsel has not examined, nor attempted to examine, or verify, any of the financial or statistical statements or data contained in this Official Statement, and will express no opinion with respect thereto.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal and Minnesota income tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership, and disposition of the Bonds. This summary is based on the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial decisions, and published rulings and administrative pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. Any such change could adversely affect the matters discussed below, including the tax exemption of interest on the Bonds. The City has not sought and will not seek any rulings from the IRS regarding the matters discussed below, and there can be no assurance the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position regarding these matters.

Prospective purchasers of Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to applicable federal, state, and local tax rules, and any pending or proposed legislation or regulatory or administrative actions, relating to the Bonds based on their own particular circumstances.

This summary is for general information only and is not intended to constitute a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the purchase, ownership, and disposition of Bonds. It does not address the application of the alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers and applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Cods) or the additional tax on net investment income, nor does it address the U.S. federal estate and gift tax or any state, local, or non-U.S. tax consequences except with respect to Minnesota income tax to the extent expressly specified herein. This summary is limited to consequences to U.S. holders that purchase the Bonds for cash at original issue and hold the Bonds as "capital assets" (generally, property held for investment).

This discussion does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income or state taxation that may be relevant to particular holders of Bonds in light of their specific circumstances or the tax considerations applicable to holders that may be subject to special income tax rules, such as: holders subject to special tax accounting rules under Section 451(b) of the Code; insurance companies; brokers, dealers, or traders in stocks, securities, or currencies or notional principal contracts; foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax; holders receiving payments in respect of the Bonds through foreign entities; and S corporations, partnerships, or other pass-through entities or investors therein.

For purposes of this discussion, the "issue price" of a maturity of Bonds is the first price at which a substantial amount of Bonds of that maturity is sold for cash to persons other than bond houses, brokers, or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents, or wholesalers.

The Bonds

Tax-Exempt Interest

In the opinion of Dorsey & Whitney LLP, Bond Counsel, based on existing law and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants, interest on the Bonds (i) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code, (ii) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by Section 55 of the Code, (iii) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, and (iv) is not an item of tax preference for Minnesota alternative minimum tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds may, however, be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) and is included in net income for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax imposed on corporations and financial institutions.

The Code establishes certain requirements that must be met after the issuance of the Bonds in order that interest on the Bonds be excluded from federal gross income and from Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts. These requirements include, but are not limited to, provisions regarding the use of Bond proceeds and the facilities financed or refinanced with such proceeds and restrictions on the investment of Bond proceeds and other amounts. The City has made certain representations and has covenanted to comply with certain restrictions, conditions, and requirements designed to ensure interest on the Bonds will not be included in federal gross income. Inaccuracy of these representations or noncompliance with these covenants may cause interest on the Bonds to be included in federal gross income or in Minnesota taxable net income retroactively to their date of issue. Bond Counsel has not independently verified the accuracy of these representations and will not verify the continuing compliance with these covenants. No provision has been made for redemption of or for an increase in the interest rate on the Bonds in the event that interest on the Bonds is included in federal gross income or in Minnesota taxable net income.

Original Issue Discount

Bonds may be issued with original issue discount ("OID"). A Bond will be treated as issued with OID (a "Discount Bond") if its "stated redemption price at maturity" (i.e., the sum of all amounts payable on the Bond other than payments of qualified stated interest) exceeds its issue price. OID that accrues to a holder of a Discount Bond is

excluded from federal gross income and from Minnesota taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts to the same extent that stated interest on such Discount Bond would be so excluded. The amount of OID that accrues on a Discount Bond is added to the holder's federal and Minnesota tax bases. OID is taxable under the Minnesota franchise tax on corporations and financial institutions.

OID on a Discount Bond generally accrues pursuant to a constant-yield method that reflects semiannual compounding on dates that are determined by reference to the maturity date of the Discount Bond. The amount of OID that accrues for any particular semiannual accrual period generally is equal to the excess of (1) the product of (a) one-half of the yield on such Discount Bonds (adjusted as necessary for an initial short period) and (b) the adjusted issue price of such Discount Bonds, over (2) the amount of stated interest actually payable. For this purpose, the adjusted issue price is determined by adding to the issue price for such Discount Bonds the OID that is treated as having accrued during all prior accrual periods. If a Discount Bond is sold or otherwise disposed of between compounding dates, then the OID that would have accrued for that accrual period for federal income tax purposes is allocated ratably to the days in that accrual period.

If a Discount Bond is purchased for a cost that exceeds the sum of the issue price plus accrued interest and accrued OID, the amount of OID that is deemed to accrue thereafter to the purchaser is reduced by an amount that reflects amortization of such excess over the remaining term of the Discount Bond. If the excess is greater than the amount of remaining OID, the basis reduction rules for amortizable bond premium may result in taxable gain upon sale or other disposition of the Bonds, even if the Bonds are sold, redeemed, or retired for an amount equal to or less than their cost.

It is possible under certain state and local income tax laws that OID on a Discount Bond may be taxable in the year of accrual and may be deemed to accrue differently than under federal law.

Market Discount

If a Bond is purchased for a cost that is less than the Bond's issue price (plus accrued OID, if any), the purchaser will be treated as having purchased the Bond with market discount (unless a statutory de minimis rule applies). Market discount is treated as ordinary income and generally is recognized on the maturity or earlier disposition of the Bond (to the extent that the gain realized does not exceed the accrued market discount on the Bond).

Bond Premium

A holder that acquires a Bond for an amount in excess of its stated redemption price at maturity generally must, from time to time, reduce the holder's federal and Minnesota tax bases for the Bond. Premium generally is amortized for federal income tax purposes and Minnesota income and franchise tax purposes on the basis of a bondholder's constant yield to maturity or to certain call dates with semiannual compounding. Accordingly, holders who acquire Bonds at a premium might recognize taxable gain upon sale of the Bonds, even if such Bonds are sold for an amount equal to or less than their original cost. Amortized premium is not deductible for federal income tax purposes or for purposes of the Minnesota income tax applicable to individuals, estates, and trusts.

Related Tax Considerations

Section 86 of the Code and corresponding provisions of Minnesota law require recipients of certain social security and railroad retirement benefits to take interest on the Bonds into account in determining the taxability of such benefits.

Section 265(a) of the Code denies a deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds, and Minnesota law similarly denies a deduction for such interest in the case of individuals, estates, and trusts. In the case of a financial institution, generally no deduction is allowed under section 265(b) the Code for that portion of the holder's interest expense that is allocable to interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, unless the obligations are "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Indebtedness may be allocated to the Bonds for this purpose even though not directly traceable to the purchase of the Bonds.

The Bonds are not "qualified tax-exempt obligations" for purposes of Section 265(b)(3) of the Code.

Income or loss on the Bonds may be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations.

The ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of amounts treated as interest on, the Bonds may affect a holder's federal, state, or local tax liability in some additional circumstances. The nature and extent of these other tax consequences depends upon the particular tax status of the holder and the holder's other items of income or deduction.

Sale or Other Disposition

A holder will generally recognize gain or loss on the sale, exchange, redemption, retirement, or other disposition of a Bond equal to the difference between (i) the amount realized less amounts attributable to any accrued but unpaid stated interest and (ii) the holder's adjusted tax basis in the Bond. The amount realized includes the cash and the fair market value of any property received by the holder in exchange for the Bond. A holder's adjusted tax basis in a Bond generally will be equal to the amount that the holder paid for the Bond, increased by any accrued OID with respect to the Bond and reduced by the amount of any amortized bond premium on the Bond. Except to the extent attributable to market discount (which will be taxable as ordinary income to the extent not previously included in income), any gain or loss will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the holder held the Bond for more than one year. Long-term capital gains recognized by certain non-corporate persons, including individuals, generally are taxable at a reduced rate. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to significant limitations.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payments of interest on the Bonds (including any allocable bond premium or accrued OID) and proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the Bonds are expected to be reported to the IRS as required under applicable Treasury Regulations. Backup withholding will apply to these payments if the holder fails to provide an accurate taxpayer identification number and certification that it is not subject to backup withholding (generally on an IRS Form W-9) or otherwise fails to comply with the applicable backup withholding requirements. Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against the holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS. Certain holders are exempt from information reporting. Potential holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding qualification for an exemption and the procedures for obtaining such an exemption.

(Remainder of page intentionally left blank)

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA

GENERAL INFORMATION

Location/Access/Transportation

The City of Eagan (the "City") is situated in Dakota County and is a southern suburb of the Minneapolis-St. Paul Metropolitan Area. Access to the City is provided via Interstate Highways 35E and 494, as well as Minnesota Highways 13, 55, and 77.

Area

The City encompasses a land area of 21,425 acres or 33.5 square miles.

Population

2000 Census	63,557	2020 Census	68,855
2010 Census	64,206	2024 City Estimate	69,299

Labor Force Data¹

Comparative average labor force and unemployment rate figures for 2024 (through October) and year-end 2023 are listed below. Figures are not seasonally adjusted and estimated by place of residence.

	2024 (October)		2023	
	Civilian <u>Labor Force</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>	Civilian <u>Labor Force</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
Eagan	39,090	2.7%	39,346	2.3%
Dakota County	242,213	3.0	243,606	2.6
Mpls / St. Paul MSA	2,014,544	3.2	2,023,955	2.7
Minnesota	3,099,271	3.2	3,099,923	2.8

Income Data²

Comparative income levels are listed below for the City, the State of Minnesota and the United States.

	City of Eagan	State of Minnesota	United States
Median Family Income	\$138,654	\$111,492	\$96,922
Per Capita Income	56,477	46,957	43,289

City Government

Eagan was established as a township in 1860, became incorporated as a village in 1972, and became a Minnesota Statutory City in 1974. The 'Statutory Plan A' form of government has a mayor elected at-large for a four-year term and four council members also elected at-large for four-year terms. The council meets regularly on the first and third Tuesday of each month.

The City Administrator is Ms. Dianne Miller. Ms. Miller is the third City Administrator for the City of Eagan and began her role in February 2022. She has worked for the City for 20 years in Administration and most recently as the Assistant City Administrator of Eagan. She holds a bachelor's degree in public administration from St. Mary's University and a master's degree in public administration from the University of Kansas.

¹ Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development

² Source: 2019-2023 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau

Mr. Josh Feldman has served as the City's Finance Director since April 2021. Prior to that, he served as the City's Assistant Finance Director for eight years and was a former Finance Director for the City of South St. Paul. Mr. Feldman holds B.A. degree from Saint Mary's University of Minnesota.

Mr. Brent Foiles has been the City's Assistant Finance Director since May of 2021. He previously served as the City's Lead Accountant for three years.

The City's Community Development Director, Ms. Jill Hutmacher, has served the City since May 2016. She was previously the Community Development Director for the City of Arden Hills, Minnesota, and Development Manager for the City of Bloomington, Minnesota. She has a B.A. from Knox College and an M.A. in Urban Planning from Minnesota State – Mankato.

The City operates the following municipal enterprise services: water, sewer, storm sewer and street lighting utilities.

Employee Pension Programs

The City employs 505 people, 306 full-time staff, 0 part-time firefighters, and 199 part-time other staff (does not include seasonal part-time employees). All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF), and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF), which are cost sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated members are covered by Social Security and Basic members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, fire fighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by PEPFF. The City's contributions to GERF and PEPFF are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by State Statute, and are as follows for the past five years:

<u>Year</u>	<u>GERF</u>	<u>PEPFF</u>
2023	\$1,335,302	\$2,374,157
2022	1,253,173	2,268,468
2021	1,166,907	2,128,079
2020	1,115,417	2,022,024
2019	1,089,899	1,632,498

Four Council members of the City are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The PEDCP is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until the time of withdrawal. Plan benefits depend solely on the amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. An eligible elected official who chooses to participate in the plan contributes 5% of their salary, which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer and for salaried employees must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. PERA receives 2% of employer contributions and 0.0025% of the assets in each member's account annually for administering the plan.

The City's contributions to PEDCP for the past five years are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>PEDCP</u>
2023	\$2,001
2022	2,001
2021	2,001
2020	2,001
2019	2,001

For more information regarding the liability of the City with respect to its employees, please reference "Note 12, Pension Plans" of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB")

The City provides a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical coverage and is administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield. Retirees and their spouses contribute to the healthcare plan at the same rate as City employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Contribution requirements are established by the City, based on the contract terms with Blue Cross Blue Shield. In January 2009, the City established an irrevocable trust and contributed \$4,800,000 into the trust to fund the plan. As of December 31, 2023, the City had 45 retirees receiving benefits for the City's health plan.

Changes in the City's net OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Service Cost	\$ 433,521
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences	4,418,675
Changes in Assumptions	323,593
Interest	657,308
Net Investment Income	(5,854,977)
Administrative Expense	2,741
Net Change in OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (19,139)
Balance at January 1, 2023	(\$12,973,584)
Balance at December 31, 2023	(\$12,992,723)

Additional information regarding the City's OPEB obligations is provided in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, excerpts of which are provided in Appendix C of this Official Statement, with particular reference to Note 13.

Estimated Cash and Investment Balances as of November 30, 2024 (unaudited)

<u>Fund</u>

General Fund	\$ 18,159,314
Special Revenue Funds	13,112,045
Debt Service Funds	3,231,386
Enterprise Funds	19,289,892
Capital Projects Fund	42,445,989
Internal Service Fund	27,026,516
Total Estimated Cash and Investment Balances	\$ 123,265,142

General Fund Budget Summary

	2024 Budget	2025 Budget
Revenues:		
Property Taxes	\$40,913,400	\$42,951,300
Licenses and Permits	2,132,400	2,372,300
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,470,800	1,608,000
Charges for Services	2,101,700	2,247,400
Fines and Forfeits	235,000	240,000
Program Revenues	1,463,200	1,619,400
Other Revenues	393,600	429,900
Transfers In	3,627,600	3,667,600
Total Revenues	\$52,337,700	\$55,135,900
Expenditures:		
General Government	\$11,485,700	\$11,723,800
Public Safety	26,793,500	28,550,300
Recreation	7,083,200	6,147,500
Public Works	5,886,200	7,488,400
Government Building Maintenance	1,050,500	1,125,900
Contingency	38,600	100,000
Total Expenditures	\$52,337,700	\$55,135,900

Bargaining Units/Labor Contracts

The labor unions representing certain City employee groups are shown below.

Employee Group	Contract Expiration Date
Public Works and Parks Maintenance	December 31, 2025
Clerical Employees	December 31, 2026
Police Sergeants	December 31, 2024
Police Officers	December 31, 2024
Firefighters and Fire Captains	December 31, 2025

Recent Development

Suburban communities like Eagan generally follow an evolution starting as a rural community, enter a high growth stage and eventually reach an aging, fully developed community. Eagan has reached the status of a fully developed city, but instead of remaining stagnant, the community has embraced a reinvestment and revitalization focus using a multi-faceted approach. This approach includes an understanding that new infill development and redevelopment will have unique circumstances that may need a more collaborative approach, embracing flexibility in land use decisions to meet changes in market demand and technology, and proactively monitoring and identifying areas of potential disinvestment or change.

This approach has been particularly useful as the city addressed office vacancies as companies increasingly adopted hybrid workplaces and evaluated space needs over the last few years. Several of Eagan's large corporate campus locations including Blue Cross Blue Shield of Minnesota, Thomson Reuters, Unisys Corporation, Prime Therapeutics, and Delta Airlines announced consolidation of their office needs and sale or lease of a portion of their

properties. These properties represent 2.6 million square feet of office space. The City of Eagan has positioned the vacancies as opportunities for new growth and enhanced vibrancy in commercial districts.

When Thomson Reuters announced it would be seeking new office space and selling much of its campus, the City worked with Thomson Reuters to relocate within Eagan. Thomson Reuters now occupies two-thirds of the 400,000 square foot Prime Therapeutics building constructed in 2018. Prime Therapeutics remains in the other third fully occupying that facility.

In December 2024, the City Council approved a Planned Development Amendment for the redevelopment of 179 acres of the former Thomson Reuters campus. Redevelopment will include nearly four million square feet of light industrial development, 104 townhomes, and seven single-family homes. The development will also include an expansion of Wescott Station Park, conservation areas to preserve trees and a wetland, and 1.57 miles of new trails. The City Council and community voiced strong support for the balance of economic development and protection of natural areas.

Demolition at the former Thomson Reuters site to prepare for Project Nova, a 3.6 million square foot light industrial user, is expected to begin in early January 2025. Ryan Companies, the purchaser of the 179-acre site, is in discussions with additional users.

Blue Cross Blue Shield has consolidated their employees at the Eagan River Park facility. The former Blue Cross Blue Shield call center located at 1750 Yankee Doodle Road is being expanded and renovated for Solventum, a 3M healthcare spinoff. Construction for the high-tech medical research and development facility will begin in early 2025 and be ready for occupancy by 600-800 employees in February 2026. The City has approved a Planned Development Amendment to repurpose the vacant Delta Dental office building for the Great Oaks Academy charter school. The City expects to receive a development proposal for the former Blue Cross Blue Shield headquarters building in 2025.

In 2024 the City of Eagan completed the Northwest Central Commons Small Area Plan for 80 acres of vacant or soon-to-be-vacant office properties surrounding Eagan Central Park and Community Center. The completed plan contemplates a mix of approximately 1,000 residential units and over 300,000 square feet of commercial development. The plan was evaluated by both market and financial consultants and found to be both market supportable and financially feasible.

Within the Northwest Central Commons project area, the former Argosy University site was sold, rebranded as Eagan Central, and is being re-tenanted with users desirous of a high-amenity location near Central Park, trails, and retail/service opportunities at Central Park Commons. The former Delta Airlines site was purchased by the Dakota County Community Development Agency which intends to develop approximately 100 units of affordable senior and work force housing development and sell the remaining site for development consistent with the approval small area plan. The CDA plans to demolish the building and begin outreach to interested developers in spring 2025.

The 300,000 square foot Spectrum Office Building, which has suffered high vacancy in recent years after the departure of Wells Fargo Mortgage, was purchased in 2024 by Hunt Electric, previously based in Bloomington. Hunt Electric is embarking on a \$11.5 million renovation and will occupy the remaining vacant space. The \$10 million, 137,500 square foot Boulder Lakes Business Center facility was fully occupied in 2024 with three new office/manufacturing tenants and over \$4 million of additional investment in interior buildouts.

Other projects initiated or approved in 2024 include the 89,000 square foot Columbia Business Center and a new 21st Century Bank building, both developed on challenging properties. Additionally, Acme Tools will take over the nearly completed but discontinued Amazon Grocery building and three new daycare/preschools were completed including the Goddard School, Guidepost Montessori, and Tierra Encantada.

Although undeveloped residential land in Eagan is scarce, several redevelopment and infill residential development projects are moving forward. Nicols Pointe, a 24-unit affordable housing projected targeted to veterans, was completed in 2024. Also completed was the successful conversion of a former extended stay Sonesta Suites hotel complex to 120 affordable rental townhomes. The City Council has approved Trail End Commons, a 104-unit townhome development at the former Thomson Reuters site. The Advisory Planning Commission has

recommended approval of Metcalf Park, a redevelopment of the former Metcalf Middle School into 245 apartments, 139 townhomes and twinhomes, and 66 senior cooperatives. The City Council will consider Metcalf Park approval in early 2025 following the completion of the environmental assessment review and Met Council approval of the comprehensive guide plan amendment. Private road and utility construction is underway to support the third phase of residential development of 327 units at Viking Lakes. Construction is underway on 24 single family units in the Parkside Circle subdivision in the southeast corner of Eagan off Highway 3. The variety of proposed and approved housing will provide employees options to find housing close to Eagan jobs and opportunities for seniors and empty nesters to stay in Eagan while making single-family homes available to younger households.

Over the last two years, the City of Eagan has seen a significant shift away from vacant buildings towards new development and revitalization. As of mid-December 2024, annual building permit valuation was \$196.7 million. Major new private investment is anticipated in 2025 as development proceeds at Solventum, Project Nova, Metcalf Park, and Trails End Commons. The City of Eagan is embracing changes in the development pattern and finding opportunities for growth and renewal. The City Council and staff are excited to see what the coming years bring.

Building Permits

Building permits issued for the past ten years and a portion of this year have been as follows:

	New				Total	
	Commercial/	New		Total	Commercial/	
	Industrial	Residential	Total	Residential	Industrial	Total
	Number	Number	Number	Permit	Permit	Permit
<u>Year</u>	<u>of Permits</u>	of Permits	of Permits	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Valuation</u>
2024						
(as of $12/11$)	310	2,016	2,328	\$ 32,323,773	\$164,363,306	\$196,687,079
2023	210	2,630	2,840	18,684,830	71,086,370	89,771,199
2022	203	2,643	2,846	29,584,516	135,300,818	164,885,334
2021	242	3,445	3,687	32,931,129	117,347,860	150,278,989
2020	179	3,171	3,350	24,044,290	187,971,150	212,015,440
2019	253	2,287	2,540	27,157,659	217,967,120	245,124,779
2018	246	2,381	2,627	27,905,804	111,613,598	139,519,402
2017	314	2,831	3,145	40,476,546	387,601,619	428,078,165
2016	338	2,067	2,405	39,298,257	113,112,814	152,411,071
2015	289	2,177	2,466	29,329,298	71,293,563	101,187,211
2014	385	4,656	5,041	72,801,296	85,414,965	159,991,311

Banking/Financial Institutions

Banking and financial service providers located within the City include the following: Alerus Financial, National Association; Association; Association; Bremer Bank, National Association; Choice Financial Group; JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association; Minnwest Bank; Old National Bank; Prime Security Bank; The Huntington Bank; Think Mutual Bank; U.S. Bank, National Association; and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association.

Education

Residents of the City of Eagan are served by ISD No. 191, Burnsville-Eagan-Savage; ISD No. 196, Rosemount-Apple Valley-Eagan; and ISD No. 197, West St. Paul. These private schools are also located in the City: Faithful Shepherd Catholic School (K-8), Trinity School at River Ridge (7-12), and Trinity Lone Oak Lutheran (K-8).

Major/Leading Employers¹

Following are some of the major employers within the City:

Employer Name	Product/Service	Number of <u>Employees</u> 2
		
Thomson Reuters	Legal Information	4,500
Blue Cross Blue Shield of Minnesota	Health Insurance	3,000
Prime Therapeutics	Pharmacy Benefit Management	2,100
U.S. Postal Service	Government	2,100
United Parcel Service	Shipping	1,500
Ecolab	Manufacturing	1,400
ISD No. 196, Rosemount-Apple Valley-Eagan	Public Education	1,075*
Coca-Cola Bottling	Bottling/Beverage Distribution	750
Minnesota Vikings	Sports Entertainment	497
City of Eagan	Government	491
Dart Transit	Shipping/Logistics	400
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club	Retail	360
Amazon	Shipping/Logistics	325
CSM Bakery Solutions	Food Manufacturing	300

Largest Taxpayers³

Following are ten of the largest taxpayers within the City:

2023/2024	Total Tax
2023/2024	
Tax	Capacity
<u>Name</u> <u>Classification</u> <u>Capacity</u> ((\$160,745,302) ⁴
Paragon Outlets Eagan LLC Commercial \$1,699,250	1.06%
SVF CPC Eagan LLC Commercial 1,695,452	1.05
West Publishing Co Industrial 1,679,878	1.05
MV Eagan Ventures Commercial 1,369,676	0.85
Health Landlord LLC Commercial 1,218,009	0.76
Grand Oak Minnesota Realty LP Commercial 1,060,347	0.66
MVE Residential LLC Commercial 1,017,383	0.63
Eagan Promenade Inc. Commercial 1,006,246	0.63
Inreit Properties LLLP Apartment 916,989	0.57
Nighthawk Properties LLC Apartment <u>747,398</u>	0.46
<u>\$12,410,628</u>	7.72%

Source: The City and Data Axle Reference Solutions.
 Includes full-time, part-time and seasonal employees.
 At District facilities located in the City of Eagan.

³ Reported by Dakota County.

⁴ Before tax increment and fiscal disparities adjustments.

MINNESOTA VALUATIONS; PROPERTY TAX CLASSIFICATIONS

Market Value

State Law defines the "market value" of real property as the usual selling price at the place where the property to which the term is applied shall be at the time of assessment; being the price which could be obtained at a private sale or an auction sale, if it is determined by the assessor that the price from the auction sale represents an arm's-length transaction. The assessor uses sales and market value income trends to estimate the value of property in an open market transaction. This value is also called "estimated market value". This value is set on January 2 of each year. Property taxes levied each year are based on the value of property on January 2 of the preceding year. According to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 273, all real property subject to taxation is to be appraised at maximum intervals of five years.

Taxable Market Value

The "taxable market value" is the amount used for calculating property taxes. The taxable market value may differ from the estimated market value due to the application of special programs that exclude value from taxation. These programs currently include, but are not limited to, Homestead Market Value Exclusion and Green Acres.

Market Value Exclusion

In 2011, the State Legislature eliminated the Homestead Market Value Credit. The Credit was an amount paid by the State to local taxing jurisdictions to reduce taxes paid by homesteaded property. The Credit has been replaced by a Homestead Market Value Exclusion. The Exclusion reduces the taxable market value (beginning with taxes payable 2012) of a jurisdiction by excluding a portion of the value of homesteaded property from taxation. For a homestead valued at \$76,000 or less, the exclusion is 40 percent of market value, yielding a maximum exclusion of \$30,400 at \$76,000 of market value. For a homestead valued between \$76,000 and \$413,800, the exclusion is \$30,400 minus nine percent of the valuation over \$76,000. For a homestead valued at \$413,800 or more, there is no valuation exclusion.

Sales Ratio

The Minnesota Department of Revenue conducts the Assessment Sales Ratio Study to compare real estate sales prices to local assessor valuations. The State uses the study results to ensure consistency in property assessments across the state. There are three different sales ratio studies that cover three distinct time periods. The 12-month study includes sales that occur from October 1st of a given year to September 30th of the following year and are compared to market values used for property taxation. The median ratio from the 12-month study is the sales ratio used to calculate indicated and economic market values.

Economic and Indicated Market Value

"Economic market value" and "indicated market value" reflect adjustments made to account for the effects of the sales ratio. The economic market value is determined by dividing the estimated market value of the jurisdiction by the sales ratio. Economic market value provides an estimation of the full value of property if it were valued at 100% of its value in the marketplace (prior to the application of legislatively mandated exclusions). The indicated market value is determined by dividing the taxable market value of the jurisdiction by the sales ratio. This value represents an estimation of the "full value" of property for taxation, after the deduction of legislative exclusions.

Net Tax Capacity

Property taxes are calculated on the basis of the "net tax capacity value". Net tax capacity is calculated by multiplying the taxable market value of a parcel by the statutory class rate for the use classification of the property. These class rates are subject to revisions by the State Legislature. The table following this section contains current and historical class rates for primary property classifications.

Tax Cycle

Minnesota local government ad valorem property taxes are extended and collected by the various counties within the state. The process begins in the fall of every year with the certification, to the county auditor, of all local taxing districts' property tax levies. Local tax rates are calculated by dividing each taxing district's levy by its net tax capacity. One percentage point of local tax rate represents one dollar of tax per \$100 net tax capacity. A list of taxes due is then prepared by the county auditor and turned over to the county treasurer on or before the first Monday in January.

The county treasurer is responsible for collecting all property taxes within the county. Real estate and personal property tax statements (excluding manufactured homes) are to be mailed out no later than March 31, and manufactured home property tax statements no later than July 15. The due dates for payment of real and personal property taxes (excluding manufactured homes) are one-half on or before May 15 (May 31 for resorts) and one-half on or before October 15 (November 15 for farm property). Personal property taxes for manufactured homes become due one-half on or before August 31 and one-half on or before November 15. Delinquent property taxes are penalized at various rates depending on the type of property and the length of delinquency.

Tax Levies for General Obligation Bonds (Minnesota Statutes, Section 475.61)

State Law requires the governing body of any municipality issuing general obligations, prior to delivery of the obligations, to levy by resolution a direct general ad valorem tax upon all taxable property in the municipality to be spread upon the tax rolls for each year of the term of the obligations. The tax levies for all years shall be specified and such that if collected in full will, together with estimated collections of special assessments and other revenues pledged for the payment of said obligations, produce at least five percent in excess of the amount needed to meet the principal and interest payments on the obligations when due.

Such resolution shall irrevocably appropriate the taxes so levied and any special assessments or other revenues so pledged to the municipality's debt service fund or a special debt service fund or account created for the payment of one or more issues of obligations.

The governing body may, at its discretion, at any time after the obligations have been authorized, adopt a resolution levying only a portion of such taxes, to be filed, assessed, extended, collected and remitted, and the amount therein levied shall be credited against the tax required to be levied prior to delivery of the obligations.

The recording officer of the municipality shall file in the office of the county auditor of each county in which any part of the municipality is located a certified copy of the resolution, together with full information regarding the obligations for which the tax is levied. No further action by the municipality is required to authorize the extension, assessment and collection of the tax, but the municipality's liability on the obligations is not limited thereto and its governing body shall levy and cause to be extended, assessed and collected any additional taxes found necessary for full payment of the principal and interest. The auditor shall annually assess and extend upon the tax rolls the amount specified for such year in the resolution, unless the amount has been reduced as authorized below or, if the municipality is located in more than one county, the portion thereof that bears the same ratio to the whole amount as the tax capacity value of taxable property in that part of the municipality located in the county bears to the tax capacity value of all taxable property in the municipality.

Tax levies so made and filed shall be irrevocable, except that if the governing body in any year makes an irrevocable appropriation to the debt service fund of moneys actually on hand or if there is on hand any excess amount in the debt service fund, the recording officer may certify to the county auditor the fact and amount thereof and the auditor shall reduce by the amount so certified the amount otherwise to be included in the rolls next thereafter prepared.

All such taxes shall be collected and remitted to the municipality by the county treasurer as other taxes are collected and remitted, and shall be used only for payment of the obligations on account of that levied or to repay advances from other funds used for such payments, except that any surplus remaining in the debt service fund when the obligations and interest thereon are paid may be appropriated to any other general purpose by the municipality.

Levy Limits

The State Legislature periodically enacts limitations on the ability of cities and counties to levy property taxes. Levy limits were reenacted in 2013 and applied to all counties with a population over 5,000 and all cities with a population over 2,500 for taxes payable in 2014 only. Levies "to pay the costs of the principal and interest on bonded indebtedness" and "to provide for the bonded indebtedness portion of payments made to another political subdivision of the State of Minnesota" are designated special levies and can be levied in addition to the amount allowed by levy limitations.

(Remainder of page intentionally left blank)

The following is a partial summary of these factors:

Property Tax Classifications

r op e. ij	1 un clussylveunons	<u>Cl</u>	ass Rate Sch	<u>iedule</u>
		2021/	2022/	2023/
<u>Class</u>	Type of Property	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
1a	Residential Homestead: First \$500,000	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
	Over \$500,000	1.25	1.25	1.25
1c	Commercial seasonal-residential recreational-			
	under 250 days and includes homestead			
	First \$600,000	.50	.50	.50
	\$600,001-2,300,000	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Over \$2,300,000 [†]	1.25	1.25	1.25
2a	Agricultural Homestead – House, Garage, One Acre:			
	First \$500,000	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Over \$500,000	1.25	1.25	1.25
	Remainder of Farm* –			
	First \$1,880,000			
	Over \$1,880,000	0.50	0.50	
	First \$1,890,000	0.50 1.00	0.50 1.00	
	Over \$1,890,000	1.00	1.00	0.50
	First \$2,150,000 Over \$2,150,000			1.00
	Agricultural Homestead Land ¹	1.00	1.00	1.00
20	Non-Homestead Agricultural Productive Land*	1.00	1.00	1.00
2a 2b	Non-Homestead Rural Vacant Land ²	1.00	1.00	1.00
20 3a	Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility	1.00	1.00	1.00
Ja	First \$150,000 [†]	1.50	1.50	1.50
	Over \$150,000 [†]	2.00	2.00	2.00
4a	Apartment (4+ units, incl. private for-profit hospitals)	1.25	1.25	1.25
4bb(1)	Residential Non-Homestead (Single Unit)	1.23	1.23	1.23
100(1)	First \$500,000	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Over \$500,000	1.25	1.25	1.25
4c(1)	Seasonal Residential Recreational/Commercial†			
	(Resort): First \$500,000	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Over \$500,000	1.25	1.25	1.25
4c(12)	Seasonal Residential Recreational [†]			
	Non-Commercial (Cabin): First \$500,000*	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Over \$500,000*	1.25	1.25	1.25
4d	Qualifying Low-Income Rental Housing		-	
⊣u	First \$100,000		.75	.75
	Over \$100,000		.75	.75
	First \$174,000	.75	.23	.20
	Over \$174,000	.25		
	• • •	-		

[†] Subject to the state general property tax.

^{*} Exempt from referendum market value-based taxes.

Homestead remainder & non-homestead; includes structures.
 Homestead remainder & non-homestead; includes minor ancillary structures.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA

ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION¹

Valuations

	Estimated Market Value <u>2023/2024</u>	Net Tax Capacity <u>2023/2024</u>
Real Property	\$ 12,887,165,100	\$ 159,485,539
Personal Property	64,292,100	1,259,763
Less Tax Increment Deduction		(5,845,281)
Fiscal Disparities ²		·
(Contribution to Pool)		(19,697,848)
Distribution from Pool		10,206,519
Total Valuation	<u>\$ 12,951,457,200</u>	<u>\$ 145,408,692</u>

Valuation Trends (Real and Personal Property)

Levy Year/ Collection <u>Year</u>	Economic <u>Market Value</u>	Sales <u>Ratio</u>	Estimated <u>Market Value</u>	Taxable <u>Market Value</u>	Tax Capacity Before Tax <u>Increments</u> ³	Tax Capacity After Tax <u>Increments</u> ⁴
2023/24	\$13,403,437,308	96.61%	\$12,951,457,200	\$12,782,978,599	\$160,745,302	\$145,408,692
2022/23	13,603,899,826	89.54	12,168,542,800	11,994,519,068	149,277,835	135,293,610
2021/22	11,909,941,131	90.58	10,747,059,700	10,531,942,976	132,255,191	119,179,210
2020/21	10,815,850,028	94.60	10,223,414,400	9,989,675,214	126,528,170	114,361,800
2019/20	10,541,879,877	92.23	9,714,912,800	9,471,701,205	119,358,668	108,378,264

Breakdown of Valuations

2023/2024 Tax Capacity, Real and Personal Property (before tax increment and fiscal disparities adjustments):

Residential Homestead	\$ 86,389,490	53.74%
Agricultural	3,977	< 0.01
Commercial	29,627,692	18.43
Public Utility	400,997	0.25
Railroad	101,224	0.06
Apartments	17,577,508	10.94
Industrial	25,381,996	15.79
Rural Vacant	2,655	< 0.01
Personal Property	 1,259,763	0.78
Total	\$ 160,745,302	<u>100.00%</u>

Property valuations, tax rates, and tax levies and collections are provided by Dakota County. Economic market value and sales ratio are provided by the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

The 1971 Legislature enacted a "fiscal disparities law" which allows all the Twin City Metropolitan Area Municipalities to share in commercial/industrial growth, regardless of where the growth occurred geographically. Forty percent (40%) of every metropolitan municipality's growth in commercial/industrial assessed valuation is pooled then redistributed to all municipalities on the basis of population and per capita valuation *after* the tax increment and fiscal disparity adjustments.

² Fiscal Disparities Law

³ Before fiscal disparity adjustments.

⁴ After fiscal disparity adjustments.

Tax Capacity Rates

Tax capacity rates over the past five-assessable/collection years for a City resident within ISD No. 196, Rosemount - Apple Valley - Eagan have been as follows:

	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax
Levy Year/	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity	Capacity
<u>Collection Year</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Rates</u>
Dakota County	24.133%	22.716%	21.630%	18.816%	18.323%
City of Eagan	35.262	36.333	17.360	33.566	33.585
ISD No. 196, Rosemount -Apple Valley-Eagan	19.860	20.046	19.971	17.904	17.021
Met Council	0.606	0.635	0.649	0.564	0.620
Mosquito Control Abatement	0.406	0.384	0.372	0.325	0.315
Metro Transit	1.150	1.038	0.969	0.849	0.750
Dakota County CDA	1.469	1.375	1.391	1.176	1.309
Light Rail	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Totals:	82.886%	<u>82.527%</u>	<u>62.342%</u>	<u>73.200%</u>	<u>71.923%</u>
Market Value Rates	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024
City of Eagan	0.01159%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
ISD No. 196, Rosemount -Apple Valley-Eagan	0.34367	0.32712	0.31336	0.29771	0.30078

Tax Levies and Collections¹

			Collected During Collection Year		or Abated as 0/24
Levy/Collect	Net Levy	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
2023/2024	\$45,407,801		In Process o	f Collection	
2022/2023	41,980,570	\$41,803,461	99.58%	\$41,889,787	99.78%
2021/2022	39,244,899	39,059,973	99.53	39,094,335	99.62
2020/2021	38,048,269	37,784,596	99.31	37,964,120	99.78
2019/2020	36,104,178	35,899,753	99.43	36,096,669	99.98

^{1 2023/2024} property taxes are currently in the process of collection/reporting and no updated figures are available from Dakota County.

SUMMARY OF DEBT AND DEBT STATISTICS

Statutory Debt Limit¹

Minnesota Statutes, Section 475.53 states that a city or county may not incur or be subject to a net debt in excess of three percent (3%) of its estimated market value. Net debt is, with limited exceptions, debt paid solely from ad valorem taxes.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin as of February 2, 2025:

2023/2024 Estimated Market Value Multiplied by 3%	\$ 12	2,951,457,200 x .03
Statutory Debt Limit	<u>\$</u>	388,543,716
Less outstanding debt applicable to debt limit:		
\$8,130,000 G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds, Series 2016A \$22,300,000 G.O. Bonds, Series 2018A	\$	5,400,000 19,320,000
	\$	24,720,000
Legal debt margin	\$	363,823,716

Effective June 2, 1997 and pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 465.71, any lease revenue or public project revenue bond issues/agreements of \$1,000,000 or more are subject to the statutory debt limit. Lease revenue or public project revenue bond issues/agreements less than \$1,000,000 are not subject to the statutory debt limit.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM TAXES (As of February 2, 2025)

Purpose:	G.O. Capital				
	Improvement	G.O.			
	Plan Bonds,	Bonds,			
	Series	Series			
	2016A	2018A			
Dated:	04/28/16	10/16/18			
Original Amount:	\$8,130,000	\$22,300,000			
Maturity:	1-Feb	1-Feb	TOTAL	TOTAL	
Interest Rates:	2.00-3.00%	3.00-4.00%	PRINCIPAL:	PRIN & INT:	
2025	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$396,130	2025
2026	400,000	1,130,000	1,530,000	2,295,660	2026
2027	410,000	1,170,000	1,580,000	2,291,560	2027
2028	420,000	1,215,000	1,635,000	2,290,560	2028
2029	425,000	1,140,000	1,565,000	2,170,710	2029
2030	435,000	1,170,000	1,605,000	2,167,460	2030
2031	445,000	1,205,000	1,650,000	2,167,282	2031
2032	450,000	1,245,000	1,695,000	2,164,273	2032
2033	460,000	1,285,000	1,745,000	2,162,797	2033
2034	470,000	1,330,000	1,800,000	2,162,373	2034
2035	485,000	1,370,000	1,855,000	2,158,898	2035
2036	495,000	1,420,000	1,915,000	2,158,065	2036
2037	505,000	1,475,000	1,980,000	2,158,854	2037
2038	0	2,045,000	2,045,000	2,153,616	2038
2039	0	2,120,000	2,120,000	2,155,775	2039
				_	
	\$5,400,000	\$19,320,000	\$24,720,000	\$31,054,011	

NOTE: 60% OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM TAXES WILL BE RETIRED WITHIN TEN YEARS.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM STATE AID (As of February 2, 2025)

Purpose:	G.O. State Aid Street Refunding Bonds, Series 2017A			
Dated:	03/16/17			
Original Amount:	\$2,280,000			
Maturity:	1-Apr	TOTAL	TOTAL	
Interest Rates:	2.00-2.75	PRINCIPAL:	PRIN & INT:	
2025	\$205,000	\$205,000	\$228,238	2025
2026	200,000	200,000	218,175	2026
2027	195,000	195,000	207,994	2027
2028	190,000	190,000	197,700	2028
2029	185,000	185,000	187,544	2029
	\$975,000	\$975,000	\$1,039,650	

NOTE: 100% OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM STATE AID WILL BE RETIRED WITHIN TEN YEARS.

⁽¹⁾ These bonds crossover refunded \$2,245,000 of the \$4,105,000 General Obligation State Aid Street Bonds, Series 2008A. Maturities 2019 through 2029, inclusive, were called for redemption on April 1, 2018, at a price of par plus accrued interest.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS (As of February 2, 2025)

Purpose:	Taxable			
	G.O.			
	Bonds,			
	Series			
	2021A			
Dated:	03/30/21			
Original Amount:	\$1,310,000			
Maturity:	1-Feb	TOTAL	TOTAL	
Interest Rates:	0.20-2.50%	PRINCIPAL:	PRIN & INT:	
2025	\$0	\$0	\$8,144	2025
2026	105,000	105,000	120,789	2026
2027	110,000	110,000	124,658	2027
2028	110,000	110,000	123,283	2028
2029	40,000	40,000	52,240	2029
2030	40,000	40,000	51,610	2030
2031	40,000	40,000	50,880	2031
2032	40,000	40,000	50,080	2032
2033	40,000	40,000	49,280	2033
2034	45,000	45,000	53,430	2034
2035	45,000	45,000	52,451	2035
2036	45,000	45,000	51,394	2036
2037	45,000	45,000	50,336	2037
2038	45,000	45,000	49,279	2038
2039	50,000	50,000	53,125	2039
2040	50,000	50,000	51,875	2040
2041	50,000	50,000	50,625	2041
	\$900,000 _	\$900,000	\$1,043,478	
	(1) (2)			

NOTE: 63% OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS WILL BE RETIRED WITHIN TEN YEARS.

- (1) These bonds current refunded \$850,000 of the \$1,660,000 Taxable General Obligation Housing Improvement Bonds, Series 2012A. Maturities 2022 through 2028, inclusive, were called for redemption on April 20, 2021, at a price of par plus accrued interest.
- (2) This schedule represents a portion of the \$8,175,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A, dated March 30, 2021, consisting of \$6,865,000 backed by tax increments and \$1,310,000 backed by special assessments. A portion of the special assessment portion was used to refund the 2012A Bonds and the other portion was used for HIA improvements.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM TAX INCREMENTS (As of February 2, 2025)

Purpose:	Taxable G.O. Bonds, Series			
	2021A			
Dated:	03/30/21			
Original Amount:	\$6,865,000			
Maturity:	1-Feb	TOTAL	TOTAL	
Interest Rates:	0.40-1.65%	PRINCIPAL:	PRIN & INT:	
2025	\$0	\$0	\$32,736	2025
2026	970,000	970,000	1,030,865	2026
2027	975,000	975,000	1,025,651	2027
2028	985,000	985,000	1,023,396	2028
2029	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,024,248	2029
2030	1,015,000	1,015,000	1,023,374	2030
	\$4,945,000	\$4,945,000	\$5,160,270	
	(1) (2) (3)			

NOTE: 100% OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM TAX INCREMENTS WILL BE RETIRED WITHIN TEN YEARS.

- (1) These bonds are payable primarily from tax increments resulting from increases in the taxable value of real property within Tax Increment Financing District No. 1 (Cedar Grove) and additionally secured by ad valorem taxes on all taxable property in the City and without limitation of amount.
- (2) These bonds crossover refunded \$6,650,000 of the \$12,390,000 Taxable General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds, Series 2013A. Maturities 2024 through 2030, inclusive, were called for redemption on February 1, 2023, at a price of par plus accrued interest.
- (3) This schedule represents a portion of the \$8,175,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A, dated March 30, 2021, consisting of \$6,865,000 backed by tax increments and \$1,310,000 backed by special assessments.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM TAX ABATEMENTS (As of Februrary 2, 2025, Plus a Portion of This Issue)

		Portion of This Issue			
Purpose:	G.O. Tax	G.O.			
	Abatement	Bonds,			
	Bonds,	Series			
	Series 2024A	2025A			
Dated:	03/13/24	03/11/25			
Original Amount:	\$18,900,000	\$13,225,000			
Maturity:	1-Feb	1-Feb	TOTAL	TOTAL	
Interest Rates:	4.00-5.00%		PRINCIPAL:	PRIN & INT:	
·					
2025	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$400,981	2025
2026	605,000	0	605,000	2,030,171	2026
2027	635,000	485,000	1,120,000	2,328,769	2027
2028	665,000	495,000	1,160,000	2,322,794	2028
2029	700,000	510,000	1,210,000	2,324,723	2029
2030	735,000	525,000	1,260,000	2,324,226	2030
2031	770,000	540,000	1,310,000	2,321,290	2031
2032	810,000	555,000	1,365,000	2,324,685	2032
2033	840,000	575,000	1,415,000	2,324,448	2033
2034	875,000	590,000	1,465,000	2,321,795	2034
2035	910,000	610,000	1,520,000	2,321,438	2035
2036	945,000	630,000	1,575,000	2,318,253	2036
2037	985,000	650,000	1,635,000	2,317,248	2037
2038	1,020,000	675,000	1,695,000	2,313,460	2038
2039	1,065,000	700,000	1,765,000	2,316,835	2039
2040	1,105,000	725,000	1,830,000	2,312,248	2040
2041	1,150,000	750,000	1,900,000	2,309,673	2041
2042	1,195,000	780,000	1,975,000	2,308,890	2042
2043	1,245,000	810,000	2,055,000	2,308,899	2043
2044	1,295,000	840,000	2,135,000	2,304,539	2044
2045	1,350,000	875,000	2,225,000	2,306,325	2045
2046	0	905,000	905,000	923,100	2046
	\$18,900,000	\$13,225,000	\$32,125,000	\$47,384,787	
		(1)			

NOTE: 34% OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM TAX ABATEMENTS WILL BE RETIRED WITHIN TEN YEARS.

⁽¹⁾ This schedule represents a portion of the \$19,370,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A, dated March 11, 2025, consisting of \$13,225,000 backed by tax abatements and \$6,145,000 backed by water, sanitary sewer, and storm water revenues.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM REVENUES (As of February 2, 2025, Plus a Portion of This Issue)

Purpose:	Portion of This Issue G.O. Bonds, Series 2025A			
Dated:	03/11/25			
Original Amount:	\$6,145,000			
Maturity:	1-Feb	TOTAL	TOTAL	
Interest Rates:		PRINCIPAL:	PRIN & INT:	
2025	\$0	\$0	\$0	2025
2026	0	0	259,052	2026
2027	540,000	540,000	719,093	2027
2028	555,000	555,000	719,036	2028
2029	565,000	565,000	713,495	2029
2030	585,000	585,000	717,249	2030
2031	600,000	600,000	715,213	2031
2032	615,000	615,000	712,288	2032
2033	640,000	640,000	718,143	2033
2034	660,000	660,000	717,663	2034
2035	680,000	680,000	715,713	2035
2036	705,000	705,000	717,161	2036
	\$6,145,000	\$6,145,000	\$7,424,103	
	(1)			

NOTE: 77% OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT PAYABLE FROM REVENUES WILL BE RETIRED WITHIN TEN YEARS.

⁽¹⁾ This schedule represents a portion of the \$19,370,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A, dated March 11, 2025, consisting of \$13,225,000 backed by tax abatements and \$6,145,000 backed by water, sanitary sewer, and storm water revenues.

Indirect Debt*

<u>Issuer</u>	2023/2024 Tax Capacity <u>Value⁽¹⁾</u>	2023/2024 Tax Capacity Value <u>in City</u> (1)	Percentage Applicable <u>in City</u>	General Obligation Debt	Taxpayers' Share <u>of Debt</u>
ISD No. 191, Burnsville- Eagan-Savage	\$117,265,157	\$13,782,830	11.75%	\$91,520,000	\$ 10,753,600
ISD No. 196, Rosemount- Apple Valley-Eagan	273,305,918	86,386,660	31.61	358,710,000	113,388,231
ISD No. 197, West St. Paul	102,422,170	35,032,683	34.20	136,810,000	46,789,020
Metropolitan Council	6,313,906,529	135,202,173	2.14	7,645,000(2)	163,603
Metro Transit	5,540,695,433	135,202,173	2.44	230,580,000(3)	5,626,152

Total Indirect Debt: \$ 176,720,606

(Remainder of page intentionally left blank)

-

^{*} Only those taxing jurisdictions with general obligation debt outstanding are included. Debt figures do not include non-general obligation debt, short-term general obligation debt, revenue supported general obligation debt, lease debt or general obligation tax/aid anticipation certificates of indebtedness. Debt listed is as of February 2, 2025, unless otherwise noted.

⁽¹⁾ Tax capacity values are after tax increment and fiscal disparity contribution adjustments, but before fiscal disparity distribution.

⁽²⁾ Metropolitan Council has \$7,645,000 of general obligation debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023. This debt is payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property within the Metropolitan Taxing District. This amount excludes \$1,185,889,000 of general obligation debt payable from wastewater and sewer revenues, and lease agreements.

⁽³⁾ Metropolitan Transit has \$230,580,000 of property tax supported general obligation debt outstanding as of December 31, 2023. Transit debt is issued by the Metropolitan Council for public transit operations and is payable from ad valorem taxes levied on all taxable property within the Metropolitan Transit District. This amount excludes \$270,715,000 of general obligation debt payable from revenues.

General Obligation Debt

Bonds secured primarily by taxes	\$ 24,720,000
Bonds secured primarily by state aid	975,000
Bonds secured primarily by utility revenues (includes a portion of this issue)	6,145,000
Bonds secured primarily by special assessments	900,000
Bonds secured primarily by tax increments	4,945,000
Bonds secured primarily by tax abatements (includes a portion of this issue)	32,125,000
Subtotal	\$ 69,810,000
Less bonds secured by state aid and utility revenues	(7,120,000)
Direct General Obligation Debt	62,690,000
Add taxpayers' share of indirect debt	176,720,606
Direct and Indirect Debt	<u>\$ 239,410,606</u>

Facts for Ratio Computations

2023/2024 Economic Market Value (real and personal property)	\$13,403,437,308
Population (2024 Estimate, Per City)	69,299

Debt Ratios (Excluding Revenue Supported Debt)

	Direct <u>Debt</u>	Indirect <u>Debt</u>	Direct and <u>Indirect Debt</u>
To Economic Market Value	0.47%	1.32%	1.79%
Per Capita	\$905	\$2,550	\$3,455

APPENDIX A

Form of Legal Opinion

Form of Bond Counsel Opinion

City of Eagan Eagan, Minnesota

[Purchaser] [City, State]

Re: \$[PAR] General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A City of Eagan, Dakota County, Minnesota

Ladies and Gentlemen:

As Bond Counsel in connection with the authorization, issuance and sale by the City of Eagan, Minnesota (the "City"), of its General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A dated, as originally issued, as of March [__], 2025, in the total principal amount of \$[PAR] (the "Bonds"), we have examined certified copies of certain proceedings taken, and certain affidavits and certificates furnished, by the City in the authorization, sale and issuance of the Bonds, including the form of the Bonds. As to questions of fact material to our opinion we have assumed the authenticity of and relied upon the proceedings, affidavits and certificates furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation. From our examination of such proceedings, affidavits and certificates, and based upon laws, regulations, rulings and decisions in effect on the date hereof, it is our opinion that:

- 1. The Bonds are valid and binding general obligations of the City enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 2. The principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from tax abatement revenue to be generated from certain parcels of property in the City pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 469.1813, net revenues of the City's water, sanitary sewer, and storm water utility systems, and ad valorem taxes to be levied on all taxable property in the City, which abatement revenues, utility revenues, and taxes are expected to produce amounts sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds when due; but, if necessary for the payment of such principal and interest, additional ad valorem taxes are required by law to be levied on all taxable property in the City without limitation as to rate or amount.
- 3. Interest on the Bonds (a) is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by Section 55 of the Code.
- 4. Interest on the Bonds (a) is excluded from taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes and (b) is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the Minnesota alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals, trusts, and estates.

The opinions expressed in paragraphs 1 and 2 above are subject, as to enforceability, to the effect of any state or federal laws relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or creditors' rights and the application of equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

The opinions expressed in paragraphs 3 and 4 above are subject to the compliance by the Issuer with certain requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds. Noncompliance with these requirements could result in the inclusion of interest on the Bonds in gross

City of Eagan [Purchaser] Page 2

income for federal income tax purposes and taxable net income of individuals, estates, and trusts for Minnesota income tax purposes, retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds.

Except as stated herein, we express no opinion regarding federal, state, or other tax consequences to the owner of the Bonds. We note, however, that interest on the Bonds may be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on applicable corporations (as defined in Section 59(k) of the Code) and is included in net income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax.

In providing this opinion, we have relied upon representations of the City and its officers as to (i) the intended application of the proceeds of the Bonds, (ii) the nature, use, cost, and economic life of the facilities and equipment financed by the Bonds, and (iii) other matters relating to the exemption of the interest on the Bonds from federal income taxation.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may occur after the date hereof and which may be retroactive.

Dated: March [], 2025.

Very truly yours,

APPENDIX B

Continuing Disclosure

Form of Continuing Disclosure Covenants

Excerpt from Resolution

Continuing Disclosure (a) Purpose and Beneficiaries. To provide for the public availability of certain information relating to the Bonds and the security therefor and to permit the Purchaser and other participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to comply with amendments to Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 C.F.R. § 240.15c2-12), relating to continuing disclosure (as in effect and interpreted from time to time, the Rule), which will enhance the marketability of the Bonds, the City hereby makes the following covenants and agreements for the benefit of the Owners (as hereinafter defined) from time to time of the outstanding Bonds. The City is the only obligated person in respect of the Bonds within the meaning of the Rule for purposes of identifying the entities in respect of which continuing disclosure must be made. If the City fails to comply with any provisions of this section, any person aggrieved thereby, including the Owners of any outstanding Bonds, may take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or appropriate to enforce performance and observance of any agreement or covenant contained in this section, including an action for a writ of mandamus or specific performance. Direct, indirect, consequential and punitive damages shall not be recoverable for any default hereunder to the extent permitted by law. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in no event shall a default under this section constitute a default under the Bonds or under any other provision of this resolution. As used in this section, Owner or Bondowner means, in respect of the Bonds, the registered owner or owners thereof appearing in the bond register maintained by the Registrar or any Beneficial Owner (as hereinafter defined) thereof, if such Beneficial Owner provides to the Registrar evidence of such beneficial ownership in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Registrar. As used herein, Beneficial Owner means, in respect of the Bonds, any person or entity which (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, such Bonds (including persons or entities holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of the Bonds for federal income tax purposes.

- (b) <u>Information To Be Disclosed</u>. The City will provide, in the manner set forth in subsection (c) hereof, either directly or indirectly through an agent designated by the City, the following information at the following times:
 - (1) On or before 12 months after the end of each fiscal year of the City, commencing with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024, the following financial information and operating data in respect of the City (the "Disclosure Information"):
 - (A) the audited financial statements of the City for such fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in accordance with the governmental accounting standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board or as otherwise provided under Minnesota law, as in effect from time to time, or, if and to the extent such financial statements have not been prepared in accordance with such

generally accepted accounting principles for reasons beyond the reasonable control of the City, noting the discrepancies therefrom and the effect thereof, and certified as to accuracy and completeness in all material respects by the fiscal officer of the City; and

(B) to the extent not included in the financial statements referred to in paragraph (A) hereof, the information for such fiscal year or for the period most recently available of the type contained in the Official Statement under the headings: "Economic and Financial Information – Valuations," "– Tax Capacity Rates," "– Tax Levies and Collections," and "Summary of Debt and Debt Statistics," which information may be unaudited.

Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, if the audited financial statements are not available by the date specified, the City shall provide on or before such date unaudited financial statements in the format required for the audited financial statements as part of the Disclosure Information and, within 10 days after the receipt thereof, the City shall provide the audited financial statements. Any or all of the Disclosure Information may be incorporated by reference, if it is updated as required hereby, from other documents, including official statements, which have been filed with the SEC or have been made available to the public by the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System (EMMA). The City shall clearly identify in the Disclosure Information each document so incorporated by reference. If any part of the Disclosure Information can no longer be generated because the operations of the City have materially changed or been discontinued, such Disclosure Information need no longer be provided if the City includes in the Disclosure Information a statement to such effect; provided, however, if such operations have been replaced by other City operations in respect of which data is not included in the Disclosure Information and the City determines that certain specified data regarding such replacement operations would be a Material Fact (as defined in paragraph (2) hereof), then, from and after such determination, the Disclosure Information shall include such additional specified data regarding the replacement operations. If the Disclosure Information is changed or this section is amended as permitted by this paragraph (b)(1) or subsection (d), then the City shall include in the next Disclosure Information to be delivered hereunder, to the extent necessary, an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the effect of any change in the type of financial information or operating data provided.

- (2) In a timely manner, not in excess of 10 business days, to the MSRB through EMMA, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events (each a "Material Fact," as hereinafter defined):
 - (A) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
 - (B) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
 - (C) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties:
 - (D) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
 - (E) Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;

- (F) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
- (G) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (H) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
- (I) Defeasances;
- (J) Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
- (K) Rating changes;
- (L) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the City;
- (M) The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and
- (N) Appointment of a successor or additional paying agent or the change of name of a paying agent, if material.
- (O) Incurrence of a financial obligation of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
- (P) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

For purposes of the events identified in paragraphs (O) and (P) above, the term "financial obligation" means (i) a debt obligation; (ii) a derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) a guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term "financial obligation" shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

As used herein, for those events that must be reported if material, a "Material Fact" is a fact as to which a substantial likelihood exists that a reasonably prudent investor would attach importance thereto in deciding to buy, hold or sell the Bonds or, if not disclosed, would significantly alter the total information otherwise available to an investor from the Official Statement, information disclosed hereunder or information generally available to the public. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, a Material Fact is also a fact that would be deemed material for purposes of the purchase, holding or sale of the Bonds within the meaning of applicable federal securities laws, as interpreted at the time of discovery of the occurrence of the event.

For the purposes of the event identified in (L) hereinabove, the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar

officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person.

- (3) In a timely manner, to the MSRB through EMMA, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events or conditions:
 - (A) the failure of the City to provide the Disclosure Information required under paragraph (b)(1) at the time specified thereunder;
 - (B) the amendment or supplementing of this section pursuant to subsection (d), together with a copy of such amendment or supplement and any explanation provided by the City under subsection (d)(2);
 - (C) the termination of the obligations of the City under this section pursuant to subsection (d);
 - (D) any change in the accounting principles pursuant to which the financial statements constituting a portion of the Disclosure Information are prepared; and
 - (E) any change in the fiscal year of the City.

(c) Manner of Disclosure.

- (1) The City agrees to make available to the MSRB through EMMA, in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB, the information described in subsection (b).
- (2) All documents provided to the MSRB pursuant to this subsection (c) shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB from time to time.

(d) Term; Amendments; Interpretation.

(1) The covenants of the City in this section shall remain in effect so long as any Bonds are outstanding. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, however, the obligations of the City under this section shall terminate and be without further effect as of any date on which the City delivers to the Registrar an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that, because of legislative action or final judicial or administrative actions or proceedings, the failure of the City to comply with the requirements of this section will not cause participating underwriters in the primary offering of the Bonds to be in violation of the Rule or other applicable requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or any statutes or laws successory thereto or amendatory thereof.

(2) This section (and the form and requirements of the Disclosure Information) may be amended or supplemented by the City from time to time, without notice to (except as provided in paragraph (c)(2) hereof) or the consent of the Owners of any Bonds, by a resolution of this Council filed in the office of the recording officer of the City accompanied by an opinion of Bond Counsel, who may rely on certificates of the City and others and the opinion may be subject to customary qualifications, to the effect that: (i) such amendment or supplement (a) is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in law or regulation or a change in the identity, nature or status of the City or the type of operations conducted by the City, or (b) is required by, or better complies with, the provisions of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule; (ii) this section as so amended or supplemented would have complied with the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, giving effect to any change in circumstances applicable under clause (i)(a) and assuming that the Rule as in effect and interpreted at the time of the amendment or supplement was in effect at the time of the primary offering; and (iii) such amendment or supplement does not materially impair the interests of the Bondowners under the Rule.

If the Disclosure Information is so amended, the City agrees to provide, contemporaneously with the effectiveness of such amendment, an explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the effect, if any, of the change in the type of financial information or operating data being provided hereunder.

(3) This section is entered into to comply with the continuing disclosure provisions of the Rule and should be construed so as to satisfy the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of the Rule.

APPENDIX C

City's Financial Statement

The following financial statements are excerpts from the annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2023. The complete financial report for the year 2023 and the prior two years are available for inspection at the Eagan City Hall and the office of Northland Securities, Inc. The reader of this Official Statement should be aware that the complete financial report may have further data relating to the excerpts presented in the appendix which may provide additional explanation, interpretation or modification of the excerpts.



May 29, 2024

Honorable Mayor, Councilmembers, Citizens, and Interested Parties City of Eagan, MN

Dear Mayor Maguire, Councilmembers, Citizens, and Interested Parties:

State law requires that cities of more than 2,500 in population submit an audited annual financial report to the State Auditor by June 30 of the following year. State law also requires that the annual financial report be submitted to the Mayor and each City Council member no later than 30 days after it is due to the State Auditor. This report is published to fulfill those requirements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The organization, form and contents of this report are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and standards prescribed by the Minnesota State Auditor's office and the Government Finance Officers Association.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

The CPA firm Redpath and Company has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Eagan's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

City Profile

The City of Eagan is a southern Twin Cities suburb, equally distant from Minneapolis and St. Paul, and ten minutes from the Minneapolis/St. Paul International Airport. Eagan is located in Dakota County. The City encompasses 33.5 square miles or 21,426 acres.

MAYOR | MIKE MAGUIRE COUNCIL MEMBERS | PAUL BAKKEN, CYNDEE FIELDS, GARY HANSEN, MIKE SUPINA CITYOFEAGAN.COM

CITY ADMINISTRATOR | DIANNE MILLER MUNICIPAL CENTER | 3830 PILOT KNOB ROAD, EAGAN, MN 55122-1810

MAIN: (651) 675-5000 MAINTENANCE: (651) 675-5300 UTILITIES: (651) 675-5200

IF YOU HAVE A HEARING OR SPEECH DISABILITY, CONTACT US AT (651) 675-5000 THROUGH YOUR PREFERRED TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICE.

Eagan was incorporated as a statutory Plan A (Council/Administrator) city in 1974 and was one of the fastest growing cities in the State in the 1980s. The population doubled in the 1970's and doubled again in the 1980's. Since 1990, Eagan has grown another 45%. Since all but a small amount of vacant residential land has now been developed and as the City nears full development, population growth has slowed, with just an 8% modest increase between 2000 and 2020.

Census	<u>Population</u>	Population <u>Increase</u>	Percent <u>Increase</u>
2020	68,855	4,649	7.2%
2010	64,206	649	1%
2000	63,557	16,148	34%
1990	47,409	26,709	129%
1980	20,700	10,302	99%
1970	10,398	7,016	207%
1960	3,382	-	-

Eagan is located at the juncture of two interstate freeways—Interstate 494 traverses east and west along the City's north border, while Interstate 35E runs north and south through the City. The extensive system of County and State highways and 244 miles of city streets has made the City an ideal location for development. State Highway 13 along the western edge of the City is a major regional artery, as is State Highway 77, which runs north and south. The transportation routes serving Eagan provide easy access for commuters coming into the City, as well as City residents going to employment in the rest of the metropolitan area, including the downtowns of Minneapolis and St. Paul.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. This includes public safety (police and fire), public works (engineering, streets and highways), parks and recreation, and general government. The City also operates a public water and sewer utility, limited street lighting utility, water quality/storm drainage utility, civic arena, recreational aquatic facility, community center and community public television.

The City participates with other municipalities in jointly governed organizations for public transit, dispatch services and data management and software application support. Separate financial statements are issued for these jointly governed organizations; information on activity between the City and these organizations can be found in the notes to the City's financial statements (Note 1.A.2).

Refuse collection and recycling are handled on a private basis through contractual arrangements with private haulers. Sewage treatment is operated on a regional basis by the Metropolitan Council.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Budgets for the calendar year are adopted annually by the City Council in December, subsequent to several months of analysis and review and an opportunity for input from citizens by way of public hearings. The City Council adopts budgets for the General Fund and the Special Revenue funds. Budgeting controls in the General Fund are maintained at the department level. Appropriations not expended at the end of the fiscal year lapse and budget adjustments require City Council approval.

Economic Condition and Outlook

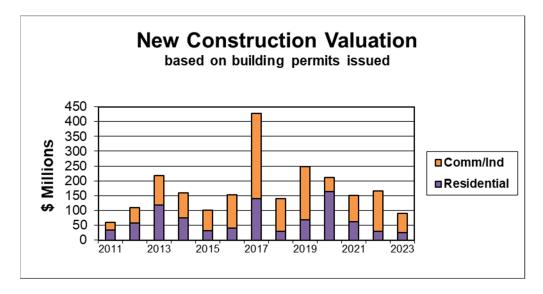
Labor market data for the region continue to compare favorably to the rest of the state and the country:

•	2023		2022	
	Civilian Unemployment		Civilian	Unemployment
	<u>Labor Force</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Labor Force	<u>e Rate</u>
Eagan	39,346	2.3%	38,900	2.1%
Dakota County	243,607	2.6%	241,305	2.2%
Mpls/St. Paul MSA	2,023,956	2.7%	2,004,153	2.5%
State of Minnesota United States	3,099,922 164,116,416	2.8% 3.6%	3,077,500 164,287,166	2.7% 3.6%
Office Clared	101,110,110	0.070	101,201,100	0.070

Source: MN Dept of Employment & Economic Development. Figures are annual averages, not seasonally adjusted.

The City's ten largest employers have combined estimated employment of about 17,500 with Thomson Reuters, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and the Minnesota Vikings making Eagan their headquarters location. The employers in Eagan are well diversified and provide a large variation in employment opportunities. The ten largest taxpayers in the City also represent varied types of business and account for approximately 8% of the 2023 tax capacity.

Eagan's economy is very strong and is one of the largest and most diverse employment nodes in the Twin Cities area. Eagan's unemployment rate is 2.3% and is continually the lowest in comparison to Dakota County, the Minneapolis and St. Paul region, and the State of Minnesota. We expect this trend to continue for years to come as the city is seen as a net employer and it offers diverse employment opportunities to residents in and outside of the city.



Building permit valuation is a measure of the value of new development or permitted property improvements. Changing economic times, with a rising interest rate environment, slowed growth nationally and locally resulting in the decline of commercial and residential property development in 2023, the 2nd lowest year in recent past. The City issued sixteen commercial/industrial permits with valuations over \$1.0 million with eight permits being issued for new structures. All the new construction permits, except for one, were issued for new commercial/Industrial structures.

With the underlying strength of the seven-county metropolitan area's economy, the City's diversification of tax and employment bases, and its prime location, Eagan's long-term future continues to look positive.

Major Initiatives and Long-term Financial Planning

Resulting impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic led to a significant change in how we live, work and play around the world. Homeowners are investing more time and money into their home with remodeling projects and new amenities. Recreation activity increased with outdoor activity becoming more of a focus for families and the community. Trends with remote work and e-commerce began to accelerate with many workers leaving their offices and the corporate campus environment to work more from home. These changes led to a shift of city service demand throughout the pandemic with more residential building permits and recreational programs being provided than in recent history. Additional impacts with the new hybrid and remote work environments continue to unfold as well with companies evaluating their space needs. Eagan is not immune to these national trends and is embracing these changes and opportunities as a community.

Blue Cross Blue Shield of Minnesota, Thomson Reuters, Unisys Corporation, Prime Therapeutics and Delta Airlines, all major corporations and community stewards of the city, have recently announced consolidation of their office needs and sale or lease of a portion of their properties. These properties represent 2.6 million square feet of office space that is not expected to be refilled in its entirety due to market conditions.

In 2023, Thomson Reuters announced that they were looking to downsize their 400-acre corporate campus site and listed the property for sale. Being that Thomson Reuters has been a long standing and major community partner, the city had a strong interest in retaining that partnership and retaining Thomson Reuters as a community member. The city proactively and successfully worked with them to relocate their operations within the northwest quadrant of Eagan, near the Minnesota Vikings Headquarters. Thomson Reuters will now occupy two-thirds of the Prime Therapeutics 400,000 square foot building that was constructed in 2018. Prime Therapeutics also recently downsized its corporate campus footprint and will remain in the other third of the building and between the two companies, they will fully occupy that building. In addition, long-standing corporate community member, Blue Cross Blue Shield has consolidated their employees at their Eagan River Park facility, a portion of their corporate campus, and leaving two major sites now available for redevelopment.

Using a more proactive approach, the city wanted a more detailed study of the reuse of 71 acres just north of Eagan Central Park and Community Center, where Unisys Corporation and a Delta Airlines property reside. These sites are being marketed for sale and provide a unique opportunity for redevelopment in the city. The City Council authorized a consultant to prepare and engage the community in a small area study with a purpose to guide future development considerations, communicate the City's vision to potential developers, and provide a clearer path for redevelopment. The study will conclude in early 2024 and is expected to allow consideration of approximately 1,100 new housing units and 400,000 square feet of new commercial and medical office space across both properties. The plan lays out an exciting opportunity and is believed to be financially feasible for prospective developers and the city.

As the City continues to adjust its services and address community demands from constituents and market conditions, it also continues to seize the redevelopment opportunities to preserve its tax base. By being proactive and working with its community partners, maintaining the strong-tax base, continuing to investment in its facilities, and a combination of long-term financial planning, the city's constituents and stakeholders will continue to see a strong demand for Eagan property while maintaining a strong community character.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Eagan for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This was the thirty-eighth year the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to receive the Certificate of Achievement award, a governmental unit had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to particularly thank accountants Alexandra O'Leary, Gretchen Gifford, and Jen Boelter for their work preparing for the external audit.

We also want to express our appreciation to the Mayor and the members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Brent Foiles Assistant Finance Director Josh Feldman Finance Director Dianne Miller City Administrator

Dianne Miller

- This page intentionally left blank -



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Eagan Minnesota

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

- This page intentionally left blank -

FINANCIAL SECTION

- This page intentionally left blank -



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Eagan, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eagan, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Eagan, Minnesota's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eagan, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Eagan, Minnesota and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Eagan, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Eagan, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Eagan, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of OPEB and pension information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Eagan, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in

accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 29, 2024 on our consideration of the City of Eagan, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Eagan, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Eagan, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

REDPATH AND COMPANY, LLC

St. Paul, Minnesota

May 29, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Eagan (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 7 through 11 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the year by \$495.7 million. Of this amount, \$78.5 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund directives and fiscal policies.
- The City's total net position increased by \$14.8 million.
- As of the close of the year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$72.3 million; 72.6% of this total amount, or \$52.5 million, is available for use within the City's directives and policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$29.9 million, or 64.3% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$8.8 million during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include its Public Utilities (water, sewer, street lighting, storm drainage/water quality), Civic Arena, Aquatic Facility, and Community Center.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 36-37 of this report.

Fund Financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

As of December 31, 2023, the City maintained 39 individual governmental funds. Four governmental funds were opened in 2023 and zero were closed. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for six funds: the General Fund, Cedar Grove/Highway 13 Tax Increment Capital Projects Fund, Revolving Improvement Construction Capital Projects Fund, Major Street Capital Projects Fund, Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Fund, and American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund. These six funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 33 governmental funds are presented within the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. The City adopts budgets for their Housing, Cable TV Franchise Fees, Eagan TV, Minnesota Investment Fund Revolving Loan, DWI Forfeiture, Cedar Grove Parking Garage, Tree Mitigation, Sustainability, and American Rescue Plan special revenue funds. The City also adopts budgets for their Park System Development and Renewal & Replacement, Equipment Revolving, General Facilities Renewal, and Fire Apparatus Revolving capital project funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for those funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-47 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Public Utilities (water, sewer, street lighting, storm drainage and water quality), Civic Arena, Aquatic Facility, and Community Center. Internal service funds are accounting devices used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its risk management, benefit accrual, workers' compensation self-insurance and dental self-insurance benefits. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Public Utilities, Civic Arena, Aquatic Facility, and Community Center, which are considered to be major funds of the City. The four internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual division data on the public utilities and individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 48-58 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 65-98 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules can be found on pages 112-145 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$495.7 million at the close of 2023.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position, \$387.5 million, or 78.2%, reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. construction in progress, land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities	Totals	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$105,138,609	\$100,517,951	\$54,591,088	\$53,825,267	\$159,729,697	\$154,343,218
Capital assets	236,907,448	231,250,924	186,627,992	186,708,531	423,535,440	417,959,455
Total assets	342,046,057	331,768,875	241,219,080	240,533,798	583,265,137	572,302,673
Deferred outflows:						
Deferred outflows - pension	29,365,640	37,303,051	864,430	1,355,324	30,230,070	38,658,375
Deferred outflows - OPEB	4,939,492	3,446,252	364,376	214,907	5,303,868	3,661,159
Total deferred outflows	34,305,132	40,749,303	1,228,806	1,570,231	35,533,938	42,319,534
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities	61,081,096	94,450,286	3,183,891	4,288,087	64,264,987	98,738,373
Other liabilities	22,440,419	28,009,105	2,763,617	2,247,495	25,204,036	30,256,600
Total liabilities	83,521,515	122,459,391	5,947,508	6,535,582	89,469,023	128,994,973
Deferred inflows:						
Deferred inflows - pension	28,114,200	465,610	1,026,914	63,599	29,141,114	529,209
Deferred inflows - OPEB	1,041,022	509,389	76,795	31,616	1,117,817	541,005
Deferred inflows - leases	269,570	373,952	3,118,400	3,254,249	3,387,970	3,628,201
Total deferred inflows	29,424,792	1,348,951	4,222,109	3,349,464	33,646,901	4,698,415
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	200,887,470	192,298,765	186,607,158	186,496,117	387,494,628	378,794,882
Restricted	28,797,176	32,154,245	892,600	944,362	29,689,776	33,098,607
Unrestricted	33,720,236	24,256,826	44,778,511	44,778,504	78,498,747	69,035,330
Total net position	\$263,404,882	\$248,709,836	\$232,278,269	\$232,218,983	\$495,683,151	\$480,928,819

A portion of the City's net position represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$78.5 million, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

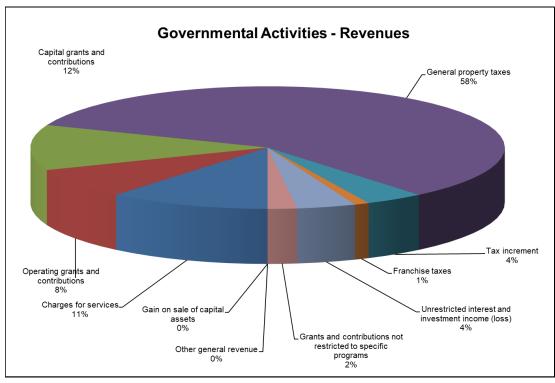
Governmental Activities. Net position increased from governmental activities by \$12.8 million, or 5.1%, before transfers. The City of Eagan adopted a 6.0% property tax levy increase for calendar year 2023 that resulted in an overall increase of \$2.2 million in property tax revenue from 2022. A strong national economy led to increased performance of the City's investment pool resulting in unrestricted interest and investment income growing \$4.1 million from income levels experienced in 2022. The City experienced a significant increase in park dedication fee revenue in 2023 following the development of a large area of land on the City's eastern border. This increase in park dedication revenue resulted in the City's charges for services revenue to increase \$2.1 million from 2022. Lastly, throughout 2023, the City experienced turnover and vacancies in several positions resulting in cost savings and actual personnel expenses to be under budget by \$1.5 million.

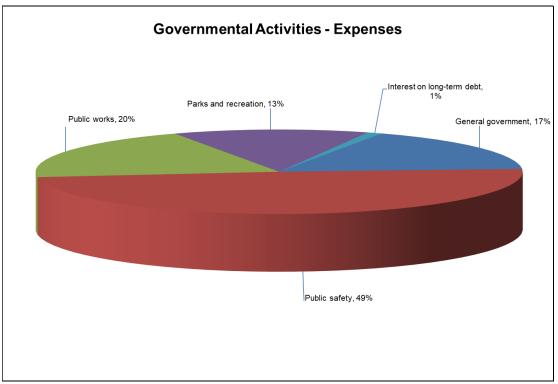
City's Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2022
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$8,470,118	\$6,399,040	\$28,890,123	\$26,777,526	\$37,360,241	\$33,176,566
Operating grants and contributions	6,108,312	4,618,927	-	-	6,108,312	4,618,927
Capital grants and contributions	9,670,318	1,704,914	1,106,981	137,573	10,777,299	1,842,487
General revenues:						
General property taxes	45,164,143	42,947,281	-	-	45,164,143	42,947,281
Tax increment	3,515,429	3,495,300	-	-	3,515,429	3,495,300
Franchise taxes	734,416	772,335	-	-	734,416	772,335
Unrestricted interest and						
investment income (loss)	2,967,330	(1,162,478)	2,261,119	749,499	5,228,449	(412,979)
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs	1,207,395	1,168,489	-	-	1,207,395	1,168,489
Other general revenue	210,582	45,722	-	-	210,582	45,722
Gain on sale of capital assets	145,174	150,900	-	66,200	145,174	217,100
Total revenues	78,193,217	60,140,430	32,258,223	27,730,798	110,451,440	87,871,228
Expenses:						
General government	11,367,110	11,052,326	-	-	11,367,110	11,052,326
Public safety	31,765,583	27,105,650	-	-	31,765,583	27,105,650
Public works	12,930,677	11,867,289	-	-	12,930,677	11,867,289
Parks and recreation	8,383,064	7,596,827	-	-	8,383,064	7,596,827
Interest on long-term debt	987,970	1,208,832	-	-	987,970	1,208,832
Public utilities	-	-	24,118,091	22,186,153	24,118,091	22,186,153
Civic arena	-	-	1,547,301	1,484,047	1,547,301	1,484,047
Aquatic facility	-	-	1,959,344	1,817,915	1,959,344	1,817,915
Community center			2,637,968	2,201,384	2,637,968	2,201,384
Total expenses	65,434,404	58,830,924	30,262,704	27,689,499	95,697,108	86,520,423
Increase in net position						
before transfers	12,758,813	1,309,506	1,995,519	41,299	14,754,332	1,350,805
Transfers	1,936,233	(470,834)	(1,936,233)	470,834		
	44.005.040		50.000	540.400	44.754.000	4 050 005
Change in net position	14,695,046	838,672	59,286	512,133	14,754,332	1,350,805
Net position - January 1	248,709,836	247,871,164	232,218,983	231,706,850	480,928,819	479,578,014
N. 1 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	0000 101 000	#040 700 0CC	#000 070 0CC	#000 040 000	**	*
Net position - December 31	\$263,404,882	\$248,709,836	\$232,278,269	\$232,218,983	\$495,683,151	\$480,928,819

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Following are graphs providing comparisons of the governmental activities revenues and expense:

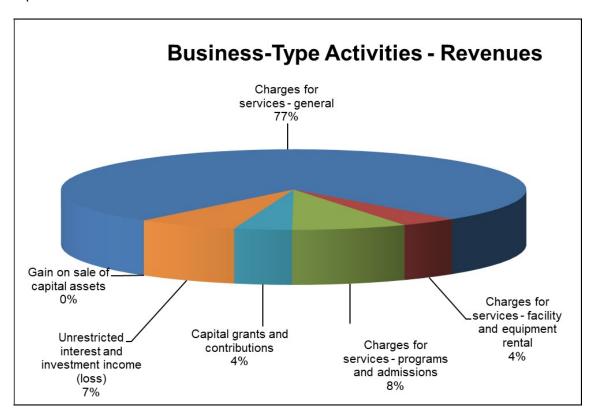




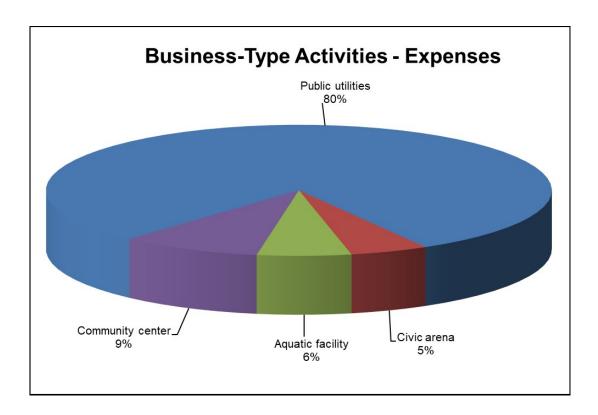
Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities net position increased by \$2.0 million before capital contributions and transfers. Total operating revenues increased by \$2.1 million in 2023, while total operating expenses increased \$2.6 million. Revenues for public utility service charges increased \$1.7 million in 2023 due to rate increases approved by City Council for 2023. Operating revenues experienced at Civic Arena, Cascade Bay, and Community Center increased \$550,000 in 2023 as operations at those locations continue to recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. A strong national economy led to increased performance of the City's investment pool resulting in unrestricted interest and investment income growing \$1.5 million from income levels experienced in 2022. Operating expenses for public utilities increased \$1.9 million dollars due to increased costs of personnel as well as an increase in the sanitary sewer disposal charged paid to the Metropolitan Council. Expenses incurred for the Civic Arena, Cascade Bay, and Community Center remained consistent in 2023 with moderate increases experienced in personnel costs following planned cost of living adjustments in 2023.

Following are graphs showing the business-type activities revenue and expense comparisons:



Management's Discussion and Analysis



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$72.3 million. Approximately 72.6% of this total amount, or \$52.5 million, constitutes fund balance that is neither committed, restricted or nonspendable. \$1.3 million of the fund balance is nonspendable due to existing inventory and outstanding prepayment obligations. \$3.6 million of the fund balance is restricted for debt service, \$5.0 million is restricted for Park Development, \$3.3 million is restricted for public safety support, \$1.1 million is restricted for use in tax increment districts, and \$2.3 million is restricted for general public, educational, and government programming.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$29.9 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 57.1% of the General Fund's budgeted subsequent year expenditures.

Fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$0.4 million. Total General Fund revenue was \$47.0 million with Property Taxes of \$38.2 million continuing to be the predominant funding source for general city operations. Property tax revenue increased \$2.0 million as a result of a planned 6.5% General Fund tax levy increase to support budgetary expenditure increases of 2.0% in 2023. The average value home in Eagan increased from \$345,478 to \$394,166, an increase of approximately 14.1%, with the homeowner experiencing 7.3% increase in the City portion of property taxes. Licenses, Permits and Charges for Services totaled \$4.7 million, or 10.0%, of the revenue in the General Fund. General Fund expenditures were \$46.5 million resulting in expenditures exceeding revenues by \$0.5 million. Transfers in from the Public Utilities Fund (\$1.9 million), and the Cable TV Franchise Fund (\$0.4 million) were utilized to support cross-departmental staff and operational services. Public Safety expenditures of \$25.1 million continue to make up approximately half of the City's operational expenditures.

The Cedar Grove/Highway 13 Tax Increment Capital Projects Fund increased by \$1.6 million. Tax Increment revenue of \$2.2 million was the factor for the increase of fund balance, which was offset by a \$0.6 million loss on investments. The outstanding advance from the Combined Utility Trunk for capital activity was reduced from \$5.7 million in 2022, to \$3.5 million at year end 2023.

The Revolving Improvement Construction Capital Projects Fund increased by \$1.1 million. Expenditures totaled \$12.1 million, mainly from capital outlay for public works projects. Revenues totaled \$7.5 million, with special assessments (\$1.8 million) and intergovernmental revenues (\$5.7 million) being the primary source. Net transfers in to the fund totaled \$5.7 million for various street, road and other infrastructure improvements projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Major Street Capital Projects Fund increased by \$0.0 million. Net transfers out of the fund to the Revolving Improvement Construction Capital Projects Fund totaled \$3.5 million for various street, road, and other infrastructure improvement projects. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3.5 million. Timing differences in project revenues and expenditures can result in a substantial increase or decrease in this fund from year to year.

The Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Fund increased by \$1.2 million. Revenues from investment income on available cash and an internal loan to the Cedar Grove TIF District totaled \$0.6 million in 2023; while special assessment revenues were \$0.6 million. Expenditures in the fund for 2023 were minor, totaling \$0.0 million.

The American Rescue Plan Special Revenue Fund increased by \$0.2 million. American Rescue Plan revenues offset with corresponding transfers out were \$1.2 million.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The unrestricted net position in the respective enterprise funds are: Public Utilities, \$21.2 million; Civic Arena, (\$0.1) million; Aquatic Facility, \$1.6 million; and Community Center, \$2.0 million.

Net position decreased \$0.7 million in the Public Utilities Fund. Operating income before depreciation totaled \$4.3 million. Depreciation expense totaled \$6.1 million resulting in an operating loss of \$1.8 million. After non-operating revenues and expenses of \$3.4 million, capital contributions totaling \$2.2 million, and net transfers out of \$4.5 million, the Public Utilities Fund ended the year with a net position of \$196.5 million. The net transfers out of \$4.5 million included a \$1.9 million transfer to the General Fund for reimbursement of operational services provided to the Public Utilities fund. In addition, a recurring transfer of antenna lease revenues of \$0.4 million was made to the Community Center to support operations in 2023.

Net position prior to transfers decreased \$0.3 million in the Civic Arena, \$0.0 million in the Aquatic Facility, and \$0.8 million in the Community Center. Operations at these city facilities were greatly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic; however, operations in 2023 show continued progress towards pre-pandemic levels. Following transfers in to support continuing operations, the net position decreased \$0.2 million in the Civic Arena, \$0.0 million in the Aquatic Facility, and \$0.3 million in the Community Center.

The four internal service funds have combined net position of \$9.4 million. Net position increased \$0.9 million, primarily in the Benefit Accrual Fund (\$0.9 million). Revenue from service charges increased \$1.1 million across all funds, while operating expenses increased \$1.3 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund

Subsequent to the adoption of the Original Budget for General Fund expenditures (\$48.3 million), the City made a budget amendment that increased General Fund expenditures to \$48.4 million. Total revenue collections were 104% of budget. Property tax collections remained strong in 2023 at 99% leading budgeted property tax revenues to exceed actual revenues by \$0.4 million. Licenses and permits revenue exceeded budget expectations by

Management's Discussion and Analysis

\$0.1 million due to a stronger level of building permits and higher property valuation for improvements than impacted. Intergovernmental revenue exceeded budget expectations by \$0.4 million due primarily to the City's historical approach of adopting a conservative budget for annual public safety aid received from the State of Minnesota.

Expenditures in total were under budget by \$1.8 million. General government, Public Safety, and Public Works expenditures were less than budgeted by \$0.4 million, \$0.6 million, and \$0.5 million, respectively, due to the City experiencing staff vacancies and retirements of tenured staff.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023, amounts to \$423.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment.

Major capital asset construction during the current fiscal year included \$4.4 million in capital improvements to the City's utility infrastructure system, and \$3.0 million for recreation facility improvements at Goat Hill and the Eagan Art House. In addition, there was \$12.1 million of improvements incurred to maintain the existing infrastructure across the City.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 78-80 of this report.

City's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business -Type Activities		Totals	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Land	\$71,983,950	\$71,927,350	\$1,638,054	\$1,638,054	\$73,622,004	\$73,565,404
Permanent easements	1,959,010	1,959,010	336,501	336,501	2,295,511	2,295,511
Sculptures and monuments	237,705	212,705	-	-	237,705	212,705
Buildings	43,838,901	44,453,905	20,680,364	17,987,663	64,519,265	62,441,568
Improvements other than buildings	28,399,881	28,931,821	=	-	28,399,881	28,931,821
Machinery and equipment	10,268,812	10,465,811	11,204,911	9,561,152	21,473,723	20,026,963
Infastructure and temporary easements	67,565,613	61,582,416	151,153,176	149,755,690	218,718,789	211,338,106
Construction in progess	12,653,576	11,717,906	1,614,986	7,429,471	14,268,562	19,147,377
Total	\$236,907,448	\$231,250,924	\$186,627,992	\$186,708,531	\$423,535,440	\$417,959,455

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$36.4 million. The total debt outstanding for the City of \$41.0 million includes \$4.0 million for compensated absences and \$0.6 million for unamortized premiums and discounts.

City's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities		Business -T	ype Activities	Totals	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
General Obligation bonds	\$36,405,000	\$45,115,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$36,405,000	\$45,115,000
Net premiums/discounts	580,993	629,986	-	-	580,993	629,986
Compensated absences	4,043,302	3,746,611	-	-	4,043,302	3,746,611
Total	\$41,029,295	\$49,491,597	\$0	\$0	\$41,029,295	\$49,491,597

In March 2024, with the issuance of the Series 2024A bonds, Moody's reaffirmed their credit rating on the City's general obligation (G.O.) debt of Aaa, which is the highest rating possible.

Minnesota Statutes limit the amount of direct G.O. net debt a Minnesota city may issue to 3% of total estimated market value of property within the city. Net debt means actual debt less cash held in sinking funds for retirement of the debt. The current net debt limitation for the City is \$383.5 million. The City's net debt is \$33.0 million.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on pages 80-84 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The nation's economy continued to be strong in 2023 with growth in consumer spending and jobs. Unemployment continued to be low while wage growth positively impacted workers around the country. Inflationary concerns felt in 2022 began to subside with the Federal Reserve acting and raising the Fed Funds rate for the 11th time in July of 2023 resulting in a steady decline of inflation from 2022 and into the 1st quarter of 2023 with it leveling out for the remainder of the year. Borrowing money became more expensive for the consumer and resulted in a slowing of construction activity and the housing market in comparison to 2022.

Employment increased nationally and continued to grow at modest levels in 2023. Income for families also grew at rates similar to 2022 and continues to be above levels from 2021. Hiring demand continues to be high in most business sectors with the jobs-to-jobless ratio gap continuing to close throughout the year.

The COVID-19 impacts subsided in 2023 but still indirectly lingered after the pandemic in the form of change in service demand and overall inflation. Economic relief from the pandemic was provided in 2021 and 2022 from the federal government. The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) provided welcomed aid during the pandemic and is still proving to be useful to address these impacts after the pandemic. City staff continue to work closely with City Council to determine the best use of ARPA funds. Revenue loss from the enterprise funds and one-time capital purchases have been the primary uses and are planned to be through 2024, when all the funds are required to be spent or obligated.

Additional financial support was recently allocated as part of the 2023 State of Minnesota's legislative session with the city receiving \$3.02 million of Public Safety Aid. These funds are slated to be used over the next four years with a phased-in tax levy to pay for positions that are programmed and proposed to be hired in 2024 and 2025.

Locally, residential home values continued to increase for taxes payable 2024. The average valued home of \$409,636 for taxes payable 2024 increased 3.9% from taxes payable in 2023 where the home was valued at \$394,166. The city portion of property taxes on the average valued home in Eagan increased 1.9% for taxes payable 2024. The city's tax rate went essentially unchanged for the average valued homeowner due to an adjustment in the Market Value Exclusion Program by the 2023 State Legislature. The new legislation provides property tax relief to homesteaded properties and now shelters more of the taxable value when determining the tax capacity of the property.

The City adopts budgets for a General Fund, the City's primary operational fund, and multiple Enterprise, Special Revenue, and Capital Project Funds. During 2023, the City prepared and conducted another two-year budget process with the setting of the 2024 budget, the first of the of two-year budgets. The 2025 budget is in a draft form and is presented to the City Council for informational purposes to provide additional longer-term perspective for the subsequent year's budget. The 2024 General Fund budget was set at \$52.3 million, an increase of \$4.0 million, or 8.3%, compared to the 2023 budget of \$48.3 million. The budget is driven primarily by modest wage increases for existing union and nonunion staff, and the hiring of public personnel with the Public Safety Aid provided by the State. The City's total 2024 property tax levy is set to increase 6.9% from 2023. The City portion of taxes on an average valued Eagan home increased from \$1,317 to \$1,342 or 1.9%. The property tax capacity rate (city portion) in 2024 is 33.565% compared to 33.566% in 2023. The slight decrease in the tax capacity rate is primary a result of the growth experienced in the City's net local tax capacity exceeding the net local levy increase for 2024.

As challenges continue with rising interest rates and inflation and additional impacts resulting from the of the COVID-19 pandemic, the City will continue to advance its proactive planning and strategies to best respond and address the challenges that might arise in the future in an effort to best serve its constituents, residents, and Eagan community.

More information on the City's 2024 Budget can be found at the following link:

https://www.cityofeagan.com/budget

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Assistant Finance Director, 3830 Pilot Knob Road, Eagan, Minnesota 55122. Email requests can be sent to bfoiles@cityofeagan.com.

- This page intentionally left blank -

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental	Puoinogo Typo	
Assets:	Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Cash and investments	\$84,681,592	30,122,357	\$114,803,949
Receivables	\$04,001,392	30,122,337	\$114,000,949
Accounts receivable	979,044	3,951,280	4.930.324
Interest receivable	372,992	128,013	501,005
Property tax receivable	1,865,751	905	1,866,656
Special assessments receivable	10,198,625	872,705	11,071,330
Internal balances	(14,529,535)	14,529,535	-
Notes receivable	77,350	-	77,350
Leases receivable	269,570	3,118,400	3,387,970
Due from other governments	7,660,470	904,233	8,564,703
Other assets	353,945	=	353,945
Prepaid items	1,108,682	71,060	1,179,742
Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) asset	12,100,123	892,600	12,992,723
Capital assets not being depreciated	,, -	,,,,,	,,
Land	71,983,950	1,638,054	73,622,004
Permanent easements	1,959,010	336,501	2,295,511
Sculptures and monuments	237,705	· -	237,705
Construction in progress	12,653,576	1,614,986	14,268,562
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation		· -	
Buildings	43,838,901	20,680,364	64,519,265
Infrastructure and temporary easements	67,565,613	151,153,176	218,718,789
Improvements other than buildings	28,399,881	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	28,399,881
Machinery and equipment	10,268,812	11,204,911	21,473,723
Total assets	342,046,057	241,219,080	583,265,137
D (10 H			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	00.005.040	004.400	22 222 272
Pensions	29,365,640	864,430	30,230,070
OPEB T. I.	4,939,492	364,376	5,303,868
Total deferred outflows of resources	34,305,132	1,228,806	35,533,938
Liabilities:			
Salaries and benefits payable	897,054	176,570	1,073,624
Accounts payable	1,144,523	1,229,129	2,373,652
Contracts payable	138,985	20,834	159,819
Accrued interest payable	433,878	673	434,551
Due to other governments	5,148,364	208,116	5,356,480
Unearned revenue	4,261,362	299,625	4,560,987
Escrow deposits	2,983,365	823,397	3,806,762
Other liabilities	1,330,448	5,273	1,335,721
Bond principal payable	1,550,440	5,275	1,555,721
Payable within one year	2,320,000	_	2,320,000
Payable after one year	34,665,993		34,665,993
Compensated absences payable	04,000,990	<u>-</u>	54,005,995
Payable within one year	3,782,440	_	3,782,440
Payable after one year	260,862	_	260.862
Net pension liability due in more than one year	26,154,241	3,183,891	29.338.132
Total liabilities	83,521,515	5.947.508	89,469,023
	00,021,010	0,047,000	00,400,020
Deferred Inflows of Resources		,	
Pensions	28,114,200	1,026,914	29,141,114
OPEB	1,041,022	76,795	1,117,817
Leases	269,570	3,118,400	3,387,970
Total deferred inflows of resources	29,424,792	4,222,109	33,646,901
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	200,887,470	186,607,158	387,494,628
Restricted for:	200,007,470	100,007,100	007,404,020
OPEB	12,100,123	892,600	12,992,723
Debt service	4,656,565	-	4,656,565
Public safety	3,576,934	_	3,576,934
Eagan TV	1,777,331	_	1,777,331
Revolving loan	370,559	- -	370,559
Grant purposes	203,496	- -	203,496
Park dedication	4,971,902	- -	4,971,902
Tax increment	1,140,266	- -	1,140,266
Unrestricted	33,720,236	- 44,778,511	78,498,747
Total net position	\$263,404,882	\$232,278,269	\$495,683,151
ι σται πετ μοσιτίστι	φ200,404,002	Ψ202,210,203	ψτσυ,000,101

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges For Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$11,367,110	\$1,317,974	\$196,526	\$ -	(\$9,852,610)	\$ -	(\$9,852,610)
Public safety	31,765,583	3,188,021	5,201,066	-	(23,376,496)	-	(23,376,496)
Public works	12,930,677	880,150	629,563	9,670,318	(1,750,646)	-	(1,750,646)
Parks and recreation	8,383,064	3,083,973	81,157	-	(5,217,934)	-	(5,217,934)
Interest on long-term debt	987,970			<u> </u>	(987,970)	<u> </u>	(987,970)
Total governmental activities	65,434,404	8,470,118	6,108,312	9,670,318	(41,185,656)	0	(41,185,656)
Business-type activities:							
Public utilities	24,118,091	24,114,750	-	1,106,981	-	1,103,640	1,103,640
Civic arena	1,547,301	1,216,167	-	-	-	(331,134)	(331,134)
Aquatic facility	1,959,344	1,882,148	-	-	-	(77,196)	(77,196)
Community center	2,637,968	1,677,058	-	-	-	(960,910)	(960,910)
Total business-type activities	30,262,704	28,890,123	0	1,106,981	0	(265,600)	(265,600)
Total governmental and							
business-type activities	\$95,697,108	\$37,360,241	\$6,108,312	\$10,777,299	(41,185,656)	(265,600)	(41,451,256)
		General revenues: Property taxes			45,164,143	_	45,164,143
		Franchise taxes			734,416	- -	734,416
		Tax increments			3,515,429		3,515,429
			and investment income	(loss)	2,967,330	2,261,119	5,228,449
			tions not restricted to spe		1,207,395	2,201,113	1,207,395
		Other general reven		some programs	210.582		210,582
		Transfers	uc		1,936,233	(1,936,233)	210,302
		Gain on sale of capital	Laccate		145,174	(1,000,200)	145,174
		Total general rev			140,174		143,174
		transfers	venues una		55,880,702	324,886	56,205,588
		Change in net position	1		14,695,046	59,286	14,754,332
		Net position - beginning	ng		248,709,836	232,218,983	480,928,819
		Net position - ending			\$263,404,882	\$232,278,269	\$495,683,151

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Assets	9001 General Fund	9334 Cedar Grove Highway 13 Tax Increment	9372 Revolving Improvement Construction
Cash and investments	¢22 594 190	¢	\$ -
Accounts receivable	\$32,584,189 175,781	\$ -	φ -
Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	138,799	-	-
Taxes receivable	1,577,282	4,530	-
Special assessments receivable	3,242	4,330	- 6,418,324
Due from other funds	3,242	-	0,410,324
	229,720	-	5,209,306
Due from other governments	353,945	-	3,209,300
Inventory Prepaid items	24,568	-	-
Notes receivable	24,308	-	-
Leases receivable	269,570	-	-
Advances to other funds	209,370	- -	- -
Total assets	\$35,357,096	\$4,530	\$11,627,630
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance			
Liabilities:			
Salaries and benefits payable	\$877,545	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	371,041	-	21,904
Contracts payable	-	-	27,911
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	10,934,607	9,654,862
Due to other governments	321,613	-	4,635,191
Escrow deposits	2,607,779	-	-
Unearned revenue	134,409	-	-
Other liabilities	170,778	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	3,480,913	-
Total liabilities	4,483,165	14,415,520	14,339,868
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unavailable revenue - taxes receivable	344,092	-	-
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	3,116	-	6,408,994
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue - grants receivable	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue - land held for resale	153,300	-	-
Related to leases receivable	269,570		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	770,078		6,408,994
Fund Balance:			
Nonspendable	225,213	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-
Unassigned	29,878,640	(14,410,990)	(9,121,232)
Total fund balance	30,103,853	(14,410,990)	(9,121,232)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			
of resources, and fund balance	\$35,357,096	\$4,530	\$11,627,630

9375 Major Street	9376 Combined Utility Trunk	9125 American Rescue Plan	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$11,537,123	\$15,803,903	\$3,291,689	\$23,036,147	\$86,253,051
- 48,768	38,678	- 20,914	802,115 103,884	977,896 351,043
104,039	-	-	179,900	1,865,751
710,035	424,549	-	3,067,024	10,623,174
9,654,862	-	1,000,000	2,561,433	13,216,295
562,292	421,468	-	1,122,659	7,545,445
-	-	-	- 1,084,114	353,945 1,108,682
- -	- -	- -	77,350	77,350
_	-	-	-	269,570
<u>-</u>	3,480,913	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,480,913
\$22,617,119	\$20,169,511	\$4,312,603	\$32,034,626	\$126,123,115
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$19,509	\$897,054
-	1,491	7,025	553,137	954,598
-	- -	-	111,074	138,985
-	-		11,606	11,606
-	-	-	3,675,448	24,264,917
1,609	- -	1,914	158,115 375,586	5,118,442 2,983,365
- -	- -	4,100,168	-	4,234,577
-	-	-	-	170,778
	<u>-</u>			3,480,913
1,609	1,491	4,109,107	4,904,475	42,255,235
23,865	-	-	39,686	407,643
710,035	423,706	-	3,060,035 36,573	10,605,886 36,573
- -	- -	- -	45,957	45,957
-	-	-	-	153,300
-	<u> </u>	-	-	269,570
733,900	423,706	0	3,182,251	11,518,929
-	-	-	1,084,114	1,309,327
-	-	- 203,496	15,347,392 2,944,964	15,347,392 3,148,460
- 21,881,610	- 19,744,314	200, 4 30 -	7,600,782	49,226,706
	-	-	(3,029,352)	3,317,066
21,881,610	19,744,314	203,496	23,947,900	72,348,951
		\$4,312,603		

- This page intentionally left blank -

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$72,348,951
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources	
and, therefore, not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	
Costs of capital assets	388,756,758
Less accumulated depreciation	(151,849,310)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds:	
Bond principal payable	(36,405,000)
Unamortized bond premium/discount	(580,993)
Net OPEB asset	12,100,123
Net pension liability	(26,154,241)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not	
created as a result of various differences related to pensions and OPEB that are	
not recognized in the governmental funds.	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(28,114,200)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	29,365,640
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(1,041,022)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	4,939,492
Delinquent receivables will be collected in subsequent years, but are not	
available soon enough to pay for current period's expenditures	
and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	
Property taxes	407,643
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Special assessments receivable	10,605,886
Notes receivable	36,573
Land held for resale	153,300
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest due and payable.	(415,775)
Certain funds are proprietary in nature and, therefore, need to be reported	
in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Combined Utility Trunk Fund	(19,743,471)
The Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Fund recorded delinquent and	
deferred special assessments receivables. In the governmental fund	
statements, delinquent and deferred special assessments are not available	
in the current period and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. This revenue	
is recognized when earned as a business-type activity.	(424,549)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of benefit	
accrual, risk management and workers' compensation to individual funds.	9,419,077
Total net position - governmental activities	\$263,404,882

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Revenues:	9001 General Fund	9334 Cedar Grove Highway 13 Tax Increment	9372 Revolving Improvement Construction
	\$38,166,414	¢	\$ -
Property taxes Tax increments	φ30, 100,414	\$ - 2,223,500	φ -
Franchise taxes	_	2,223,300	_
Special assessments	16,407	_	1,795,787
Licenses and permits	1,861,394	_	1,700,707
Intergovernmental	1,815,168	_	5,681,999
Charges for services	2,809,443	30,000	-
Fines and forfeitures	238,004	30,000	-
Program revenues	508,908	-	-
Miscellaneous:	500,900	-	-
Interest and investment income (loss)	1,168,492	(634,148)	
Other revenues	366,339	(034, 140)	- 14,365
Total revenues	46,950,569	1,619,352	7,492,151
Total revenues	40,930,309	1,019,332	7,492,131
Expenditures: Current:			
General government	8,627,697	9,607	-
Public safety	25,108,194	- -	-
Public works	5,183,990	-	7,920
Parks and recreation	6,343,255	-	-
Government buildings	970,616	-	-
Capital outlay:			
General government	23,537	-	-
Public safety	121,525	-	-
Public works	22,942	-	12,069,918
Parks and recreation	120,867	-	-
Debt service:			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest and other	-	-	-
Total expenditures	46,522,623	9,607	12,077,838
Revenues over (under) expenditures	427,946	1,609,745	(4,585,687)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Sale of City property	8,762	-	_
Payment to refunding escrow agent	-	_	_
Transfers in	2,497,525	-	7,714,382
Transfers out	(2,500,000)	-	(2,037,481)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,287	0	5,676,901
			2,010,000
Net change in fund balance	434,233	1,609,745	1,091,214
Fund balance, beginning of the year	29,669,620	(16,020,735)	(10,212,446)
Fund balance, end of the year	\$30,103,853	(\$14,410,990)	(\$9,121,232)

9375 Major Street	9376 Combined Utility Trunk	9125 American Rescue Plan	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
3373 Major Officet	Othity Trunk	11CSCUCT IAII	i ulius	T unus
\$2,546,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$4,428,513	\$45,141,016
-	-	-	1,291,929	3,515,429
-	-	-	734,416	734,416
5,249	592,758	-	211,400	2,621,601
-	-	-	-	1,861,394
600,056	17,568	1,207,395	3,820,480	13,142,666
10,527	71,941	-	2,614,620	5,536,531
-	-	-	124,631	362,635
-	-	-	-	508,908
690,678	567,820	243,417	930,234	2,966,493
-	-	240,417	728,208	1,108,912
3,852,599	1,250,087	1,450,812	14,884,431	77,500,001
	.,,,		,,	
		7.005	4 404 000	40.400.050
-	-	7,025	1,464,329	10,108,658
- 240.074	- 4E 44G	-	636,516	25,744,710
319,971	15,446	-	407,498 106,460	5,934,825 6,449,715
_	_	-	100,400	970,616
-	-	-	-	970,010
-	-	-	194,872	218,409
-	-	-	1,218,760	1,340,285
30,870	24,038	-	1,497,516	13,645,284
-	-	-	3,612,153	3,733,020
			2,060,000	2,060,000
		- -	1,107,873	1,107,873
350,841	39,484	7,025	12,305,977	71,313,395
	33,131	1,020	12,000,011	1 1,0 10,000
3,501,758	1,210,603	1,443,787	2,578,454	6,186,606
			106 110	145 174
-	-	-	136,412	145,174
- 2,037,481	-	-	(6,688,024) 3,961,318	(6,688,024) 16,210,706
(5,524,547)	_	(1,200,370)	(1,191,191)	(12,453,589)
(3,487,066)	0	(1,200,370)	(3,781,485)	(2,785,733)
(0,107,000)	<u> </u>	(1,200,010)	(0,101,100)	(2,7 00,7 00)
14,692	1,210,603	243,417	(1,203,031)	3,400,873
21,866,918	18,533,711	(39,921)	25,150,931	68,948,078
\$21,881,610	\$19,744,314	\$203,496	\$23,947,900	\$72,348,951
Ψ21,001,010	Ψ10,1 τ,01-τ	Ψ200,π00	Ψ20,041,000	ψ. 2,0-0,001

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Statement 6

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds \$3,400,873 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. Capitalized capital outlay 18,172,738 Depreciation expense (10,995,330)Contributions of capital assets from third parties 300,000 Contributions of capital assets to and from business type activities (1,820,884)Principal payments on long-term debt are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, there is no effect on net position in the Statement of Activities. 8,710,000 Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires use of current financial resources. In the Statement Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. 108.934 Discounts and premiums are recognized when debt is issued in the governmental funds but amortized over the life of the debt in the Statement of Activities. 48,993 OPEB obligations are recognized when paid in the governmental funds but recognized 849,217 when incurred in the Statement of Activities. Governmental funds recognize pension contributions as expenditures at the time of payment whereas the Statement of Activities factors in items related to pensions on a full accrual perspective. Pension expense (4,541,953)State aid related to pension expense (79,242)Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. 711,530 Special assessments deferred Notes receivable deferred (66,432)Land held for resale 153,300 Delinquent receivables will be collected in subsequent years, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Property taxes delinquent 23,127 Certain funds are proprietary in nature and, therefore, are reported in the business-type activities. Combined Utility Trunk Fund (1,180,123)Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of benefit 900,298 accrual, risk management, and workers' compensation to individual funds. Change in net position - governmental activities \$14,695,046

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (ORIGINAL AND FINAL) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted A	mounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)	
Revenues:	\$20 BOB BOO	¢20 606 600	¢20 166 414	(¢440 196)	
Property taxes Special assessments	\$38,606,600 5,000	\$38,606,600 5,000	\$38,166,414 16,407	(\$440,186) 11,407	
Licenses and permits	1,803,400	1,803,400	1,861,394	57,994	
Intergovernmental	1,399,300	1,442,000	1,815,168	373,168	
Charges for services	2,467,300	2,467,300	2,809,443	342,143	
Fines and forfeitures	264,300	264,300	238,004	(26,296)	
Program revenues	334,700	334,700	508,908	174,208	
Miscellaneous	004,700	004,700	000,000	174,200	
Interest and investment income (loss)	125,000	125,000	1,168,492	1,043,492	
Other revenues	270,800	270,800	366,339	95,539	
Total revenues	45,276,400	45,319,100	46,950,569	1,631,469	
Expenditures:					
Current	0.000.700	0.000.700	2 227 227	(070,000)	
General government	9,000,700	9,000,700	8,627,697	(373,003)	
Public safety	25,755,200	25,755,200	25,108,194	(647,006)	
Public works	5,667,200	5,667,200	5,183,990	(483,210)	
Parks and recreation	6,500,200	6,542,900	6,343,255	(199,645)	
Government buildings	983,300	983,300	970,616	(12,684)	
Contingencies	98,800	98,800	-	(98,800)	
Capital outlay	10.000	40.000	00.507	(40.000)	
General government	42,800	42,800	23,537	(19,263)	
Public safety	130,300	130,300	121,525	(8,775)	
Public works	29,100	29,100	22,942	(6,158)	
Parks and recreation	114,200	114,200	120,867	6,667	
Total expenditures	48,321,800	48,364,500	46,522,623	(1,841,877)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,045,400)	(3,045,400)	427,946	3,473,346	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of City property	1,600	1,600	8,762	7,162	
Transfers in	2,443,800	2,443,800	2,497,525	53,725	
Transfers out	, -,	-	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,445,400	2,445,400	6,287	(2,439,113)	
Net change in fund balance	(\$600,000)	(\$600,000)	434,233	\$1,034,233	
Fund balance, beginning of the year			29,669,620		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$30,103,853		

- This page intentionally left blank -

Statement 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (ORIGINAL AND FINAL) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budgeted An	nounts	2023 Actual	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$2,305,000	\$2,332,959	\$1,207,395	(\$1,125,564)
Interest and investment income (loss)	-	-	243,417	243,417
Total revenues	2,305,000	2,332,959	1,450,812	(882,147)
Expenditures: Current General government Total expenditures		0	7,025 7,025	7,025 7,025
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,305,000	2,332,959	1,443,787	(889,172)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out	(2,305,000)	(2,332,959)	(1,200,370)	1,132,589
Net change in fund balance	\$0	\$0	243,417	\$243,417
Fund balance, beginning of the year		_	(39,921)	
Fund balance, end of the year		=	\$203,496	

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	9220 Public Utilities	9221 Civic Arena	9222 Aquatic Facility
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$9,742,577	\$10,868	\$1,710,816
Accounts receivable	3,600,658	248,701	-
Accrued interest receivable	72,223	-	7,273
Taxes receivable - delinquent	-	-	-
Special assessments receivable	55,060	-	-
Due from other funds	11,048,622	-	-
Due from other governments	426,028	56,622	-
Prepaid items	67,418	1,167	2,160
Leases receivable	835,236	- -	, =
Total current assets	25,847,822	317,358	1,720,249
Noncurrent assets:	, ,		· · ·
Special assessments receivable	393,096	-	-
Leases receivable	2,283,164	-	_
Net OPEB asset	650,935	74,059	37,679
Capital assets:	555,000	,	0.,0.0
Land	971,317	-	-
Permanent easements	336,501	-	_
Buildings and improvements	13,773,870	9,335,334	9,201,026
Water supply facilities	49,691,385	-	-
Water storage facilities	6,270,764	_	_
Water mains and lines	54,566,665	_	_
Sewer mains and lines	59,089,465	_	_
Storm drainage system	90,025,515	_	_
Street lights	2,740,832		_
Communications tower	1,796,015		_
Machinery and equipment	19,125,541	864,753	330,151
Construction in progress	1,530,868	35,916	48,202
Total cost	299,918,738	10,236,003	9,579,379
Less accumulated depreciation	(125,210,808)	(8,190,753)	(8,213,852)
Net capital assets	174,707,930	2,045,250	1,365,527
Total noncurrent assets	178,035,125	2,119,309	1,403,206
Total assets	203,882,947	2,436,667	3,123,455
	203,002,947	2,430,007	3,123,433
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Pensions	545,303	89,345	32,540
OPEB	265,724	30,232	15,381
Total deferred outflows of resources	811,027	119,577	47,921
Total assets and deferred			
outflows of resources	\$204,693,974	\$2,556,244	\$3,171,376

		Total Internal
9223 Community Center	Totals	Service Funds
\$2,854,193	\$14,318,454	\$14,232,444
101,921	3,951,280	1,148
9,839	89,335	60,627
905	905	-
-	55,060	-
-	11,048,622	513,064
115	482,765	69,386
315	71,060	, =
-	835,236	-
2,967,288	30,852,717	14,876,669
_	393,096	_
	2,283,164	_
129,927	892,600	- -
666,737	1,638,054	-
-	336,501	-
15,777,264	48,087,494	-
-	49,691,385	-
-	6,270,764	-
-	54,566,665	-
-	59,089,465	-
-	90,025,515	-
-	2,740,832	-
-	1,796,015	-
1,986,711	22,307,156	-
- 10,100,710	1,614,986	
18,430,712	338,164,832	0
(9,921,427)	(151,536,840)	
8,509,285	186,627,992	0
8,639,212	190,196,852	0
11,606,500	221,049,569	14,876,669
197,242	864,430	-
53,039	364,376	-
250,281	1,228,806	0
\$11,856,781	\$222,278,375	\$14,876,669

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	9220 Public Utilities	9221 Civic Arena	9222 Aquatic Facility
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Salaries and benefits payable	\$108,651	\$23,605	\$2,996
Accounts payable	1,166,756	20,914	5,496
Contracts payable	20,834	-	-
Accrued interest payable	-	673	-
Due to other governments	190,952	3,947	2,655
Unearned revenue	30,852	29,002	32,669
Other liabilities	5,273	-	-
Compensated absences	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	1,523,318	78,141	43,816
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Customer deposits	823,257	-	140
Other liabilities	-	-	-
Compensated absences	-	-	-
Net pension liability	2,008,474	329,077	119,852
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,831,731	329,077	119,992
Total liabilities	4,355,049	407,218	163,808
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Pensions	647,802	106,139	38,656
OPEB	56,003	6,372	3,242
Leases	3,118,400	-	-
Total deferred inflow of resources	3,822,205	112,511	41,898
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	174,687,096	2,045,250	1,365,527
Restricted for OPEB	650,935	74,059	37,679
Unrestricted	21,178,689	(82,794)	1,562,464
Total net position	196,516,720	2,036,515	2,965,670
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	130,510,720	2,000,010	2,303,070
resources, and net position	\$204,693,974	\$2,556,244	\$3,171,376
recoditions, and not position	Ψ20π,000,01π	Ψ2,000,244	ΨΟ, 17 1,070

Business-Type Activit	ties Enterprise Funds	
71	,	Total Internal
9223 Community Center	Totals	Service Funds
¢44.040	Ф47C F70	ф
\$41,318	\$176,570	\$ -
34,472	1,227,638	191,416
-	20,834 673	-
-		6,497
10,562	208,116	29,922
207,102	299,625	26,785
-	5,273	839,815
	- 4 000 700	3,782,440
293,454	1,938,729	4,876,875
-	823,397	-
-	-	319,855
<u>-</u>	-	260,862
726,488	3,183,891	
726,488	4,007,288	580,717
1,019,942	5,946,017	5,457,592
.,		-,,
234,317	1,026,914	_
11,178	76,795	_
-	3,118,400	_
245,495	4,222,109	0
2 10, 100	1,222,100	
8,509,285	186,607,158	_
129,927	892,600	_
1,952,132	24,610,491	9,419,077
10,591,344	212,110,249	9,419,077
10,001,044	212,110,240	5,115,011
\$11,856,781	\$222,278,375	\$14,876,669

- This page intentionally left blank -

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Statement 10

Total fund net position - proprietary funds

\$212,110,249

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

The Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Fund provides renewal and replacements resources for utility operations. Therefore, it is included within business-type activities at the government-wide level.

19,744,314

The Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Fund recorded deliquent and deferred special assessments receivables. In the governmental fund statements, delinquent and deferred special assessments are not available in the current period and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. This revenue is recognized when earned as a business-type activity.

423,706

Total net position - business-type activities

\$232,278,269

	Business	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	9220 Public Utilities	9221 Civic Arena	9222 Aquatic Facility	
Operating revenues:				
Service charges	\$22,121,074	\$ -	\$ -	
Connection permits	14,805	-	-	
Penalties	111,647	-	-	
Sale of materials and meter charges	66,032	-	-	
Facility and equipment rental	-	833,928	21,071	
Program and admission revenue	-	240,808	1,426,354	
Merchandise sales	-	57,759	434,618	
Advertising revenue	-	24,367	-	
Other revenue	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	105	
Total operating revenues	22,313,558	1,156,862	1,882,148	
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	4,984,164	775,026	989,232	
Supplies, repairs and maintenance	1,709,383	124,034	173,730	
Costs of merchandise sales	-	36,254	195,314	
Other services and charges	4,433,980	300,915	171,038	
MCES disposal charge	6,874,717	-	-	
Total operating expenses	18,002,244	1,236,229	1,529,314	
Operating income (loss) before depreciation	4,311,314	(79,367)	352,834	
Depreciation expense	6,070,615	311,072	429,357	
Operating income (loss)	(1,759,301)	(390,439)	(76,523)	
NI				
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	4 007 040	4.000	75 777	
Interest and investment income (loss)	1,207,040	4,960	75,777	
Other interest earnings	285,520	-	-	
Refunds and reimbursements	28,480	-	-	
Connection charges	548,507	-	-	
Intergovernmental revenues Other revenues	105,194	59,305	-	
	1,224,205	59,305	(672)	
Other expenses	(5,748)	64,265	(673)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,393,198	04,200	75,104	
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	1,633,897	(326,174)	(1,419)	
Capital contributions	2,170,884	_	_	
Transfers in	-	162,529	_	
Transfers out	(4,509,721)	-	_	
Total capital contributions and transfers	(2,338,837)	162,529	0	
Change in net position	(704,940)	(163,645)	(1,419)	
Net position, beginning of the year	197,221,660	2,200,160	2,967,089	
Net position, end of the year	\$196,516,720	\$2,036,515	\$2,965,670	

Amounts reported above

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Fund is reported with business type activities on the statement of activities Intergovernmental revenues used for capital purposes

Transfers of capital assets between business-type activities and governmental activities

Amounts reported on the statement of activities

Business-Type Activitie	s Enterprise Funds	
0000 0 11 0 1		
9223 Community Center	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Φ.	POO 404 074	#46.066.655
\$ -	\$22,121,074	\$16,966,655
=	14,805	-
-	111,647 66,032	-
427,928	1,282,927	-
1,037,490	2,704,652	-
20,100	512,477	-
20,100	24,367	<u> </u>
125,136	125,241	_
1,610,654	26,963,222	16,966,655
1,551,082	8,299,504	14,689,669
90,211	2,097,358	-
13,109	244,677	-
439,014	5,344,947	2,102,054
-	6,874,717	-
2,093,416	22,861,203	16,791,723
(482,762)	4,102,019	174,932
544,079	7,355,123	
(1,026,841)	(3,253,104)	174,932
120,002	1,407,779	568,657
-	285,520	-
1,644	30,124	-
-	548,507	-
-	105,194	-
64,760	1,348,270	156,709
(473)	(6,894)	
185,933	3,718,500	725,366
(840,908)	465,396	900,298
_	2,170,884	_
590,075	752,604	_
-	(4,509,721)	_
590,075	(1,586,233)	0
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
(250,833)	(1,120,837)	900,298
10,842,177	213,231,086	8,518,779
\$10,591,344	\$212,110,249	\$9,419,077
	Capital	
	Contributions	Transfers - Net
	\$2,170,884	(\$3,757,117)
	651,787	<u>-</u>
	105,194	<u>-</u>
	(1,820,884)	1,820,884
	\$1,106,981	(\$1,936,233)

- This page intentionally left blank -

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Statement 12

Change in net position - proprietary funds	(\$1,120,837)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Recognized current year activity from the Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Fund with the business-type activities.	1,210,603
Delinquent and deferred special assessments from the Combined Utility Trunk Capital Projects Funds are recognized when received in the governmental funds, but recognized when assessed with the	
business-type activities.	(30,480)
Change in net position - business-type activities	\$59,286

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	9220 Public Utilities	9221 Civic Arena	9222 Aquatic Facility
	9220 Fublic Othlities	9221 CIVIC AIGIIA	i acility
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers and users	\$22,282,706	\$1,229,054	\$1,870,634
Receipts from internal services provided	-	-	-
Other nonoperating revenues	1,357,879	59,305	-
Other nonoperating expenses	(5,748)	-	(673)
Payment to suppliers	(12,358,913)	(476,458)	(547,136)
Payment to employees	(4,968,793)	(771,053)	(989,828)
Payments to benefits on behalf of employees	140,958	(22,467)	(17,897)
Net cash flows from operating activities	6,448,089	18,381	315,100
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Transfer from other funds	-	162,529	-
Transfer to other funds	(4,509,721)	-	-
Proceeds from (payments on) advances to other funds	(691,102)	-	-
Proceeds from connection charges	548,507		-
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	(4,652,316)	162,529	0
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(4,695,979)	(354,660)	(49,863)
Property taxes received for debt service			-
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(4,695,979)	(354,660)	(49,863)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest and dividends received	1,463,497	6,066	71,823
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,436,709)	(167,684)	337,060
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	11,179,286	178,552	1,373,756
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$9,742,577	\$10,868	\$1,710,816

Business-Type Activit	ies Enterprise Funds	_
9223 Community Center	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$1,642,752	\$27,025,146	\$ -
- 66.404	- 1 402 500	16,913,078
66,404	1,483,588	156,709
(473) (617,079)	(6,894) (13,999,586)	(1,264,935)
(1,544,541)	(8,274,215)	296,691
13,600	114,194	(14,689,669)
(439,337)	6,342,233	1,411,874
(100,001)	0,0:2,200	.,,
590,075	752,604	-
-	(4,509,721)	-
-	(691,102)	(75,049)
<u> </u>	548,507	
590,075	(3,899,712)	(75,049)
(194,778)	(5,295,280)	-
(283)	(283)	-
(195,061)	(5,295,563)	0
114,430	1,655,816	539,938
70,107	(1,197,226)	1,876,763
70,107	(1,137,220)	1,070,703
2,784,086	15,515,680	12,355,681
\$2,854,193	\$14,318,454	\$14,232,444

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	9220 Public Utilities	9221 Civic Arena	9222 Aquatic Facility
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	(\$1,759,301)	(\$390,439)	(\$76,523)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)			(, , ,
to net cash flows from operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	6,070,615	311,072	429,357
Pension items	256,742	19,144	7,789
Other nonoperating revenue	1,357,879	59,305	- -
Other nonoperating expenses	(5,748)	- -	(673)
Accounts receivable	112,402	50,551	4,234
Intergovernmental receivables	(131,801)	(7,361)	-
Special assessments receivable	(14,444)	-	-
Prepaid items	(24,577)	(852)	972
Customer deposits	(27,861)	-	140
Accounts payable	669,837	(14,789)	(9,028)
Wages, salaries, and compensation payable	15,371	3,973	(596)
Net OPEB asset/payable	(115,784)	(41,611)	(25,686)
Unearned revenue	30,852	29,002	(15,888)
Intergovernmental payables	8,634	386	1,002
Other liabilities	5,273	-	-
Total adjustments	8,207,390	408,820	391,623
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$6,448,089	\$18,381	\$315,100
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:			
Contributions of capital assets from			
governmental funds	\$1,820,884	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions of capital assets from	Ţ.,== ,	T	*
from private projects	\$350,000	\$ -	\$ -
,	, ,	•	•

9223 Community Center	Totals	Internal Service Funds
(\$1,026,841)	(\$3,253,104)	\$174,932
544,079	7,355,123	-
66,338	350,013	-
66,404	1,483,588	156,709
(473)	(6,894)	-
(45,221)	121,966	15,809
(115)	(139,277)	(69,386
-	(14,444)	-
-	(24,457)	493,574
-	(27,721)	-
(80,471)	565,549	158,105
6,541	25,289	296,69
(52,738)	(235,819)	-
77,434	121,400	-
5,726	15,748	(13,439
<u>-</u>	5,273	198,879
587,504	9,595,337	1,236,94
(\$439,337)	\$6,342,233	\$1,411,874
\$ -	\$1,820,884	\$ -
\$ -	\$350,000	\$ -

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Assets:	OPEB Trust Fund	Dakota County Drug Task Force Custodial Fund
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$465,943
Minnesota State Board of Investment	Ψ -	Ψ+05,9+5
internal equity pool	27,026,516	_
Restricted cash	-	455,773
Other receivables	-	11,635
Accrued interest receivable	-	3,858
Due from other governments	-	176,096
Other assets	-	9,946
Total assets	27,026,516	1,123,251
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	513,064	15,724
Due to other governmental units	<u>-</u>	118,052
Other liabilities	-	508,364
Total liabilities	513,064	642,140
Net position:		
Restricted for OPEB	26,513,452	-
Restricted for Dakota County Drug Task Force		481,111
Total net position	\$26,513,452	\$481,111

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

A 1 1997	OPEB Trust Fund	Dakota County Drug Task Force Custodial Fund
Additions:		
Contributions	•	****
Receipts from other governments		\$897,729
Investment earnings (loss)		
Net change in fair value of investments	5,854,975	-
Interest, dividends, and other	-	39,778
Less investment activity expense	(2,740)	-
Net investment earnings (loss)	5,852,235	39,778
Total additions	5,852,235	937,507
Deductions:		
Withdrawals by participants	1,263,064	-
Reimbursements paid to other governments	-	251,350
Payments of operating expenses	-	398,667
Total deductions	1,263,064	650,017
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net postion	4,589,171	287,490
Net position - beginning	21,924,281	193,621
Net position - ending	\$26,513,452	\$481,111

- This page intentionally left blank -

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Eagan (the "City") is a statutory city governed by an elected mayor and four council members. The accompanying financial statements present the government entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The financial statements present the City and its component units. The City includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate from such. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable and are included within the basic financial statements of the City because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The City is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

As a result of applying the component unit definition criteria above, certain organizations have been defined and are presented in this report as follows:

Blended Component Units – Reported as if they were part of the City.

Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations – The relationship of the City with the entity is disclosed.

For each of the categories above, the specific entities are identified as follows:

1. BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE CITY OF EAGAN

The Eagan Economic Development Authority (EDA) was created in 2000 by the City to assume the duties of the former Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) and to provide economic development services to the City. The Eagan EDA is governed by a board currently comprised of the four City Council Members and the Mayor. The Eagan EDA is a legally separate entity from the City and is a public body corporate and politic and political subdivision of the state. The Eagan EDA's financial statements are reported as a part of the primary City government's because the EDA board is substantively the same as the City Council and the City has operational responsibility over the EDA.

The activity of the Eagan EDA is shown in the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Capital Projects Funds in the City's financial statements. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Eagan EDA.

2. JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The City has several agreements with governmental and other entities, which provide reduced costs, better service, and additional benefits to the participants. These programs, which the City participates in, are listed below and amounts recorded within the current year financial statements are disclosed.

MINNESOTA VALLEY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION)

The Cities of Eagan, Apple Valley, Burnsville, Rosemount, Savage, Prior Lake, Shakopee, Dakota County and Scott County, as equal participants, formed the Minnesota Valley Transit Authority (the "Authority"). The purpose of the Authority is to coordinate public transit service for the five communities. The Authority is governed by an eight member board comprised of representatives of member cities. The Authority is not fiscally dependent on the City.

There were minimal transactions between the City and the Authority in 2023. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained at the City's Municipal Center.

LOGIS (A JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION)

This consortium of approximately 28 government entities provides computerized data processing and support services to its members. LOGIS is legally separate from the City, as the City does not appoint a voting majority of the board and the consortium is fiscally independent of the City. During 2023, the City expended \$1,392,034 to LOGIS for goods and services provided. This amount is recorded as expenditures of the General (\$1,215,125), Equipment Revolving (\$42,339), Park System Development and Renewal & Replacement (\$22,270), Internal Service Fund (\$1,178) and Proprietary (\$111,122) Funds.

DAKOTA COMMUNICATIONS CENTER

On August 25, 2005, the City entered into a joint powers agreement with the Cities of Apple Valley, Burnsville, Farmington, Hastings, Inver Grove Heights, Lakeville, Mendota Heights, Rosemount, South St. Paul, West St. Paul, Minnesota, and Dakota County, Minnesota, to establish the Dakota Communications Center (DCC), a Minnesota nonprofit corporation. The purpose of the DCC is to engage in the operation and maintenance of a county-wide public safety answering point and communications center for law enforcement, fire, emergency medical services and other public safety services for the mutual benefit of residents residing in the above mentioned cities and county (members). Pursuant to the joint powers agreement, members are required to provide DCC their pro rata share of cost of operations and maintenance and capital projects.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The fiduciary funds are only reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated revenues are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The OPEB Trust Fund and the Dakota County Drug Task Force Custodial Fund are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these Funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

C. MEASURMENTS FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period except for reimbursement grants and cost-share project reimbursements which are considered available if they are collected within 120 days of year-end.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Street construction aid from the Minnesota Department of Transportation is recognized as revenue in the year the funds are appropriated to the City and an eligible project is approved. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund – This fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Cedar Grove Highway 13 Tax Increment – Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for costs associated with constructing or acquiring assets related to the TIF District.

Revolving Improvement Construction – Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for costs associated with improvement projects throughout the City.

Major Street – Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for costs associated with maintenance, renewal, and replacement of City streets.

Combined Utility Trunk – Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for costs associated with maintenance, renewal, and replacement of the City's water, sewer, and storm sewer infrastructure.

American Rescue Plan – Special Revenue Fund – This fund accounts for costs associated with American Rescue Plan Act funding.

Proprietary Funds:

Public Utilities Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's water, sanitary sewer, street lighting, and storm drainage/water quality utilities.

Civic Arena Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's arena operations.

Aquatic Facility Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's Cascade Bay Water Park.

Community Center Fund – This fund accounts for the operation of the City's Community Center.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

Internal Service Funds:

Risk Management Fund – This fund accounts for the City's commercial insurance activity.

Benefit Accrual Fund – This fund accounts for the City's vacation and sick pay liabilities. Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for the City's workers' compensation self-insurance activity.

Dental Self-Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for the City's dental self-insurance activity.

Fiduciary Funds:

OPEB Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the financial resources held by the City in a trustee capacity to be used by the City to pay OPEB benefits to employees.

Dakota County Drug Task Force Custodial Fund – This fund accounts for the amounts related to the task force held by the City in a strictly custodial capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's Public Utilities Fund and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

CITY FUNDS

Cash and investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the individual funds based on the average of month-end cash and investment balances.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Minnesota Statutes authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days and in the Minnesota Municipal Investment Pool.

Certain investments for the City are reported at fair value as disclosed in Note 3. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the Minnesota Municipal Investment Pool securities are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption.

The remaining money market funds are invested in The First American Government Obligation Fund, an external investment pool. The fund seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share. The securities held by the fund are valued on the basis of amortized cost. Shares may be redeemed without penalty on any business day.

OPEB TRUST FUND

These funds represent investments administered by the City's OPEB Trust Fund investment managers. As of December 31, 2023, they were comprised of Minnesota State Board of Investment.

Minnesota Statutes authorize the OPEB Trust Fund to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, corporate bonds, common stock and foreign stock of the highest quality, mutual funds, repurchase and reverse agreements, commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity no longer than 270 days and in the State Board of Investment. Investments are stated at fair value.

2. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown at a gross amount since both are assessable to the property taxes and are collectible upon the sale of the property.

The City levies its property tax for the subsequent year during the month of December. December 28 is the last day the City can certify a tax levy to the County Auditor for collection the following year. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. The property tax is recorded as revenue when it becomes measurable and available. Dakota County is the collecting agency for the levy and remits the collections to the City three times a year. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half of the payment due on May 15 and the second half due on October 15. Taxes not collected as of December 31 each year are shown as delinquent taxes receivable.

The County Auditor prepares the tax list for all taxable property in the City, applying the applicable tax rate to the tax capacity of individual properties, to arrive at the actual tax for each property. The County Auditor also collects all special assessments, except for certain prepayments paid directly to the City.

The County Auditor submits the list of taxes and special assessments to be collected on each parcel of property to the County Treasurer in January of each year.

3. LEASE RECEIVABLES

The City's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreement, the City may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue/the lessee's usage levels.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the commencement of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable, and is recognized as revenue over the lease term.

4. INVENTORY AND PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventory – Land held for resale represents land owned by the City with the intent to sell to developers. This land is recorded at the lesser of historical cost or expected net realizable value.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as listed.

Assets	Years
Utility distribution systems	80
Streets	20
Infrastructure	20
Buildings	40
Sidewalks	20
Land improvements	10-40
Building improvements	10-25
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Fire hydrants	25
Mobile equipment	5-20
Temporary easements	2-4
Street lights	35
Purchased software	2-5
Tower	60

6. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES/UNEARNED REVENUES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The City presents deferred outflows of resources on the Statement(s) of Net Position for deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The City presents deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from six sources: property taxes, special assessments, notes receivable, grants receivable, land held for resale, and leases receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City presents deferred inflows of resources on the Statement(s) of Net Position for deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years, and related to leases for the present value of future lease payments to be received.

Unearned revenue is reported for grants and other funding sources which have been received by the City but will be spent and earned in a subsequent year.

7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Under the terms of union contracts and personnel policies, the City's employees are granted vacations in varying amounts depending upon length of service and union contract or employee classification. All full-time employees accumulate one day of sick leave per month. Some part-time employees receive pro rata benefits. Upon termination, employees are paid for all unused vacation and, if they have five or more years of service, severance pay is equal to 50% of their unused sick leave.

Employees who have been with the City for at least five years and who have accrued and maintain a balance of over 160 hours of sick leave are also allowed to convert accumulated sick leave to deposits in the City's deferred compensation plans. Deposits in combination with all other payments to the deferred compensation plans are subject to maximum deferral regulations. Accumulated sick leave converted to deferred compensation will be paid at half the employee's rate of pay.

Employees who have been with the City for at least five years and who have accrued and maintain a balance of over 160 hours of sick leave time are allowed to trade accumulated sick leave for cash reimbursement for approved wellness activities. Accumulated sick leave used for this purpose will be reimbursed in cash at half the employee's current rate of pay.

The liability for vacation and vested sick leave is recorded in the Benefit Accrual Internal Service Fund for leave that is attributable to services already rendered and is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid. The fund's revenues are derived from direct labor charges to other City funds. All benefits are then paid by the Benefit Accrual Internal Service Fund.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to and deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City. For this purpose, the City recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

11. FUND EQUITY

A. CLASSIFICATION

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

- Nonspendable Fund Balance These are amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form.
- Restricted Fund Balance These are amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by a)
 constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of
 other governments or b) imposed by law through enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance These are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council (highest level of decision-making authority) through resolution, amounts are only released from commitments through resolution.
- Assigned Fund Balance These are amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has delegated authority to the Finance Director to assign fund balance under the City's fund balance policy.
- Unassigned Fund Balance These are residual amounts in the General Fund not reported in any other
 classification. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other
 funds would report a negative unassigned fund balance should the total of nonspendable, restricted, and
 committed fund balances exceed the total net resources of that fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

B. MINIMUM FUND BALANCE

The City's target General Fund balance is to maintain an unassigned fund balance of 40% to 45% of the subsequent year's expenditure budget.

12. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statement when there are limitations on use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

13. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds with the exception of the Police Forfeiture Fund, Drug Task Force Grant Fund, Data Bank Abatement Fund, DCDTF Equitable Sharing Justice Fund, Opioid Crisis Prevention Fund, DCDTF Equitable Sharing Treasury Fund, and Public Safety Aid Fund. Budgets are also adopted for the Park System Development and Renewal & Replacement, Equipment Revolving, General Facilities Renewal, and Fire Apparatus Revolving Capital Projects Funds. A separate budget report is issued at the beginning of each year.

Budgeted amounts presented include the originally adopted budget and final amended budget approved by the City Council. The City does not use encumbrances. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The City Administrator submits to the City Council, a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following January 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. The budget is legally enacted through City Council action.
- d. Expenditures may legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level through City Council action. Also, the City Council may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts between departments within any fund.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds with the exception of the Police Forfeiture, Drug Task Force Grant, Data Bank Abatement, DCDTF Equitable Sharing Justice, Opioid Crisis Prevention, DCDTF Equitable Sharing Treasury, and Public Safety Aid Special Revenue Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation (G.O.) bond indenture provisions. Budgetary control for Capital Projects Funds is accomplished through the use of project controls, with the exception of the Park System Development and Renewal & Replacement, Equipment Revolving, General Facilities Renewal and Fire Apparatus Revolving Funds, which are budgeted.
- f. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other budgeted funds. Departments in the General Fund whose expenditures exceeded appropriations are as follows: Finance, City Clerk, Legal, and Fire. Also inherent in this controlling function is the management philosophy that the existence of a particular item or appropriation in the approved budget does not automatically mean that it will be spent. The budget process has flexibility in that, where need has been properly demonstrated,

an adjustment can be made within the department budget by the City Administrator or between departments by the City Council.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

Capital Projects Funds	
Cedar Grove Highway 13 Tax Increment	(\$14,410,990)
Revolving Improvement Construction	(9,121,232)
Recreation Facilities Projects	(2,997,953)
Special Revenue Funds	
•	
Cedar Grove Parking Garage	(31,399)

Deficit balances in the Tax Increment Funds will be eliminated through future tax increment collections. Capital project fund deficits will be eliminated through future revenues. Special revenue fund deficit will be eliminated as investment market conditions improve.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances of the City's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various investments authorized by *Minnesota Statutes*. Each fund's portion of this pool (or pools) is displayed in the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents" or "investments". For purposes of identifying risk of investing public funds, the balances and related restrictions are summarized as follows.

A. DEPOSITS

The City addresses custodial credit risk by having the authority from the City Council to maintain deposits with various financial institutions that are members of the Federal Reserve System. As required by *Minnesota Statutes*, any of the City's deposits are to be protected by \$250,000 of federal depository insurance and pledged collateral. The fair value of pledged collateral must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. As of December 31, 2023, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk because deposits were fully collateralized. The City had deposits of \$7,507,044_as of December 31, 2023. The City's book balance for cash as of December 31, 2023 was \$7,428,953.

B. INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2023, the City's governmental funds and proprietary had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment maturities		
	•	Less than one		
Investment type	Fair value	year	1-5 years	6-10 years
U.S. Agencies	\$23,673,140	\$9,961,770	\$13,711,370	\$ -
U.S. Treasuries	49,059,210	31,554,300	17,504,910	-
Certificates of Deposit	9,131,121	4,785,288	4,345,833	-
Money Market	19,070,707	19,070,707	-	-
Muncipal Bonds	7,347,784	4,064,720	3,283,064	-
Total	\$108,281,962			

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy states the City will not invest in securities maturing more than 10 years from the date of purchase, unless directly matched to a specific cash flow.

Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. *Minnesota Statutes* 118A.04-05 limits investments that are in the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investment policy limits its investments to those specified in these Statutes. The City's investments consist of U.S. Securities rated AA- by Standard & Poor's or higher. Other investments are not rated. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a city's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by diversifying its investments by security type not to exceed maximum holdings percentage. The maximum holdings percentages range from 5% for commercial paper to 100% for U.S. Treasury obligations and governmental agency and instrumentality securities. The City's investments follow its investment policy in terms of concentration of credit risk. The following investments are over 5% of total investments:

	Percentage of
Investment class	Total Investments
Federal Home Loan Bank	12.7%
United States Treasuries	45.3%
First American Government Obligation Fund	17.6%

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

\$108,281,962 of investments are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

C. OPEB TRUST FUND

As of December 31, 2023, the City's OPEB Trust Fund had the following investments and maturities.

		Investment maturities		
		Less than one		_
Investment type	Fair value	year	1-5 years	6-10 years
MN State Board of Investment	\$27,026,516	\$27,026,516	N/A	N/A

The Trust Policy states that with respect to assets of an OPEB trust, investments are limited to investments authorized under *Minnesota Statutes* Chapter 188A or Sec. 356A.06, Subd. 7, including shares of MN Trust, or as further prescribed by the GASB Statement No. 45 Investment Policy.

Credit Risk: The OPEB Trust's investments are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The MN SBI investments are not subject to concentration of credit risk.

The following is a summary of total deposits and investments:

City Governmental and Proprietary Funds	
Deposits (Note 3.A.)	\$7,428,953
Petty cash	14,750
Investments (Note 3.B.)	108,281,962
OPEB Trust Fund	
Investments (Note 3.C.)	27,026,516
Total deposits and investments	\$142,752,181

Deposits and investments are presented in the December 31, 2023, basic financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$114,803,949
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
OPEB Trust Fund	
Cash and investments	27,026,516
Dakota County Drug Task Force Custodial Fund	
Cash and investments	465,943
Restricted cash	455,773
Total deposits and investments	\$142,752,181

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Major Fund						
	General	Major Street	Revolving Improvement Construction	Combined Utility Trunk	Public Utilities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Property tax receivable Notes receivable Special assessments receivable Leases receivable	\$178,900 - 1,400 220,804	\$12,400 - 710,000 	\$ - - 5,583,100 	\$ - - 394,900 	\$ - 68,000 2,283,164	\$20,700 24,808 2,921,100	\$212,000 24,808 9,678,500 2,503,968
Total	\$401,104	\$722,400	\$5,583,100	\$394,900	\$2,351,164	\$2,966,608	\$12,419,276

NOTE 5 - LEASES

The City leases a portion of its water towers for cellular tower antenna sites. The leases are non-cancellable for a period of 10 years with three renewal periods of 5 years at the lessee's option. The City considers the likelihood of these options being exercised to be greater than 50%. The agreements call for annual lease payments of \$12,000 - \$105,000, with increases indexed to the CPI. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the future minimum lease payments expected to be received during the lease term rate of 6% which is stated in the lease agreement.

The City leases out two switching stations for use by CenturyLink. The leases are non-cancellable for a period of 20 years with two renewable periods of 5 years at the lessee's option. The agreements call for monthly payments ranging from \$1,400 - \$1,600, with increases indexed to the CPI. The lease receivable during the lease term at a discount rate of 6.00% which is stated in the lease agreement.

The City leases conduit systems throughout the City, in which it licenses out the excess conduit system capacity to third parties. The term of the license agreement is a non-cancellable period of 30 years. The agreements call for annual payments ranging from \$2,300 - \$7,000, with increases indexed to the CPI. The lease received during the lease term at a discount rate of 3.00% which is based on the rate available to finance equipment over the same time periods.

The City leases fiber optic wire for use by 3rd party companies. The agreements terms are for non-cancellable for a period covering 5 to 20 years. The agreements call for annual payments ranging from \$600 - \$4,500, with increases indexed to the CPI. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the future minimum lease payments expected to be received during the lease terms at a discount rate of 3.00% which is based on the rate available to finance equipment over the same time periods.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTANOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

The City leases space of the former Fire Station 3 property to HealthEast Medical Transportation. This lease is non-cancellable for a period of 3 years. The agreement calls for monthly lease payments of \$6,000 with increases indexed to the CPI. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the future minimum lease payment expected to be received during the lease term at a discount rate of 1.12% which is based on the rate available to finance the space over the same time periods.

	For the year ended 12/31/2023
Amortization of lease-related deferred inflows	
Governmental type leases	\$108,586
Business type leases	732,624
Total revenue recognized resulting from deferred inflow amortization	841,210
Governmental interest revenue	11.537
	,
Business type interest revenue	220,719
Total revenue recognized in relation to leased assets	\$1,073,466

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$31,242,892	\$56,600	\$ -	\$31,299,492
Infrastructure land	40,684,458	-	-	40,684,458
Permanent easements	1,959,010	-	-	1,959,010
Sculptures and monuments	212,705	25,000	-	237,705
Construction in progress	11,717,906	14,538,095	(13,602,425)	12,653,576
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	85,816,971	14,619,695	(13,602,425)	86,834,241
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings	64,749,574	1,012,846	-	65,762,420
Infrastructure and		, ,		
temporary easements	141,097,786	11,036,644	-	152,134,430
Improvements other				
than buildings	47,481,147	1,429,252	(40,000)	48,870,399
Machinery and equipment	33,449,707	2,155,842	(450,281)	35,155,268
Total capital assets			, ,	
being depreciated	286,778,214	15,634,584	(490,281)	301,922,517
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	20,295,669	1,627,850	_	21,923,519
Infrastructure and		.,,		_ :,===,= :=
temporary easements	79,515,370	5,053,447	_	84,568,817
Improvements other	-,,-	-,,		,,,,,,
than buildings	18,549,326	1,961,192	(40,000)	20,470,518
Machinery and equipment	22,983,896	2,352,841	(450,281)	24,886,456
Total accumulated		,,-	(, -)	, ,
depreciation	141,344,261	10,995,330	(490,281)	151,849,310
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	145,433,953	4,639,254	<u> </u>	150,073,207
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$231,250,924	\$19,258,949	(\$13,602,425)	\$236,907,448

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$1,638,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,638,054
Permanent easements	336,501	-	-	336,501
Construction in progress	7,429,471	3,813,908	(9,628,393)	1,614,986
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	9,404,026	3,813,908	(9,628,393)	3,589,541
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	43,511,359	4,576,135	-	48,087,494
Infrastructure and	050 500 040	5 0 40 3 00		224 422 244
temporary easements	258,536,912	5,643,729	(40.770)	264,180,641
Machinery and equipment	19,454,729	2,869,205	(16,778)	22,307,156
Total capital assets	004 500 000	10.000.000	(40.770)	004 575 004
being depreciated	321,503,000	13,089,069	(16,778)	334,575,291
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	25,523,696	1,883,434	-	27,407,130
Infrastructure and				
temporary easements	108,781,222	4,246,243	-	113,027,465
Machinery and equipment	9,893,577	1,225,446	(16,778)	11,102,245
Total accumulated				
depreciation	144,198,495	7,355,123	(16,778)	151,536,840
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	177,304,505	5,733,946		183,038,451
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$186,708,531	\$9,547,854	(\$9,628,393)	\$186,627,992

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$1,074,832
Public safety	1,691,719
Public works	6,703,577
Parks and recreation	1,525,202
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$10,995,330
Business-type activities	
Public utilities	\$6,070,615
Civic arena	311,072
Aquatic facility	429,357
Community center	544,079
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$7,355,123

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

1. G.O. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS

The City issues special assessment bonds to provide funds for the construction of streets and utilities improvements. These bonds will be repaid from special assessments levied against the properties benefiting from this construction. The City is obligated for payment of special assessments debt not covered through the collection of special assessments from property owners. Any obligation by the City would be paid from property taxes. The amount of delinquent special assessment receivables in the debt service funds at December 31, 2023 was \$4,695. There were no special assessment bonds with governmental commitments currently outstanding at December 31, 2023.

2. G.O. STATE AID BONDS

The City issued G.O. State Aid Street Bonds to provide funding for the Northwood Parkway Bridge across Interstate 35E within the City. The debt service on the Bonds is expected to be repaid from the City's municipal state aid allotments received annually from the Minnesota Department of Transportation. The City also pledges its full faith, credit, and power to levy direct general ad valorem taxes as security on the Bonds, but the City does not anticipate using tax levies for the repayment of the Bonds. G.O. State Aid Street Bonds currently outstanding are noted below:

	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Authorized and Issued	Final Maturity	Balance at year-end	Due within one year
G.O. State-Aid Street Bonds - Series 2017A	3/16/2017	2.00-2.75%	\$2,280,000	4/1/2029	\$1,185,000	\$210,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for G.O. State Aid Street Bonds are as follows:

	Go	vernmental activities	
Years ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$210,000	\$28,425	\$238,425
2025	205,000	23,238	228,238
2026	200,000	18,175	218,175
2027	195,000	12,994	207,994
2028	190,000	7,700	197,700
2029	185,000	2,544	187,544
Total	\$1,185,000	\$93,076	\$1,278,076

3. G.O. HOUSING IMPROVEMENT BONDS

The City issued G.O. Housing Improvement Bonds to provide funding for townhome improvements. These bonds will be repaid from special assessments levied against the property owners benefiting from the improvements. G.O. Housing Improvement Bonds currently outstanding are listed below:

	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Authorized and Issued	Final Maturity	Balance at year-end	Due within one year
Taxable G.O. Refunding - 2012A Taxable G.O 2021A	3/30/2021 3/30/2021	0.20 - 2.50% 0.20 - 2.50%	\$465,000 \$845,000	2/1/2028 2/1/2041	\$335,000 770,000	\$65,000 35,000
					\$1,105,000	\$100,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for G.O. Housing Improvement Bonds are as follows:

	Governmental activities					
Years ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Total			
2024	\$100,000	\$17,223	\$117,223			
2025	105,000	16,655	121,655			
2026	105,000	15,789	120,789			
2027	110,000	14,658	124,658			
2028	110,000	13,283	123,283			
2029-2033	200,000	54,090	254,090			
2034-2038	225,000	31,890	256,890			
2039-2041	150,000	5,625	155,625			
Total	\$1,105,000	\$169,213	\$1,274,213			

4. G.O. TAX INCREMENT BONDS

The City issued G.O. Tax Increment Bonds to provide funding for a parking structure. G.O. Tax Increment Bonds currently outstanding are listed below:

	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Authorized and Issued	Final Maturity	Balance at year- end	Due within one year
Taxable G.O. Refunding - 2013A	3/30/2021	0.20 - 2.50%	\$6,865,000	2/1/2030	\$6,865,000	\$955,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for G.O. Tax Increment Bonds are as follows:

	Governmental activities					
Years ending						
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total			
_						
2024	\$955,000	\$74,138	\$1,029,138			
2025	965,000	68,850	1,033,850			
2026	970,000	60,865	1,030,865			
2027	975,000	50,651	1,025,651			
2028	985,000	38,396	1,023,396			
2029-2030	2,015,000	32,621	2,047,621			
Total	\$6,865,000	\$325,521	\$7,190,521			

5. G.O. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN BONDS

The City issued G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds to provide funding for the new fire station and CSM Phase 1. G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds currently outstanding are listed below:

	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Authorized and Issued	Final Maturity	Balance at year- end	Due within one year
G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds - Series 2016A G.O. Capital Improvement Plan	4/28/2016	2.00 - 3.00%	\$8,130,000	2/1/2037	\$6,170,000	\$380,000
Bonds - Series 2018A	10/16/2018	3.375 - 4.000%	22,300,000	2/1/2039	21,080,000	675,000
					\$27,250,000	\$1,055,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds are as follows:

	Governmental activities				
Years ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Total		
2024	\$1,055,000	\$866,560	\$1,921,560		
2025	1,475,000	819,810	2,294,810		
2026	1,530,000	765,660	2,295,660		
2027	1,580,000	711,559	2,291,559		
2028	1,635,000	655,560	2,290,560		
2029-2033	8,260,000	2,572,519	10,832,519		
2034-2038	9,595,000	1,196,805	10,791,805		
2039	2,120,000	35,775	2,155,775		
Total	\$27,250,000	\$7,624,248	\$34,874,248		

B. CHANGES IN LONG TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Due within one year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds payable					
G.O. State-Aid Street Bonds	\$1,395,000	\$ -	\$210,000	\$1,185,000	\$210,000
G.O. Taxable Tax Increment Bonds	7,500,000	-	7,500,000	-	-
G.O. Capital Improvement Plan Bonds	6,540,000	-	370,000	6,170,000	380,000
G.O. Taxable Refunding Bonds	7,265,000	-	65,000	7,200,000	1,020,000
G.O. Taxable Housing Impr. Bonds	805,000	-	35,000	770,000	35,000
General Obligation Bonds	21,610,000	-	530,000	21,080,000	675,000
Bond premiums/discounts	629,986	-	48,993	580,993	-
Compensated absences*	3,746,611	296,691		4,043,302	3,782,440
Total governmental activities					
Long-term liabilities	\$49,491,597	\$296,691	\$8,758,993	\$41,029,295	\$6,102,440

^{*}The change in compensated absences is presented as a net change.

C. ADVANCE CROSSOVER REFUNDING

On March 30, 2021, the City issued the taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A with an average interest rate of 1.39% to advance refund \$6,650,000 of outstanding 2013A Series Bonds with an average interest rate of 3.97%. The bond proceeds of \$6,777,190 were used to purchase U.S. Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the interest on the refunding bonds before the crossover date and called principal on the refunded bonds on February 1, 2023.

The City refunded the 2013A Taxable General Obligation Bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the last twelve years of the bond by \$298,567 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$276,747.

CITY OF EAGAN, MINNESOTA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

from the escrow account. Assets held with the escrow agent total \$0 at December 31, 2023 after the call of the bonds on February 1, 2023.

NOTE 8 – FUND BALANCE DETAIL

Fund equity balances are classified as follows to reflect the limitations and restrictions of the respective funds.

	General	Cedar Grove Highway 13 Tax Increment	Revolving Improvement Construction	Major Street	Combined Utility Trunk	American Rescue Plan	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable	CO4 FCO	•	\$ -	\$ -	Φ.	•	£4.004.444	£4.400.000
Prepaid items Inventory*	\$24,568 200,645	\$ -	\$ -	ъ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,084,114	\$1,108,682 200,645
Total nonspendable	225,213						1,084,114	1,309,327
Total Horiopolidable	220,210						1,004,114	1,000,021
Restricted								
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,561,245	3,561,245
Tax increment financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,140,266	1,140,266
Police forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,209	6,209
Eagan TV	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,777,331	1,777,331
Revolving loan	-	-	-	-	-	-	370,559	370,559
DWI forfeiture	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,799	35,799
DCDTF equitable sharing Justice	-	-	-	-	-	-	202,077	202,077
Opioid crisis prevention	-	-	-	-	-	-	252,667	252,667
Park dedication	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,967,014	4,967,014
DCDTF equitable sharing Treasury	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,385	3,385
Public safety aid							3,030,840	3,030,840
Total restricted	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,347,392	15,347,392
Committed								
American Rescue Plan	-	-	-	-	-	203,496	-	203,496
Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	447,474	447,474
Cable TV	-	-	-	-	-	-	856,017	856,017
Tree mitigation	-	-	-	-	-	-	498,124	498,124
Data bank abatement	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,106	59,106
Sustainability	-	-	-	-	-	-	776,497	776,497
Cedar Bluffs Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	186,752	186,752
Meadowlark Ridge Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,994	120,994
Total committed	0	0	0	0	0	203,496	2,944,964	3,148,460
Assigned Capital projects and equipment				21,881,610	19,744,314		7,600,782	49,226,706
Unassigned	29,878,640	(14,410,990)	(9,121,232)				(3,029,352)	3,317,066
Total	\$ 30,103,853	\$ (14,410,990)	\$ (9,121,232)	\$ 21,881,610	\$ 19,744,314	\$ 203,496	\$ 23,947,900	\$ 72,348,951

^{*} Inventory within the General Fund includes land held for resale which is not presented as a component of nonspendable fund balance.

The City internally segregated portions of its cash and investments in its enterprise funds for specific purposes. The City has designated certain revenue and expenditure accounts to be added to or subtracted from these cash accounts or specifically set aside amounts based on the capital improvement plan.

Fund	Purpose	Amount
Public Utilities	Water renewal and replacement	\$2,253,569
Public Utilities	Water supply and storage	3,513,597
Public Utilities	Sanitary Sewer renewal and replacement	1,572,047
Public Utilities	Storm drain expansion and modifications	485,204
Public Utilities	Storm drain renewal and replacement	583,532
Public Utilities	Water quality	1,334,628
Civic Arena	Capital replacement	178,552
Aquatic Facility	Capital replacement	1,047,408
Community Center	Capital replacement	1,928,691
Total		\$12,897,228

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Г	ue i	To/	From	Other	Funds:
--	---	------	-----	------	-------	--------

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
American Rescue Plan	Fire Apparatus Revolving	\$1,000,000
Major Street	Revolving Improvement Construction	9,654,862
Park System Development and R&R	Recreation Facilities Projects	2,561,433
Public Utilities	Cedar Grove Highway 13 Tax Increment	10,934,607
Public Utilities	Cedar Grove Parking Garage	114,015
Internal Service Funds	OPEB Trust Fund	513,064
Total		\$24,777,981
Advances To/From Other Funds:		
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Combined Utility Trunk	Cedar Grove Hwy 13 Tax Increment	\$3,480,913

The due from/due to other funds balances represent borrowing to resolve deficit cash balances. Advances to/from other funds represent funding for capital activity.

NOTE 10 - TRANSFERS

December 31, 2023, were as follows:

Transfer out	Transfer in	Purpose	Amount
General Fund	Park System Development and Renewal & Replacement	Operations Funding	\$1,000,000
General Fund	Equipment Revolving Fund	Operations Funding	1,500,000
DCDTF Equitable Sharing Justice	DCDTF Equitable Sharing Treasury	Operations Funding	88,094
American Rescue Plan	General Fund	ARPA Projects	6,990
American Rescue Plan	Civic Arena	ARPA Projects	162,529
American Rescue Plan	Community Center	ARPA Projects	182,075
American Rescue Plan	Park System Development and Renewal & Replacement	ARPA Projects	38,286
American Rescue Plan	Equipment Revolving Fund	ARPA Projects	573,643
American Rescue Plan	General Facilities Renewal	ARPA Projects	236,847
Sustainability	General Fund	Operations Funding	145,000
Sustainability	Equipment Revolving Fund	Operations Funding	46,816
Cable TV Franchise Fees	General Fund	Operations Funding	442,335
Cable TV Franchise Fees	Eagan TV Fund	Operations Funding	468,946
Public Utilities	General Fund	Operations Funding	1,903,200
Public Utilities	Equipment Revolving Fund	Operations Funding	8,686
Public Utilities	Community Center	Operations Funding	408,000
Public Utilities	Revolving Improvement Construction	Funding Capital Projects	2,189,835
Revolving Improvement Construction	Major Street	Funding Capital Projects	2,037,481
Major Street	Revolving Improvement Construction	Funding Capital Projects	5,524,547
Total			\$16,963,310

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. On July 1, 1993, the City began to self-insure for workers' compensation risk up to certain limits. A stop-loss policy was purchased that limits the City's loss to \$500,000 per incident. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. Based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, a liability is reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Interfund premiums are charged to user funds as quasi-external transactions. The Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund includes a reserve of \$3,978,794 for catastrophic losses. The total claims liability reported in the Fund at December 31, 2023, is \$913,871 of which \$319,855 is considered long-term and includes amounts for known claims and for estimated incurred but not reported claims. These estimates are determined based on the probability that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the Fund's claims liability amounts, including long-term amounts, for the past three years were as follows:

Year	Balance beginning of year	Claims expense and estimates	Claims payments	Balance end of year
2021	\$394,855	\$766,458	(\$487,887)	\$673,426
2022	673,426	984,725	(910,950)	747,201
2023	747,201	1,088,998	(922,328)	913,871

The City also has an Internal Service Fund titled "Risk Management" which services other funds' insurance premiums, but does not involve the retention of risk. The City anticipates that over a period of time, sufficient amounts will be built up to allow the City to expand into a self-insurance program.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time (with the exception of employees covered by PEPFF) and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The PEPFF, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989 receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

2. PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010 but before July 1, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For

PEPFF members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. CONTRIBUTIONS

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

GERF Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the GERF for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$1,335,302. The City's contributions were equal to the required as set by state statute.

2. PEPFF Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 17.70% for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$2,374,157. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. PENSION COSTS

GERF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$12,072,886 for its proportionate share of GERF's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$332,730.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.2159% at the end of the measurement period and 0.2176% for the beginning of the period.

\$12,072,886
332,730
\$12,405,616

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,981,808 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$1,495 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the GERF.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$396,478	\$82,841
1,947,044	3,309,075
-	439,087
260,793	62,918
673,488	
\$3,277,803	\$3,893,921
	Outflows of Resources \$396,478 1,947,044 - 260,793 673,488

The \$673,488 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	
December 31,	Pension expense
2024	\$441,630
2025	(1,730,236)
2026	260,902
2027	(261,902)
2028	-
Thereafter	-

2. PEPFF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$17,265,246 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.9998% at the end of the measurement period and 1.0151% for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota also contributed \$18 million to PEPFF during the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that meets the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state aid was paid on October 1, 2022. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the PEPFF until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90% funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90% funded, whichever occurs later. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$695,475.

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$17,265,246
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the City	695,475
Total	\$17,960,721

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the PEPFF Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. PEPFF employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,788,840 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized an additional (\$41,888) as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$9 million to the PEPFF.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$89,981 for the year ended December 31, 2023 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between synapted and		
Differences between expected and	¢4.757.400	Φ.
actual economic experience	\$4,757,482	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	20,008,880	24,274,666
Difference between projected and		
actual investment earnings	-	794,644
Changes in proportion	926,100	177,883
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent		
to the measurement date	1,259,805	
Total	\$26,952,267	\$25,247,193
1001	\$20,302,201	\$20,211,100

The \$1,259,805 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	
December	Pension
31,	expense
2024	\$1,225,281
2025	407,324
2026	4,312,899
2027	(1,181,043)
2028	(4,319,192)
Thereafter	_ `

The net pension liability will be liquidated by the General, Public Utilities, Civic Arena, Aquatic Facility, and Community Center Funds.

E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.25% per year

Investment rate of return 7.00%

The long-term investment rate of return is based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.00% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the GERF and 1.00% for the PEPFF.

Salary growth assumptions in the GERF range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service. In the PEPFF, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for GERF were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for PEPFF were based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for GERF are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for GERF was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and become effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for PEPFF was completed in 2020 and adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.50% to 7.00%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million was contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.50% minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.50% to 7.00%.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.40% to 7.00%.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$19.4 million was contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50% vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100% after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.00% will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a
 psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term expected
Asset Class	Allocation	real rate of return
Domestic equity	33.5%	5.10%
International equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed income	25.0%	0.75%
Private markets	25.0%	5.90%
Total	100.0%	

F. DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF and PEPFF were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
Proportionate share of the			
GERF net pension liability	\$21,357,905	\$12,072,886	\$4,435,605
Proportionate share of the			
PEPFF net pension liability	\$34,256,307	\$17,265,246	\$3,296,321

H. PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at www.mnpera.org.

I. PENSION EXPENSE

Pension expense recognized by the City for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

GERF	\$1,983,303		
PEPFF	6,746,952		
Total	\$8,730,255		

J. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Four of the City's council members are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

The defined contribution plan consists of individual accounts paying lump sum benefits, plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses therefore, there is no future liability to the employer. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5% of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2% of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of 1% (.0025) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Pension expense for the year is equal to contributions made. Total contributions made by the City during fiscal year 2023 were:

Contribution Amount		Percentage of Covered Payroll		
Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Required Rate
\$2.001	\$2.001	5%	5%	5%

NOTE 13 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City provides a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical coverage. Medical coverage is administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield. It is the City's policy to periodically review its medical coverage, and to obtain requests for proposals in order to provide the most favorable benefits and premiums for City employees and retirees. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the plan provisions.

B. FUNDING POLICY

Retirees and their spouses contribute to the healthcare plan at the same rate as City employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Contribution requirements are established by the City, based on the contract terms with Blue Cross Blue Shield. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

C. MEMBERS

As of December 31, 2023, the following were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	45
Active employees	306
Total	351

D. CONTRIBUTIONS

Retirees contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as City employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Contribution requirements are established by the City, based on the contract terms with Blue Cross Blue Shield. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year 2023, the City contributed \$0 to the plan.

E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Key methods and assumptions used in valuation of total OPEB liability		
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of investment expense	
Salary increases	Varying based on service and contract group	
Inflation 2.50%		
Healthcare cost trend increases	6.50% in 2023 grading to 5.00% over 6 years and	
	then to 4.00% over the next 48 years	
Mortality Assumption	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-	
,	Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-	
2021 Generational Improvement Scale		

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation are drawn from the most recent four-year actuarial experience studies for the Public Employee Retirement Association of Minnesota Police and Fire Plan completed in 2020 and for the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota General Employees Plan completed in 2019 and a review of the inflation assumption.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using historical averages.

		Long-term expected real
Asset Class	Target	rate of return
MN State Board of Investment - OPEB Internal Equity Pool	100%	7.50%

The details of the investments and the investment policy are described in Note 3 of the City's financial statements. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the annual money-weighed rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 26.7%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

F. DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

G. CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY

	Increases (decreases)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Postion (b)	Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)
Balances at January 1, 2023	\$8,950,696	\$21,924,280	(\$12,973,584)
Changes for the year			
Service cost	433,521	-	433,521
Interest	657,308	-	657,308
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	4,418,675	_	4,418,675
Changes of assumptions	323,593	-	323,593
Employer contributions	, -	-	- -
Net investment income	-	5,854,977	(5,854,977)
Benefit payments	(1,263,064)	(1,263,064)	-
Administrative expense	-	(2,741)	2,741
Other charges			
Net changes	4,570,033	4,589,172	(19,139)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$13,520,729	\$26,513,452	(\$12,992,723)

H. OPEB LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the City's net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% as well as the liability measured using 1% lower and 1% higher than the current discount rate.

	1% decrease		1% increase
	(6.5%)	Current (7.5%)	(8.5%)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$12,033,132)	(\$12,992,723)	(\$13,849,930)

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower and 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% decrease		1% increase
	(5.25%	Current (6.25%	(7.25%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	4.00% then	5.00% then	6.00% then
	3.00%)	4.00%)	5.00%)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$14,061,220)	(\$12,992,723)	(\$11,758,913)

I. OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,085,036). At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	outflows of	inflows of
	resources	resources
Difference between projected and actual earnings		
on OPEB plan investments	\$ -	\$666,980
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,016,089	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions	287,779	450,837
Total	\$5,303,868	\$1,117,817
Total	\$5,303,868	\$1,117,817

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending			
December 31,	Total		
2024	\$197,773		
2025	624,873		
2026	1,599,157		
2027	(131,720)		
2028	710,410		
Thereafter	1,185,558		
Total	\$4,186,051		

NOTE 14 - TAX ABATEMENTS/TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

The City has entered into Tax Increment Financing agreements which meet the criteria for disclosure under *Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 Tax Abatement Disclosures.* The City's authority to enter into these agreements comes from *Minnesota Statute* 469. The City entered into these agreements for the purpose of economic development.

Under each agreement, the City and developer agree on an amount of development costs to be reimbursed to the developer by the City though tax revenues from the additional taxable value of the property generated by the development (tax increment). A "pay-as-you-go" note is established for this amount, on which the City makes payments for a fixed period of time with available tax increment revenue after deducting for certain administrative costs.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the City generated \$3,515,429 in tax increment revenue and made \$105,453 in payments to developers.

NOTE 15 - CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 2023, the following contract commitments existed:

Contract number	Contractor	Revised contract amount	Payments to date	Amount remaining
21-14	Minnesota Dirt Works Inc	\$213,393	\$75,522	\$137,871
22-02	OMG Midwest Inc	3,015,399	2,763,201	252,198
22-22	Pember Companies	1,937,300	103,906	1,833,394
23-06	Minnesota Dirt Works Inc	219,697	93,473	126,224
23-12	Blackstone Contractors	93,975	92,136	1,839
23-13	Pipe Services	160,025	-	160,025
23-15	Vortech Hydro Vac	33,671	30,811	2,860
23-16	SJB Masonry / Earth Word and Concret	196,322	115,799	80,523
23-17	RAK Construction	338,081	-	338,081
23-18	Red Cedar	484,140	361,399	122,741
23-19	Colorful Concepts	68,180	-	68,180
23-20	Arcade Electric	45,850	19,000	26,850
23-21	SOLitude Lake Management	55,434	-	55,434
	Nor-Son	11,990	11,391	599
	Total	\$6,873,457	\$3,666,638	\$3,206,819

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

There are various lawsuits pending in which the City is involved. The City estimates the potential claims against the City, not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation, would not materially affect the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2024, the City issued \$18,900,000 General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2024A to fund park improvements, including the Eagan Art House and Goat Hill Pavilion.

NOTE 18 - NEW STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) recently approved the following statements which were not implemented for these financial statements:

Statement No. 99 *Omnibus 2022.* The provisions of this Statement contain multiple effective dates, the next being for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102 *Certain Risk Disclosures.* The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024.

The effect these standards may have on future financial statements is not determinable at this time.

PROPOSAL FORM

Sale Date: February 18, 2025

TO: City of Eagan, Minnesota

C/O Northland Securities, Inc. 150 South 5th Street, Suite 3300 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402 Phone: 612-851-5900 Email: PublicSale@northlandsecurities.com For all or none of the \$19.370.000* General Obligation Bonds, Series 2025A, in accordance with the Notice of Sale, we will , (not less than \$19,176,300) plus accrued interest, if any, to date of delivery (estimated to be March 11, 2025) for fully registered Bonds bearing interest rates and maturing on February 1 as follows: <u>Interest</u> <u>Interest</u> Year Rate Rate Yield Yield Yield Year Year Rate 2027 2034 2041 2028 2035 2042 <u>%</u> <u>%</u> 2029 2036 2043 2030 % <u>%</u> 2044 <u>%</u> 2037 **%** % **% %** % % 2031 2038 2045 <u>%</u> % 2032 % 2039 % 2046 % <u>%</u> <u>%</u> % 2033 2040 True interest percentage: Net interest cost: \$ Term Bond Option: Bonds maturing in the years: To be accumulated into a Term Bond maturing in year: through ____ through ____ through through through This bid is a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds identified in the Notice of Sale, on the terms set forth in the bid form and the Notice of Sale, and is not subject to any conditions, except as permitted by the Notice of Sale. By submitting this bid, we confirm that we have an established industry reputation for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds. As set forth in the Notice of Sale, this bid shall not be cancelled in the event that the competitive sale requirements are not satisfied. The City may determine to apply the Hold-the-Offering-Price Rule to the Bonds (such terms are used as described in the Notice of Sale). We have received and reviewed the Preliminary Official Statement and have submitted our requests for additional information or corrections to the Official Statement. As Syndicate Manager, we agree to provide the City with the reoffering price of the Bonds within 24 hours of the bid acceptance. A Good Faith Deposit in the amount as stated in the Notice of Sale in the form of a federal wire transfer payable to the order of the City will only be required from the apparent winning bidder, and must be received within two hours after the receipt of the bids. Award of the Bonds will be on the basis of True Interest Cost (TIC). Account Members: Account Manager: The foregoing proposal is hereby duly accepted by and on behalf of the City of Eagan, Minnesota at 6:30 PM on February 18, 2025. Administrator Mayor

^{*} The City reserves the right to increase or decrease the principal amount of the Bonds. Any such increase or decrease will be made in multiples of \$5,000 and may be made in any maturity. If any maturity is adjusted, the purchase price will also be adjusted to maintain the same gross spread.